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Local counsel

Counsel for Plaintiffs, ANTONIO MOORE & YVETTE CARNELL

JUL 21 2022

MIDDLESEX SUPERIOR COURT COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

ANTONIO MOORE, YVETTE CARNELL

Plaintiffs,

VS.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, a corporation, HARVARD KENNEDY SCHOOL an individual, and DOES 1-100.

Defendants.

Case No.

77- 7830

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

- 1) Defamation
- 2) NEGLIGENT PUBLICATION
- 3) Intentional Infliction of EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
- Negligence
- 5) VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR AGENTS

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

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COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COME NOW, This is a civil action for damages sustained by the Plaintiffs, Antonio Moore & Yvette Carnell:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This tort action seeks compensatory damages from Defendants for violating various state laws in connection with the publishing, endorsing, and mass distribution of the Harvard Shorenstein Center of the Harvard Kennedy School product: "Disinformation creep: ADOS and the Strategic weaponization of breaking news," which occurred on January 18, 2021.
- 2. The above referenced product contains allegations of Plaintiffs engaging in widespread voter disinformation and suggestions of voter suppression; Ignoring Covid-19 and any potential impact on African-Americans; Using their platforms to disenfranchise Black Americans from voting for Democratic candidates at upcoming local and national elections; and implications of ties to Russian Disinformation.
- 3. Not only was contrary information widely available to prove those allegations as false, but requests for retractions were ignored for over a year while the authors used Harvard University and its established networks, credibility, and influence to Defame the Plaintiffs causing general and special damages.
- 4. Harvard University as well as each individual Defendant and DOES 1-100 failed its duty of reasonable care to ensure the truth and credibility of its Publication to third parties these allegations against the Plaintiffs without concerns for its accuracy or truth.
- 5. At all relevant times, Plaintiff, Antonio Moore ("Plaintiff/Moore") was an individual residing in the County of Los Angeles, California.

- 6. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Yvette Carnell ("Plaintiff/Carnell") was an individual residing in the County of Dekalb, Georgia.
- 7. At all relevant times, Defendants listed and **Does 1-100**, are believed to be residents of the County of Middlesex, Massachusetts.
- 8. Named Individual Defendants and DOES 1-100 are sued in their individual capacity as well.
- 9. In doing the acts and failing and omitting to act as hereinafter described, Defendants and DOES 1-100 were acting on the implied and actual permission and consent of Harvard University.
- 10. The true names of **Defendants DOES 1-100**, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiffs, who otherwise sue these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend this complaint to show the true names and capacity of these defendants when they have been ascertained. Each of the fictitiously-named defendants is responsible in some manner for the conduct or liabilities alleged herein.
- 11. At all times mentioned herein, each and every Defendant was the agent of each and every other defendant and had the legal duty to oversee and supervise the quality control, work product, conduct and employment of each and every defendant.

Tort Claim Allegations

12. Plaintiffs filed comprehensive and timely claims for damages against all Defendants listed and **DOES 1-100** to be named later.

PARTIES

13. The Plaintiff, Antonio Moore, ("Plaintiff, Moore") as an individual residing in Los Angeles, California.

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Local counsel

Counsel for Plaintiffs,
ANTONIO MOORE & YVETTE CARNELL

FILED
IN THE OFFICE OF THE
CLERK OF COURTS
FOR THE COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX

JUL 21 2022

The Street

MIDDLESEX SUPERIOR COURT COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

ANTONIO MOORE, YVETTE CARNELL

Plaintiffs,

VS.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, a corporation, HARVARD KENNEDY SCHOOL an individual, and DOES 1- 100.

Defendants.

Case No.

77- 7830

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

- 1) Defamation
- 2) NEGLIGENT PUBLICATION
- 3) INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
- 4) Negligence
- 5) Vicarious Liability for Agents

<u>DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL</u>

III

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COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COME NOW, This is a civil action for damages sustained by the Plaintiffs, Antonio Moore & Yvette Carnell:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This tort action seeks compensatory damages from Defendants for violating various state laws in connection with the publishing, endorsing, and mass distribution of the Harvard Shorenstein Center of the Harvard Kennedy School product: "Disinformation creep: ADOS and the Strategic weaponization of breaking news," which occurred on January 18, 2021.
- 2. The above referenced product contains allegations of Plaintiffs engaging in widespread voter disinformation and suggestions of voter suppression; Ignoring Covid-19 and any potential impact on African-Americans; Using their platforms to disenfranchise Black Americans from voting for Democratic candidates at upcoming local and national elections; and implications of ties to Russian Disinformation.
- 3. Not only was contrary information widely available to prove those allegations as false, but requests for retractions were ignored for over a year while the authors used Harvard University and its established networks, credibility, and influence to Defame the Plaintiffs causing general and special damages.
- 4. Harvard University as well as each individual Defendant and DOES 1-100 failed its duty of reasonable care to ensure the truth and credibility of its Publication to third parties these allegations against the Plaintiffs without concerns for its accuracy or truth.
- 5. At all relevant times, Plaintiff, Antonio Moore ("Plaintiff/Moore") was an individual residing in the County of Los Angeles, California.

- 6. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Yvette Carnell ("Plaintiff/Carnell") was an individual residing in the County of Dekalb, Georgia.
- 7. At all relevant times, Defendants listed and **Does 1-100**, are believed to be residents of the County of Middlesex, Massachusetts.
- 8. Named Individual Defendants and DOES 1-100 are sued in their individual capacity as well.
- 9. In doing the acts and failing and omitting to act as hereinafter described, Defendants and DOES 1-100 were acting on the implied and actual permission and consent of Harvard University.
- 10. The true names of **Defendants DOES** 1-100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiffs, who otherwise sue these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend this complaint to show the true names and capacity of these defendants when they have been ascertained. Each of the fictitiously-named defendants is responsible in some manner for the conduct or liabilities alleged herein.
- 11. At all times mentioned herein, each and every Defendant was the agent of each and every other defendant and had the legal duty to oversee and supervise the quality control, work product, conduct and employment of each and every defendant.

Tort Claim Allegations

12. Plaintiffs filed comprehensive and timely claims for damages against all Defendants listed and **DOES 1-100** to be named later.

PARTIES 1

13. The Plaintiff, Antonio Moore, ("Plaintiff, Moore") as an individual residing in Los Angeles, California.

- 14. The Plaintiff, Yvette Carnell, ("Plaintiff, Carnell") as an individual residing in Atlanta, Georgia.
- 15. The Defendant, HARVARD UNIVERSITY, ("Defendant, Harvard") is on information and belief a Massachusetts corporation with its principal place of business at 124 Mount Auburn Street, 2nd Floor, South Elevators, Cambridge, MA at Middlesex County, Massachusetts.
- 16. The Defendant, HARVARD KENNEDY SCHOOL, ("Defendant, Kennedy") is on information and belief a Massachusetts corporation with its principal place of business at 79 John F. Kennedy St, in Cambridge, MA in Middlesex County, Massachusetts.
- 17. The Defendant, SHORENSTEIN CENTER, ("Defendant, Shorenstein") is on information and belief a Massachusetts corporation with its principal place of business at 124 Mount Auburn Street, 2nd Floor, South Elevators in Cambridge, MA in Middlesex County, Massachusetts.
- 18. The Defendant, MOVEON, ("Defendant, MoveOn") is on information and belief a California corporation with its principal place of business at 1442 Walnut St 358 at Alameda County, California.
- 19. The Defendant, Mutale Nkonde ("Defendant, Nkonde") as an individual residing in Brooklyn, New York. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 20. The Defendant, Maria Rodriguez ("Defendant, Rodriguez") as an individual residing in Amherst, New York. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 21. The Defendant, Leonard Cortana ("Defendant, Cortana") as an individual residing in New York, New York. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.

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- 22. The Defendant, Joan Mukogosi ("Defendant, Mukogosi") as an individual residing in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 23. The Defendant, Shakira King ("Defendant, King") as an individual residing in Chicago, Illinois. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 24. The Defendant, Natalie Martinez ("Defendant, Martinez") as an individual residing in Austin, Texas. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 25. The Defendant, Ray Serrato ("Defendant, Serrato") as an individual residing in Los Angeles, California. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 26. The Defendant, Mary Drummer ("Defendant, Drummer") as an individual residing in Cleveland, Ohio. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 27. The Defendant, Ann Lewis ("Defendant, Lewis") as an individual residing in Washington, DC. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.
- 28. The Defendant, Mommin Malik ("Defendant, Malik") as an individual residing in Providence, Rhode Island. Listed Author of the Harvard Publication.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 29. This Court has original jurisdiction pursuant to M.G.L. c. 212, \S 4 and c. 223A \S 2 and 3.
- 30. Venue is proper in this Court under G.L. c. 222, § 1. because Defendants reside in this district, and all incidents, events, and occurrences giving rise to this action occurred in this County.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Harvard and Disinformation

31. California based Attorney Antonio Moore began broadcasting on YouTube and posting scholarly research to social media as well as personal opinions centered around the Black Experience. Moore is a lifelong democratic voter.

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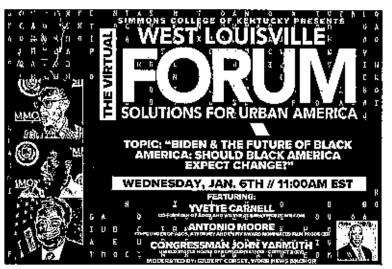
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- 32. Living in America through the lens of a young Black Attorney in search of the American Dream and the promise of a full United States citizen experience, Moore regularly posts to social media since on or about 2013 (year) and continues through the date of filing.
- 33. Moore's content (253 videos) has amassed over 12.4 million total views. on YouTube.
- 34. Carnell has a weekly show every Monday and Wednesday on YouTube called Breaking Brown. Carnell has amassed 17.8 million views on a total of 572 YouTube videos, Carnell worked as a Congressional aide to Democrats Senator Barbara Boxer and Congressman Robert Marion Berry. Carnell is a lifelong democratic voter.
- 35. Moore has written for the Huffington Post, VICE Sports, Fortune Magazine, ESPN Undefeated, and more, on issues of race and politics.
- Notable Projects featuring the Plaintiff include, the 2019 ADOS conference with Historically Black College/University Simmons College of Kentucky, the Angela Project with St. Stephens church of Louisville, and creating the current energy for the national reparations movement. As ADOS co-founders



Plaintiffs have traveled the country, engaging citizens in discussions around race and wealth. Plaintiffs have led multiple city wide. book readings inLouisville Kentucky, Titles include "Color of Law," "Color of Money" among other book titles.

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Plaintiff also partnered with Democratic congressman John Yarmuth, a cosponsor of the CARES act to discuss and address Black agenda items.

- 37. ADOS or American Descendants of Slavery is a term created by Yvette Carnell and Antonio Moore in or around late 2017. ADOS has been heavily in social media 2018 to present around the hash-tag #ADOS.
- 38. Part of the purpose of the ADOS movement is to provide opportunity and growth for a body of politics that focuses primarily on Black Americans who descended directly from United States Slavery and the Jim Crow Era.
- 39. In February of 2019 an ADOS logo was designed by Moore and Yvette Carnell and published as was a website under the domain ADOS101.com.
- 40. ADOS and #ADOS are the direct expression of the work product in form of shows and articles written and produced by Antonio Moore and Carnell over the course of nearly a decade. The two created the concepts from their work on wealth inequality, lineage, and more. ADOS is their voice and reputation expressed.
- 41. On February 22, 2019, Plaintiffs hosted Democratic presidential candidate Marianne Williamson on Moore's show to discuss the upcoming November 2020 election and Democratic party voting strategy. The show was filmed at DASH studios, broadcasted live on Moore's YouTube channel, and has amassed 33,000 views and counting.

Voter Disinformation Facts

42. On October 4, 2019, Plaintiffs held the inaugural ADOS conference. Historically Black College/University (HBCU) Simmons College of Kentucky in partnership with St. Stephens church a black church in Louisville, Kentucky hosted the conference. The event featured Democratic Congressman John Yarmuth, Democratic Presidential candidate Marianne Williamson, and Dr. Cornel West.

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- Plaintiffs stated the national position for the ADOS movement was to be active in voting in the 2020 election. Plaintiffs also made clear the strategy was to vote down ballot Democrat if the agenda items [ADOS] set forth were not addressed.
- 44. According to the New York Times, over 1,000 people attended this national conference.1 The New York Times sent a reporter and photographer across country to attend the inaugural ADOS conference.
- All conference guest-lecturers were left leaning progressives, with both John Yarmuth and Marianne Williamson being part of the Democratic Party.
- 46. The goal of the conference was to leverage the position of Black voters and to secure commitments from the eventual presidential nominee.
- 47. Down-ballot Democratic voting strategy consists of voting Democrat across the voting options while leaving the presidential choice open. Said strategy allows Black voters to leverage their power as the base of the Democratic party without handing their votes to the Republican party, nor abstaining from the election process.

¹ Stockman, Farrah "Deciphering ADOS: A New Social Movement or Online Trolls?" New York Times 11/13/2019 https://www.nytimes.com/2019/11/13/reader-center/sievery-descendants-ados.html

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- 49. Harvard and the papers authors were fully aware of the aforementioned ABC news article. Accordingly, Defendants were on notice that ADOS, Carnell and Moore's position was in support of the Democratic party.
- 50. Indeed, the Harvard Disinformation Paper cited to this same ABC news article. Defendants knew the purpose of the voting down-ballot strategy proposed

ABC NEWS ARTICLE

ADOS is also intent on sending a

controversial message during the 2020 elections, which it pushed during the October conference -- proposing a strategy of voting down-ballot Democrat unless the Democratic nominee advances what Moore calls a 'black agenda" -- a tactic that at least one Pew Research study suggests helped affect the outcome in 2016, and the election of Republican President Donald Trump.

And it's a move that runs counter to
Democrat-led efforts to protect voters'
rights, particularly of historically
disenfranchised groups like Black
Americans. House Democrats recently
passed legislation that would shore up
voting rights and reduce gerrymandering.

1/20 ABC News Article states the ADOS position was Down Ballot Democrat

- We document how the ADOS
 network leverages Black identity and breaking
 news to implicitly or explicitly support autiBlack political groups and causes,
 strategically discouraging Black voters from
 voting for the Democratic party.
- The ADOS network has remained largely silent about the impact of the novel coronavirus on Black communities, undermining its claims to prioritize the

• We give the name assignmation creep to this method of combining legitimate grievances along with slight factual distortions and reinterpretations of breaking news events that culminate in a contradictory worldview, at odds with the interests the worldview purports to support.

1/21 Harvard Misinformation Paper states ADOS discouraged Black voters from voting for the Democratic party

² Lynn, Sanara "Controversial group ADOS divides black Americans in fight for economic equality". ABC News 01/19/2020 https://abcnews.co.com/US/controversial-group-ados-divides-black-americans-fight-economic/story?id=66832680

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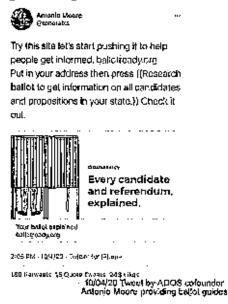
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by Plaintiffs was to advance a Black agenda. Despite this knowledge, the Defendants fraudulently reframed the Plaintiffs' position as "discouraging Black voters from voting for the Democratic Party" to purposefully depict Plaintiffs inaccurately. Defendants purposefully omitted Plaintiffs' actual position.

- 51. In this same ABC article, Plaintiffs further clarified ADOS' vision is inclusive in that it would benefit all black people, not just ADOS. Despite citing this exact ABC News article, the Harvard Kennedy School ignored and omitted key facts.
- Defendants Disinformation paper contained an oppositional and 52. unsupported position, which included insinuations of Russian disinformation and claims of xenophobia. Defendants had no evidence to support such claims.
- 53. The effect of Defendants' purposeful omissions has allowed readers to create their own inferences based on Harvard's fraudulent misrepresentations because of Harvard's reputation. Because it is Harvard, readers would likely infer truth or at least due diligence on the part of Harvard.
- As illustrated in the below block quote from the Harvard Disinformation Paper on ADOS, the authors broadly discuss background on Russian disinformation and tie it to ADOS and Plaintiffs. Defendants claim that it is "natural" to suspect" ADOS of being propped up by Russian activity. Further, the citations used to support this allegation (Alba 2020 or Ward et al 2020) do not make any mention or reference to ADOS.

Russian campaigns are likely indifferent to whether they help or hurt Black Americans, although the involvement likely helped a struggle for justice in the 1930s but hurt Black Americans in 2016. It is then natural to suspect ADOS of being propped up by Russian activity like similar campaigns in 2016 (Alba, 2020; Ward et al., 2020).

55. On June 20, 2020, lead author of the Harvard Kennedy School ADOS Disinformation paper, Mutale Nkonde, spoke at Stanford Center on Philanthropy and Civil Society (Stanford PACS) in a Stanford PACS presentation. In her presentation, Defendant Nkonde stated the position of ADOS and Plaintiffs was to vote down ballot for specific demands. Nkonde's presentation and acknowledgment of ADOS strategy occurred a full six months before the Harvard Disinformation paper was published.



56. On October 4, 2020, one month before the 2020 Presidential election Plaintiff Moore tweeted a ballot explainer to inform Black Americans generally and ADOS followers more specifically about local, state and national voting options nationwide. This online "explainer" broke down all elections nationwide and is pictured to the left.

COVID-19 Disinformation Facts

57. Directly contrary to the claims of the Harvard Disinformation Paper, Moore was among the first in the Black community to distribute responsible and accurate information about COVID-19.

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On February 28, 2020, Eurweb, a black media site with hundreds of thousands of followers covered Antonio Moore's show entitled "Coronavirus (COVID-19) Explained – How to Make Sure You're Prepared." ³ This coverage occurred nearly one year prior to the publication of the Harvard Disinformation

Rashidbelike @Rashidbelike · Mar 12, 2020

That feeling you get when you actually listened to @tonetalks & @BreakingBrown so now your family got water, N95/3M masks 2 hand Generators.

Paper and one month after the first U.S.

#Coronavirus #Covid19 Explained - How to make sure you're prepared. youtu.be/th8AAxUFjlA via @YouTube

laboratoryconfirmed case of COVID-19 in the United States.





- The 'Coronavirus Explained' video has over 21,000 views. Plaintiff Moore discussed COVID-19 concerns specifically for the African American community. Plaintiff also implored people to be safe and explained how to prepare responsibly.
- The show was among the first in the Black community to report on COVID-19. In the video Plaintiff referenced information from scientist at the time as reported on NPR, The Guardian, and Slate among others.

Sturpub "WATCH: Coronavirus (Covid-19) Explained - How to Make Sure You're Prepared," Eurwob 02/2020 https://eurweb.com/2020/02/28/watch-coronavirus-cuvid-19-explained-hnw-ta-make-sure-youre-prepared/

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This same video was further circulated on St. Stephen Church's online television network. St. Stephen Church is the largest African American Church in Kentucky with over 15,000 members. St. Stephen's used Plaintiff's explanatory Coronavirus video to inform their congregation about COVID-19.



Thank you @kizzyphd for showing. how #ados Black America can lead. in the right against #covid19. "Scientist Kizzmekia Corbett leads the way on COVID-19 vaccine trials with dedication and humor" Love to set up an Interview.



The women leading COVID-19 vaccine trials is 'not your average pocket-protector scientist' nhanews.com

6:56 PM - 4/12/20 - Twitter for iPhone

ili Vlew Tweet acsivity.

041250 Years by ADOS colocusts Anion o Moore on Coylo-19

On April 12, 2020, Antonio Moore tweeted using the #ADOS and #Covid19 hashtag and continued to inform the ADOS community and Black America how to protect themselves against the threat of COVID-19.

64. On November 2, 2022, Plaintiff Carnell tweeted to inform her audience the CDC Director discussed the COVID Vaccine.

65. In Plaintiff Moore's April 17, 2020 show entitled "Due to Covid-19 Unemployment is Rising, the Stimulus is Late & Some May Not Get it At All. Are we Prepared?,"4 Plaintiff discussed COVID-

19 in detail. Plaintiff discussed the coronavirus stimulus roll out and the impact it had on American families. Plaintiff Moore's show was once again covered on the popular Black media site, Eurweb.

66. On June 20, 2020, lead author of the Harvard Kennedy School ADOS Disinformation paper Mutale Nkonde spoke at Stanford Center on Philanthropy and Civil Society (Stanford PACS).

Burpub "Due to Covid-19 Unemployment is Rising, the Stimulus is Late & Some May Not Get it At All. Are we Prepared? (WATCH)" Burcb 04/17/20 https://eurweb.com/2020/04/17/due-m-covid_19-unemptoyment-is-rising-the-stimulus-is-late-some-may-not-eet-it-ut-all-are-weprepared-watch/

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- 67. In her presentation⁵, Nkonde shared her work on "disinformation creep" or the use of coronavirus disinformation to sow resentment and distrust of government among Black communities, with the aim of reducing Black voter turnout and further disenfranchisement of communities of color. Nkonde targeted ADOS and specifically mentioned Plaintiffs, Moore and Carnell by name. Nkonde asserted ADOS and Plaintiff directly participated in "disinformation creep."
- 68. During this same June 2020 Stanford PACS speech, Harvard Kennedy School Disinformation paper's lead author Mutale Nkonde explicitly admitted she knew the ADOS movement was active in COVID-19 discussions prior to June of 2020. However, six months later on January 18, 2021 Nkonde purposefully and fraudulently omitted all facts she knew of ADOS discussing COVID-19 when she





"Attorney Antonio Moore discusses the

Coronavirus aka Covid-19 and how to 2/20 Eurweb Article Tonetalks Show & ADOS group discuss Covid and its impect on Black America

ESSAY SUMMARY HARVARD PAPER

of tweets from Twitter accounts that used the #ADOS hasktag, using a combination of 534 thousand scraped tweets and 1.36 million tweets from the Twitter firehose, between November 2019 and September 2020.

- We document how the ADOS
 network leverages Black identity and breaking
 news to implicitly or explicitly support antiBlack political groups and causes,
 strategically discouraging Black voters from
 voting for the Democratic party.
- The ADOS network has remained largely slicer about the impact of the novel coronavirus on Black communities, undermining its claims to prioritize the interests of Black Americans.
- We give the name dishifurnation creep to this
 method of combining legitimate gelevances
 along with alight factual disturtions and
 rejuterpretations of breaking news events.

1/21 Harvard Misinformation Paper states ADOS remained largely silent about coronavius impact on Blacks

³ Stanford PACS "Protecting the Black vote during Covid 19" 06/20/2020 https://digitalimpact.jo/tace-tech-civil-society-protectine-the-black-yote-during-covid19/

published in the Harvard Disinformation paper that ADOS was "largely silent about the impact of the novel coronavirus on black communities..."

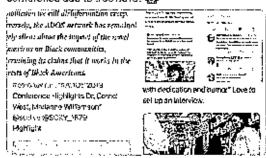
Release Of The Document

- 69. On January 18, 2021, Harvard Shorenstein Center of the Harvard Kennedy School published: "Disinformation Creep: ADOS And The Strategic Weaponization Of Breaking News." As part of their Special Issue on Disinformation in the 2020 Elections.
- 70. The Authors are listed as: MUTALE NKONDE Center for the Study of Ethnicity and Race, Columbia University, MARIA Y. ROĐRIGUEZ School of Social Work, University at Buffalo, LEONARD CORTANA Tisch School of the Arts, New York University, JOAN K. MUKOGOSI Liberal Studies, New York University, SHAKIRA KING AI for the People, RAY SERRATO MoveOn, NATALIE MARTINEZ MoveOn, MARY DRUMMER MoveOn, ANN LEWIS MoveOn, MOMIN M. MALIK MoveOn, Guest-edited by Dr. Ann Crigler (Professor of Political Science, USC) and Dr. Marion R. Just (Professor Emerita of Political Science, Wellesley College).

Demand for Retraction Facts

71. On January 21, 2021, three days after the release of "Disinformation Creep: ADOS And The Strategic Weaponization Of Breaking News," Plaintiffs and ADOS made informal demands for retraction via Twitter.

Understand the Inaccuracy in your paper ©Harvard @Kermedy_School @ShorensteinCtr. #ados was discussing Coronavirus under #Covid19, Your paper literally doesn't pickup these tweets because they use the virus afternate name. We cancelled our #ados conference due to #covid19. \$\frac{\partial}{28} \times^{\partial}\$



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CU20/21 Tweel by ADOS cofounder Antonio Moore polithing Hinvard Kneedy School, Shergisto'n Ceylur, and Harvard of paper inaccuration

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WATCH AND SHARE - @fceCube & @Tonetalks Tslx Meeting with President Joe Siden & the Untruthful @Harvard @ShorzasteinOtr @Kennedy_School #ados Research Paper - Watch Full Show Here: youtu.be/slgGZLYglbw



02/1921 1webt by Alžicks corbunder.

On February 11, 2021, Plaintiff 72. Moore once again demanded retraction by Harvard via his YouTube platform. The show was covered by Black media site Eurweb.6 And has over 33,000 views with thousands more that watched and interacted on the live chat.

Plaintiff Moore demanded 73. retraction again when he reposted his

show on Twitter and directly tagged Defendants in his tweet. Moore tweeted his show to Shorenstein Center, Harvard Kennedy School, and Harvard and notified them of the errors with the Harvard Kennedy School Disinformation paper.

On June 30, 2021, Plaintiffs formally requested a retraction. Said retraction request was sent directly to Harvard Kennedy School's Shorenstein Center, of which, Harvard Shorenstein recognized receipt in their internal review.

Further Instances of Disinformation

Despite the Plaintiffs expressing clear condolences for the passing of Chadwick Bozeman the actor who played Black Panther, the Harvard paper referenced them as "silent on the actors passing." On August 28, 2020, Moore tweeted on his passing saying "Deep condolences to his family for their loss, Black Panther Star Chadwick Boseman dies of cancer at 43." Carnell also tweeted condolences including the hashtag #ADOS. Despite this the Harvard ADOS

⁶ Eurpub "Ice Cube & Tonetalks Talk Meeting with President Joe Biden & the Untruthful Harvard Research Paper (WATCH)" 92/11/22. https://eurweb.com/2021/02/11/ice-cube-tonetalks-talk-meeting-with-president-joe-biden-the-untruthful-harvard-research-paper-watch/linear-paper-[†] ADOS Foundation "Smear-Reviewed: a Response from the ADOS Advocacy Foundation-to Harvard Kennedy School's Disinformation creep" 06/30/2021 https://adosFoundation.org/media/2021/06/ADOS Harvard Rebuttal SmearReviewed.pdf



Deep condolences to his family for their loss, "Black Panther" star Chadwick Boseman dies of cancer at 43"



'Black Panther' star Chaowick Boseman dies of cancer at 43 abonews.go.com

10:40 PM - 8/28/20 - Tylitter for iPhone

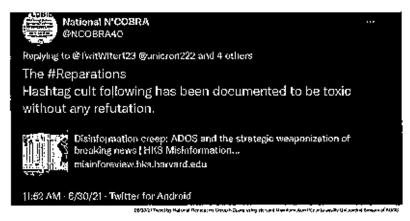
77 Retributs 3 Quote Tweets 349 Likes

Disinformation Paper directly attacked Plaintiffs Antonio Moore and Carnell passing off a tweet 4 days later and omitting this tweet. The Disinformation Paper stated "his passing on August 28, 2020, barely registered in the ADOS conversation" totally ignoring the August 28, 2020 tweet by Moore that had 349 likes and the tweets by Carnell.

76. In and around

March 2021, Kamm Howard National Male Co-chair of NCobra and NAARC commissioner appeared as a guest on the show "Muwakkalli's World." N'Cobra and NAARC are preeminent Black reparations movements.

77. The co-chair and commissioner relied on Harvard's disinformation paper and declared on a public platform that ADOS engaged in a disinformation campaign with a primarily antiblack motive.⁸



78. On June 30, 2021, Reparations group National N'Cobra, relying on the legitimacy of Harvard, further circulated

^{*} Muwakkilis World "WIIFTB presents Muwakillis World" 56:40 03/24/21 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=phJvp4mS1BU

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Harvard Disinformation paper; stating the paper proves ADOS and Plaintiff were "toxic without refutation."

- 79. Harvard Kennedy School ADOS Disinformation paper was used to attack the ADOS movement and founders Yvette Carnell and Antonio Moore via citation in a paper by the Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA).9
- 80. Harvard Kennedy School's ADOS Disinformation paper was taught by Professor Francesca Tripodi in the University of North Carolina Class "Disinformation and Society" in or around 2021.
- 81. At NO POINT prior to the publication did any of the Defendants contact Plaintiff about the article's accuracy.

ADOS Disinformation Paper Review Facts

³ Alwayor, Jessica Ann "The Danger of ADOS: How Disinformation Campaigns Threaten Reparations and Pan-African Movements through Digital Media" 2021 https://coherent-commons.s3.amazonaws.com/artifacts/artifact/img/a1675b72-6f8e-4376-b05b-990c70fd584d.png

Tripodi, Francesca "Disinformation and Society" UNC 2021 https://ils.unc.edu/courses/2021_fall/inls690_290/INLS%20690%20Syllabus+Fall%202021+Tripodi.pdf

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82. On July 7, 2021, Darren Linvell, a member of the Harvard Kennedy



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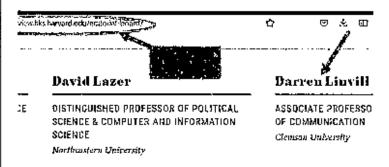
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Derren Linvill @DerrepLinvill - Jul 7, 2025

Really? How and when did (do this? I had no reason to because (actually agree with you on the HKS piece.

If I had possessed any knowledge or influence (and I had neither) I would have scruelly recommended rejecting the piece.

School's Misinformation Review Editorial Board, admitted via twitter he would have recommended rejecting the ADOS disinformation paper.



83. In and around August 2021 Harvard commissioned an internal and external review of the Harvard Kennedy School ADOS

Disinformation paper in response to ADOS request for retraction.

84. The internal review was conducted and submitted August 7, 2021 by Alexei Abrahams, Ph.D., Data Scientist at the Harvard Kennedy School. In summary he found:

In summary, while the rebuttal draws on some evidence from outside of the study's data collection period, I generally find their (ADOS) criticisms to be justified. The argument by Nkonde et al 2021 appears to rely entirely on subjective interpretations of a handful of tweets tweeted by the ADOS movement's founders, Yvette Carnell and Antonio Moore. While these interpretative claims occur within an atmosphere of scientific method and big data, the role of these data and methods is never clarified, leaving the reader to wonder if they factored in at all.\(\frac{11}{2}\)

¹¹ Abrahams, Alexei "Internal Review-Harvard Disinformation Paper" https://misinforcyiew.hks.hgrvard.edu/wp-pontent/uploads/2021/12/internal_review.pdf

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- 85. The external review which was submitted ten days later August 18, 2021 by Bruce Desmarais, Ph.D., Professor of Political Science, at Penn State University. Dr. Desmarais also found the Harvard Disinformation paper's authors claims were unsupported.
- 86. Despite these August internal and external reviews, which illustrated that retraction was necessary, Defendants waited an additional four months, until late December to formally retract the paper. Defendants did so without any regard to the continued damage to Plaintiffs' reputations. Defendants chose to release the retraction on December 20, 2021, when much of the media and many others are occupied preparing for the Holidays.
- 87. Mutale Nkonde and other authors of the ADOS Harvard Kennedy School Disinformation Paper cherry picked tweets to support a fraudulent and baseless position surrounding Carnell, Moore and the ADOS movement. Defendants omitted key facts from the ABC news article, which showed Plaintiffs and ADOS were in support of the Democratic Party. Defendants omitted the Eurweb coverage on Plaintiffs, which showed Plaintiffs informed Black Americans about COVID-19.
- 88. In or around August of 2021 authors of the Harvard Disinformation paper drafted a collective response.¹² The response repeated the paper's errors and added additional evidence, which demonstrated Defendants lack of understanding regarding the underlying purpose and motivations of the ADOS movement.
- 89. In their response to the Shorenstein commissioned internal and external reviews, Defendants admitted that they did not look beyond the cherry picked tweets of Plaintiffs because it would take longer, "...we did not do a systematic analysis of content here because it would have taken much longer, and we prioritized making timely findings."

¹² Nkonde, Mutale et al. "Response to Internal & External Reviews" September 2021 https://retractionwatch.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/12/Nkonde-et-al-Response-to-the-Misinformation-Review.pdf

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90. The Harvard Kennedy School ADOS Disinformation paper did not receive proper review but was released by Harvard Kennedy School. The paper was held out as a research paper despite the very little to no research involved in its publication.



People (AFP) is a nonprofit communications firm, whose mission is to add a racial justice analysis to all discussions about tech. Prior to starting All for the People, Nkonde worked in Al Governance, During that time, she was part of the team that introduced the Algorithmic Accountability Act, the DEEP FAKES Accountability Act, and the No Biometric Barriers to Housing Act to the US House of Representatives.

In 2021 Nkonde was the lead author of Disinformation. Creep: ADO\$ and the Weaponization of Breaking News, Harvard Kennedy School Misinformation Review, this detailed the findings from computational. analysis that informed the development of an online. Intervention against a disinformation campaign. targeting Black voters during the 2020 US Presidential Election. All for the People recently co-produced a film. with Amnesty International to support the ban the scarcompaign, a global pitch to ban facial recognition. She was most recently featured in CNN's United Shades of America where she discussed techno racism, which describes how technical the system we use in our everyday live become encoded with racial bias.

 Lead author Mutale Nkonde has biographies posted online that still reference the retracted Harvard Kennedy School ADOS paper, yet does not mention that the paper was in fact retracted. One such is posted on the Council on Foundation

website, where Nkonde is on the board of directors.

- 92. On December 20, 2021, nearly a full year after publishing the Harvard Kennedy School ADOS Disinformation paper, Harvard Kennedy School retracted the ADOS Disinformation paper citing a "failure in their editorial" process." Retraction was partly due to the fact that the paper contained certain conclusions, which were declared unreliable or invalid.
- 93. According to science.org, "retractions appear to be relevantly rare involving only two of every 10,000 papers."14

¹³ Harvard Shorenstein Center "Retraction note to: Disinformation creep: ADOS and the strategic weaponization of breaking news" Harvard Kennedy School 12/20/21 https://misinforeview.hks.harvard.edg/article/retraction-note-to-disinformation-croep-ados-and-the-strategicweaponization-of-breaking-news/

¹⁴ Brainard, Jeffrey & Lou, Jia Science org "What a mussive database of retracted papers reveals about science publishing's 'death ponalty" Science.org 10/25/2018 https://www.science.org/content/article/what-massive-database-retracted-papers-reveals-about-science-publishing-sdeath-penalty

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This retraction by the Harvard Kennedy School did not include a formal apology to Plaintiffs nor ADOS. The retraction came nearly a year after informal notice of fraudulent errors with the Harvard ADOS disinformation paper. And the retraction came six months after formal request for retraction and apology. The retraction was nearly fourth months after completion of internal and external reviews.

the strategic

The authors of the Harvard Kennedy School ADOS paper admitted in

Baront Kennely Salmat Michigana Barilleriani Jenup 2021. Vihere I. Spettal Barona IS England Reside Coveran Alfachian Ulbermahran (KC IS) of Payatis and personatora mist ferrotras Pain Lamandock 1886 (1998) (1998) 2018 (1998) (2018) 1895 (1998) (1998) (2018) (2018) 1895 (1998) (1998) (2018) (1998) HARVARD PAPER

Disinformation creep: ADOS weaponization of breaking news

In this essay, we control of descriptive content analysis from a complet of a dataset made up of \$34 fluutable coped leavent, supplemented with cases to 1.16 million layer? From the Politer Involves, from auxiliary for useful for the following from a complete of the following from a complete of the following from the politer following from auxiliary following from the fol

HKS AUTHORS

RESPONSE TO RETRACTION FINDINGS

The exploratory phase of this study, which set the groundwork for the manne in nunscion. adhered to the fellowing analytic procesure.

- 1. Each week, the research team used the Twitter REST API to gather tweets using a number of ADCIS hashrags, faciliding #ViceOownReller, #ADOS, riNeADDSonder1k (a follower building hashtog for BADOS off Dated handles, and BRegarations New, We also looked at top BADOS public users in specific geographic focations in the United States and made API calls to collect their timelines each week, in addition to making API calls to sparch the specific geographic locations for the above mentioned heatings. These various AFI calls began on E/13/20 and concluded 11/11/20,
- Whitin each week's API call, we conducted a number of descriptive analyses, including: frequency counts per day/hour; analysis of most shared links; most liked tweets; top tweeters; a birefinetwork analyses of top tweeters; cap hashtags, tap monitions; top Iweeting locations; word network analysis of all tweets for the week; and a superficial
- Following descriptive statistits, if pullicient tweets igneerer than 15,000) were pulled within a given week, we conducted an STM analysis of tweets for that week. The STM. analysis did not specify any prevalence variables, though sufficient data are collected via the REST API to make jurther analysis possible for all weeks

their response to the retraction they did not conclude the exploratory phase of research for the paper until November 11, 2020. Yet, Harvard Kennedy School Shorenstein center published that the paper's peer review was completed on November 30, 2020. This is despite the Harvard Kennedy School's declaration that the average cycle of review "from submission to publication" takes about 98 days. 15

In addition, the Harvard Kennedy School Misinformation Review journal statistics depicted the misinformation review board as having a rigorous

¹⁵ Chtena, Natscha "Our Journal Statistics for 2021" Harvard University Shorenstein Center 02/28/22 https://misinforeview.hks.hurvard.edu/article/our-journal-statistics-for-2021/

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process with only a 34% acceptance rate generally. They further say 0% of submissions were accepted after initial review. And 21% were accepted after a first review and 13% after a second or third revision.

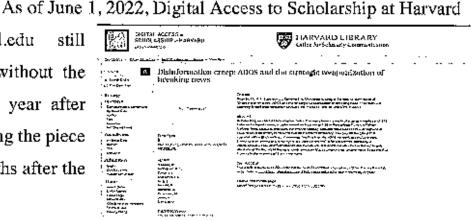
In Conclusion

- Harvard Kennedy School and the misinformation review; effectively used and weaponized the vague concept of misinformation to actually and fraudulently, and perhaps purposely misinform anyone that would read this academic paper to damage the reputations of the Plaintiffs in irreparable ways.
- The Harvard Kennedy School ADOS Disinformation paper has 98. caused immeasurable harm to the Plaintiffs. Defendants Harvard Kennedy School ignored their error for nearly a full year. And even now authors are speaking about the paper in presentations without admitting to their failure.
- On December 15, 2021 lead author Mutale Nkonde wrote her own personal reply to the retraction stating culpability for any errors should be jointly shared between the authors and Harvard Kennedy School. Stating "This paper passed peer review and the Review accepted the paper so accountability for any inaccuracies must be jointly shared between journal and author," 16
- 100. Despite retraction by Harvard Kennedy School after both and internal and external reviews commissioned by the Shorenstein Center [lead author Nkonde] stated in her response to those reviews. "We stand by our efforts and learnings..."
 - 101. Even after the article retraction, the lead author is traveling and

Nkonde, Mutale "Letter responding to Harvard Review" 12/15/21 https://retractionwatch.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/12/Mutale-Nkonde-Letter-tu-Misinfo-Review-1.pdf

speaking using the paper as a source. See presentation by Mutale Nkonde at Universitat Hamburg of Germany¹⁷. In the presentation that comes nearly a month after the retraction, lead author Mutale Nkonde wildly makes the same unfounded arguments alluding to the retraction not being based on fraud and gross negligence but rather oddly speaks of her own race and gender despite all the facts pointing to the Harvard Kennedy School Disinformation paper largely being retracted because it was fraudulent.

aka dash.harvard.edu still listed the article without the retraction. Over a year after originally publishing the piece and over five months after the retraction.



History of connection of Moveon.org and the Democratic Party.

103. Despite a clear conflict that is noted at the very bottom of the Harvard Kennedy School ADOS paper, Harvard allowed Moveon, a nonprofit, which strongly supports the Democratic party to play a main role in creating and publishing this fraudulent paper. Moveon supplied salaries to five of the ten authors during the project. Moveon.org and it's staff was able to use the prestige of Harvard

¹⁷ Universitat Hamburg "Nuhady Understands: Why we Need Intersectional Approaches to Protect Black Women Online" 01/05/22 https://lecture2go.uni-hamburg.de/l2ga/-/gat/v/60402

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and the veil of academic rigor that Harvard has admitted in their retraction was never met due to a "failure in their editorial process" to defame Plaintiffs.

104. This civil action seeks compensatory damages from Defendants for violating various rights under the United States Constitution and state law in connection with the Negligent and Defamatory publication concerning the Plaintiff, included in the Harvard Shorenstein Center of the Harvard Kennedy School of Government product: "Disinformation Creep: ADOS And The Strategic Weaponization Of Breaking News," which occurred on Date January 18, 2021.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF DEFAMATION

(By Harvard University, Authors And DOES 1-100)

- 105. The Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporate those allegations by reference with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 106. Defendants and **DOES 1-100** acted to publish multiple false and defamatory statements of and concerning the Plaintiffs to a third party.
- 107. Defendants and DOES 1-100 knew the statement was false; OR acted in reckless disregard as to whether the statement was true or false; OR acted negligently in failing to ascertain whether the statement was true or false before publishing it.
- 108. As a result of the conduct of Defendants and DOES 1-100 the defamatory statement caused the Plaintiffs economic loss, constituted libel, and prejudiced the Plaintiffs' profession or business.

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109. The conduct of Defendant and DOES 1-100 was willful, wanton, malicious, and done with reckless disregard for the truth, rights of the Plaintiff and therefore warrants the imposition of damages.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs demands judgment and damages against the Defendants, Harvard University, et al, jointly and severally in a sum to be determined at trial, but sufficient to meet the jurisdictional requirements of this Honorable Court, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF NEGLIGENT PUBLICATION

(By Harvard University, Authors And DOES 1-100)

- 110. The Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporate those allegations by reference with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 111. Defendants published a defamatory statement as a result of the Defendants failure to exercise the degree of care in determining whether the statement was true or false that would be exercised by a reasonably prudent person in the same or similar circumstances.
- 112. The Defendants did not act reasonably in checking the truth or falsity of the statement before publishing it using customs and practices within the profession under the circumstances.
- 113. As a result of the foregoing, the Plaintiffs, suffered emotional distress, loss of enjoyment of his life, embarrassment, loss of reputation, and loss of earning capacity.
- 114. The conduct of Defendant and **DOES 1-100** was willful, wanton, malicious, and done with reckless disregard for the truth, rights of the Plaintiffs' and therefore warrants the imposition of damages.

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WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs demands judgment and damages against the Defendants, Harvard University, et al, jointly and severally in a sum to be determined at trial, but sufficient to meet the jurisdictional requirements of this Honorable Court, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(By Harvard University, Authors And DOES 1-100)

- 115. The Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporate those allegations by reference with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 116. Defendants and **DOES 1-100** intended to inflict emotional distress, or knew or should have known that emotional distress was likely to result from their conduct.
- 117. The Defendant's and DOES 1-100 conduct was extreme and outrageous, was beyond all possible bounds of decency and was utterly intolerable in a civilized society.
 - 118. The Defendants' conduct caused the Plaintiffs' emotional distress.
- 119. The emotional distress suffered by the Plaintiffs was severe and of a nature that no reasonable person could be expected to endure it.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs demands judgment and damages against the Defendants, Harvard University, et al, jointly and severally in a sum to be determined at trial, but sufficient to meet the jurisdictional requirements of this Honorable Court, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

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NEGLIGENCE

(By Harvard University, Authors And DOES 1-100)

- 120. The Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporate those allegations by reference with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 121. Defendants and DOES 1-100 have a duty to use reasonable care to prevent harm or injury to others.
- 122. Defendants and DOES 1-100 failed to use reasonable care under all circumstances, and thus breached this duty of care.
- 123. Defendants and **DOES 1-100** failure to use reasonable care was a cause of Plaintiff's injury or harm.
- 124. Plaintiffs' bring this claim individually and seeks general and special damages, in an amount to be determined at trial.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs demand judgment and damages against the Defendants, Harvard University, et al, jointly and severally in a sum to be determined at trial, but sufficient to meet the jurisdictional requirements of this Honorable Court, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR AGENTS

(By Harvard University, Authors And DOES 1-100)

- 125. The Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporate those allegations by reference with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 126. As a result of their conduct, Defendants and DOES 1-100 are liable for PLAINTIFFS injuries and harm, either because they were integral participants in the misconduct, or because they failed to intervene to prevent these violations.

- 128. The conduct of Individual Defendants and Does 1-100 are considered agents as someone authorized by the person who hires the agent to act on the principal's behalf and for the principal's benefit. This relationship can be either express or implied from circumstances of a situation.
- 129. Once the agency is established, knowledge of the agent of certain facts learned within the scope of its agency can be imputed to the principal. This means that the principal can be held to know things which are told to [his/her] agent, and any facts disclosed to or learned by the agents during their scope of engagement can be imputed to the principal and deemed to have been within [his/her] knowledge.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs demand judgment and damages against the Defendants, Harvard University, et al, jointly and severally in a sum to be determined at trial, but sufficient to meet the jurisdictional requirements of this Honorable Court, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs demand judgment and damages against the Defendants, Harvard University, et. al, jointly and severally in a sum to be determined at trial, but sufficient to meet the jurisdictional requirements of this Honorable Court, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs pray that this Honorable Court enter the following relief:

a. Enter judgement on each Count of the Complaint

- b. Determine the amount of damages suffered by the Plaintiffs on each Count of the Complaint.
- c. That the Plaintiffs be awarded reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- d. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem reasonable.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL AS TO ALL CLAIMS SO TRIABLE

Plaintiffs hereby demands a trial by jury as to all claims and issues so triable.

Dated: July 1, 2022

Respectfully Submitted,
By its attorneys

FILER | PALMER, LLP

Ву:

Lance M. Filer (SBN. 284189)

 $R_{V'}$

Paige S. Poupart (SBN. 343547)

Justin A. Palmer (SBN, 270857)

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COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES