#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN GREEN BAY DIVISION

RENEE LANGE,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CITY OF OCONTO, CITY OF OCONTO FALLS, ) Case No. CR 18-821 ) Green Bay, Wisconsin

> September 23, 2020 8:32 a.m.

) DAY 3 OF 3 Defendants. )

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#### TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL

BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM C. GRIESBACH UNITED STATES SENIOR DISTRICT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff:

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Proceedings recorded stenographically remotely via Zoom, transcript produced by computer aided transcription.

#### APPEARANCES CONT'D:

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Certified ASL Interpreters:

Maria Kielma, Sandy Peplinski

		Lovering/Direct Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020
	1	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
	2	Reported Via Zoom Video Conference
	3	* * *
	4	PROCEEDINGS
08:32	5	(Call to Order of the Court at 8:32 a.m.)
	6	THE COURT: Anything to take up before we bring in the
	7	jury? Is Brandon here?
	8	MS. ALCALDE: Yes, he's right here, Your Honor.
	9	THE COURT: You can come up to the witness stand.
08:33	10	(Jury in at 8:33 a.m.)
	11	THE COURT: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Go
	12	ahead, be seated. And we'll continue then on day 3 of our
	13	trial.
	14	Plaintiffs may call their next witness.
08:34	15	MS. ALCALDE: Thank you, Your Honor. We call Brandon
	16	Lovering.
	17	THE COURT: Please raise your right hand.
	18	BRANDON LOVERING, PLAINTIFF WITNESS, DULY SWORN
	19	THE CLERK: Please state and spell your first and last
08:34	20	enemy for the record.
	21	THE WITNESS: Brandon Lovering. B-R-A-N-D-O-N,
	22	L-O-V-E-R-I-N-G.
	23	THE COURT: Okay. Have a seat in the witness stand
	24	then. And make sure you speak into the microphone, Brandon, so
08:34	25	we get a so the court reporter and the jury can hear you.

		Lovering/Direct Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020
	1	THE WITNESS: I can take my mask off?
	2	THE COURT: Yes, you can take your mask off now. You
	3	can take it all the way off if you want, but it's up to you if
	4	you want to just put it under your chin. Just so we can see
08:34	5	your face. Thank you.
	6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
	7	THE COURT: You may proceed with your examination.
	8	DIRECT EXAMINATION
	9	BY MS. ALCALDE:
08:35	10	Q. Good morning, Brandon. Can you tell us your age?
	11	A. 18.
	12	Q. You're currently 18, right?
	13	A. Correct.
	14	Q. And can you tell us what you do now, like are you in school?
08:35	15	A. I'm currently in school in Oconto Falls, New Path Falls.
	16	Q. Okay. And you've been in school for 18 years?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. And has your mom come with you to parent-teacher conferences
	19	before?
08:35	20	A. Yes.
	21	Q. And is there an ASL interpreter for those conferences?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. Have you gone with your mom to her doctors' appointments
	24	before?
08:35	25	A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Is there ASL interpreters for those appointments?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Now, you know American Sign Language?
- 4 A. Yes.

### 08:36 5 Q. And can you tell us how well you know American Sign 6 Language?

- 7 A. Not well. I still finger-spell and it's not as a8 hundred percent as it should be.
- 9 Q. Can you tell me what you mean by "fingerspelling"? What's

## 08:36 10 the difference between fingerspelling and using regular sign 11 language?

- A. It takes longer and sometimes people don't understand where
  the space is or where the words end and start. So sometimes
  it's very confusing for other people who don't really understand
  me like how I always usually sign.
  - 16 Q. Okay. And is it kind of like spelling out the words?
    - 17 A. Yes.
  - 18 Q. Using letters?
  - 19 A. Yes.

## Q. Now, in a lot of these encounters with your mom, and we'll go through the specific ones today, but you have interpreted for your mom, correct?

23 A. Yes.

# Q. And is there sometimes words you don't understand?08:37 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Ο. That the police are telling you? 2 Α. Yes. 3 And what do you do when you don't understand a word? Ο. 4 I will look it up on a -- or try to sound it out on a iPad, Α. 5 Google search. 08:37 6 Okay. And then you just finger-spell it? Q. 7 Α. Yes. 8 Okay. Is that like an easy way to communicate, do you Ο.

- 08:37 10 A. No.
  - 11 Q. Is it hard for you to do that?
    - 12 A. Yes.

think?

- 13 Q. Can you give me an example of a word you have to
- 14 finger-spell?
- 08:37 15 A. "Intimidate."
  - 16 Q. Okay. Do you know how to finger-spell that word?
  - 17 A. Not really, no.
- 18 I won't put you on the spot. Now, I'm going to ask 0. Okav. 19 you about three incident dates that you were used as an 08:38 20 interpreter, okay? November 13, February 2nd, and February 3rd. 21 I want to start with November 13th, 2016. That was the incident 22 with Jeremy. Okay? Did you call the police on that date? 23 Α. No, I did not. 24 Q. Okay. The police arrived at your house? Α. 25 Yes. 08:38
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1 Can you tell us a little bit about that day? Were you Q. 2 scared on that day? 3 Yes. Α. Okay. And did the police ask you to be an interpreter? 4 Ο. 5 Α. Yes. 08:38 6 Would it have been easier for you if you weren't an Q. 7 interpreter on that date? 8 Α. Yes. 9 And did they give you an option to not be an interpreter? Q. 10 No, they did not. 08:38 Α. 11 How old were you at that time? Ο. 12 Could you clarify the date, please? Α. 13 November 13th, 2016. Q. 14 I believe I was 14 at the time. Α. 08:38 15 Okay. And did your mom want you to interpret? Ο. 16 No, she did not. Α. 17 Did your mom ask for an interpreter? Ο. Yes, she did. 18 Α. 19 Okay. If you remember. I don't want you to guess stuff, Q. 08:39 20 okay? 21 Α. Okay. 22 On that date why were you scared? Q. 23 Α. I was scared because it was like a heated argument between 24 me and her boyfriend. And so I didn't -- I wasn't really like 25 calm. I was kinda like hyper and like nervous and just a bunch 08:39

1 of jumbled --2 Were you also worried for your mom? Ο. 3 Yes. Α. 4 And being asked to be an interpreter in that situation, were Ο. 5 you able to fully interpret everything that was being said? 08:39 6 No, I could not. Α. 7 And do you think it would have been better for you and your Ο. 8 mom if there had been an interpreter so you didn't also have to 9 interpret what was going on? 10 Yes. 08:40 Α. 11 Ο. Would you have been able to better tell your story to the 12 police if they weren't using you as an interpreter to talk to 13 your mom? 14 Α. Yes. Okay. I'm going to ask you about February 2nd, okay? 08:40 15 Ο. 16 Α. Okay. 17 Let's move forward. That's the day before the search Ο. 18 warrant in your home. 19 Okay. Α. 08:40 20 Q. Okay? On this date again you were used as an interpreter, 21 correct? 22 Α. Correct. 23 Ο. And earlier before the police arrived was there a video 24 phone interaction with you and Laurie King and your mom? 25 Yes. 08:40 Α.

		Lovering/Direct Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020
	1	Q. And did you sign something via video phone for Laurie King?
	2	A. Yes, I did.
	3	Q. And tell us what you signed to her.
	4	A. I signed to her that she was stupid.
08:40	5	Q. Can you show me how that looks in sign language?
	6	Demonstrate to me.
	7	A. Okay.
	8	MS. ALCALDE: Your Honor, can he stand up to
	9	illustrate?
08:41	10	THE COURT: Yes.
	11	MS. ALCALDE: Thank you.
	12	(Witness demonstrates.)
	13	THE WITNESS: You are stupid. Or dumb. You are
	14	stupid.
08:41	15	BY MS. ALCALDE:
	16	Q. So you can sit down again, Brandon. Thanks. The sign for
	17	"stupid" is this (demonstrating)?
	18	A. Yes.
	19	Q. Hitting your head?
08:41	20	A. Yes.
	21	Q. And Laurie King knows sign language, right?
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Q. Is that a pretty common sign?
	24	A. Yes.
08:41	25	Q. So would someone that sees that that doesn't know sign

1 language think that you were, you know, threatening to hit 2 someone over the head? 3 Yes. Α. 4 Is that an example of some of the miscommunication that can Ο. 5 happen when there's no interpreters? 08:41 6 Α. Yes. 7 Now, you didn't threaten her that you were going to knock Ο. 8 her over the head, right? 9 No, I did not. Α. 10 She still probably shouldn't have called her stupid, but you 08:41 Ο. 11 didn't threaten anything, right? 12 A. No, I did not. 13 Now, on that date when the police showed up, Officer Kuhn, Q. 14 your mom didn't want you to interpret? 08:42 15 No, she did not. Well, yeah, she didn't want me to Α. 16 interpret. 17 Did she tell you that? Ο. 18 Α. Yes, she did. 19 Okay. Did the police give you an option? Q. 08:42 20 Α. No, they did not. 21 Did they force you to interpret on that day? Ο. 22 Α. Yes, they did. 23 Ο. Did your mom ask for an interpreter? 24 Α. Yes, she did. 25 And did they call an interpreter at any point? 08:42 Ο.

- 1 A. No, they did not.
- 2 Q. And again, on this date did you want to be used as an 3 interpreter?
- 4 A. No, I did not.

## 08:42 5 Q. Now, I'm going to move forward to February 3rd, the search 6 warrant incident date. Okay?

- 7 A. Okay.
- 8 Q. Now, on February 3rd, did they once again use you as an9 interpreter?
- 08:42 10 A. Yes, they did.
  - 11 Q. And that day they came with a search warrant to your home, 12 correct?
    - 13 A. Correct.
  - Q. And can you tell me, did you -- did your mom tell you to not
- 08:43 **15** interpret?
  - 16 A. Yes, she did.
  - 17 Q. And did you finally listen to your mom?
  - 18 A. Yes, I did.
  - **19** Q. Did you stop interpreting that day?
- 08:43 20 A. On the day of the search warrant?
  - 21 Q. Yes.
    - 22 A. Yes.
    - 23 Q. Okay. And did the police tell you to interpret?
  - 24 A. Yes, they did.
- 08:43 25 Q. And what did you tell them?

- 1 A. I am not a legal interpreter.
- 2 Q. And you told them this because you didn't want to continue
- 3 to interpret for them?
- 4 A. Yes.

# 08:43 5 Q. And even after you told them you wouldn't interpret and your 6 mom had asked for an interpreter, did they get an interpreter? 7 A. No, they did not.

- 8 Q. Did they use a phone to try and see if they could get an9 interpreter?
- 08:43 10 A. No, they did not.
  - Q. Do you remember what Olsen's demeanor was when he wasexecuting the search warrant?
  - A. He was kind of like smirking and grinning and kind of like
    chuckling a little bit. That wasn't -- it was a slight notice.
- 08:44 15 Q. Did you feel that he was laughing at your mom?
  - 16 A. Yes.
  - 17 Q. Did that kind of hurt your feelings?
  - **18** A. Yes.
- Q. And I know your mom has filed complaints about the police
  08:44 20 department and sometimes she's taken you --
  - 21 A. Yes.
  - 22 Q. -- to interpret for her?
  - 23 A. Correct.
  - Q. Did you want to interpret for her?

08:44 25 A. No, I did not.

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	1	Q. And those weren't situations where it was an arrest or, you
	2	know, or they were coming into your home, those were situations
	3	where she went, correct?
	4	
08:44	5	Q. Since they never provided an interpreter did she have any
	6	options but to use you?
	7	MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object.
	8	THE COURT: Sustained.
	9	MS. ALCALDE: I'll withdraw the question, Your Honor.
08:44	10	BY MS. ALCALDE:
	11	Q. Can you tell me how having to interpret for her against your
	12	will has impacted your relationship with your mom.
	13	A. It has impacted it by making her frustrated, angry, and I
	14	don't know the other word, but angry at me sometimes when I'm
08:45	15	used by police to be an interpreter or forced to be an
	16	interpreter, an interpreter by the police.
	17	Q. Okay. And did you like being forced to be an interpreter by
	18	the police?
	19	A. No, I did not.
08:45	20	Q. Do you wish that you and your mom's relationship could be a
	21	little bit different?
	22	A. Yes, I do.
	23	MS. ALCALDE: I don't have any further questions,
	24	Your Honor.
08:45	25	THE COURT: Mr. Carlson?

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	1	CROSS-EXAMINATION
	2	BY MR. CARLSON:
	- 3	Q. Did you discuss what you were going to say today with your
	4	mother?
08:45	5	A. No, I did not.
	6	Q. Not at all?
	7	A. No, I did not.
	8	Q. You said on November 13th you didn't call the police. Isn't
	9	it true you called your uncle about what was going on?
08:46	10	A. Yes, and he called the police.
	11	Q. And what was going on was your mother and Jeremy Parmer were
	12	fighting and a knife was nearby?
	13	A. No. They mistook that as my mom and Jeremy, her boyfriend
	14	fighting. They were not fighting. They were actually talking.
08:46	15	And they couldn't understand that through the window, but they
	16	were talking about and trying to get the house fixed because we
	17	just recently moved in there.
	18	And so the knife was between me and Jeremy. And I was
	19	too scared and I felt like I was moved out of the position to be
08:46	20	able to tell my side of the story to the cops because they just
	21	automatically wanted me to be an interpreter for them.
	22	Q. Why did you call your uncle about this?
	23	A. Because I was in immediate danger and I couldn't just go and
	24	grab the phone. I didn't want it to cause more uproar. I
08:47	25	wanted him to call the police and to kinda resolve it by him

- 1 calling them.
- 2 Q. Immediate danger from whom?
- 3 A. From Jeremy.

4 Q. Isn't it true that the police came to your house and

08:47 5 interviewed you about what happened?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And it wasn't to talk to your mother, it was to talk to you.
8 You were the victim and the police were asking you questions
9 about what happened.

08:47 10 A. They were talking about -- they were talking to my mom about
11 the situation and used me as an interpreter.

12 Q. And they were talking to you about the situation, too.

MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor. Counsel is
 testifying.

08:48 15 THE COURT: It's a question. He can answer.

16 Overruled.

17 THE WITNESS: Yeah, they talked to me, but they didn't 18 talk to me for that long. They talked to my mom and tried to 19 figure out the situation because they focused on what they 08:48 20 thought was an argument between Jeremy and my mom. They focused 21 on that more than they focused on the knife incident. 22 BY MR. CARLSON: 23 Ο. I'm going to read you what is in the police report, okay? 24 MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor.

08:48 25 MR. CARLSON: I want him to --

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	1	THE COURT: You can't read what's in the police
	2	report. You can ask him questions based on the police report if
	3	you want.
	4	BY MR. CARLSON:
08:48	5	Q. Did you tell the police that Jeremy and Renee were in a bad
	6	mood today and that started them fighting?
	7	A. I do not remember that, no.
	8	Q. You don't deny it, you don't remember it.
	9	A. I do not remember it.
08:49	10	Q. Did you explain to the police that there were friends over
	11	at the apartment and the friends left and the problems started?
	12	A. I remember bringing up a friend. I do not remember bringing
	13	up a problem had ever started.
	14	Q. Do you remember if your mother said that they weren't
08:49	15	fighting, that they were just signing?
	16	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor, hearsay.
	17	THE COURT: Is it hearsay? Are you offering this
	18	for
	19	MR. CARLSON: I can't hear you, Your Honor.
08:50	20	THE COURT: The objection was hearsay. Do you have a
	21	response? Just a brief one?
	22	MR. CARLSON: My response I forgot the question
	23	now. Why don't we move on.
	24	BY MR. CARLSON:
08:50	25	Q. Do you remember that the police came the next day?

	1	A. Yes, I do.
	2	Q. And did you explain that Jeremy thought Renee was going to
	3	take his speakers away so he was trying to move them while they
	4	were fighting?
08:50	5	A. I do not remember that.
	6	Q. Was your mom cooperative with the police that night?
	7	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor. Calls for
	8	speculation.
	9	THE COURT: Overruled.
08:51	10	THE WITNESS: Yes, she was.
	11	BY MR. CARLSON:
	12	Q. Was she yelling and screaming?
	13	A. She was trying to talk and get attention, but no one was
	14	trying to interpret and listen. Like there was no interpreter
08:51	15	for her to be able to understand what was going on. So that's
	16	why she was trying to get the attention of me and the officers
	17	so I could try to maybe at least briefly interpret what was
	18	going on at the time.
	19	Q. On the following day did you tell the officer that your mom
08:51	20	and Jeremy were pushing and shoving each other?
	21	A. No, I do not remember that.
	22	Q. Could have been but you don't remember?
	23	A. Could you repeat what you said?
	24	Q. That you told the officers that your mother and Jeremy were
08:52	25	pushing and shoving each other.

	1	A. Yeah, no, I did not say that.
	2	Q. Do you remember your mother admitting to the officer that
	3	her and Jeremy had been pushing and shoving each other?
	4	A. No, I do not remember that.
08:52	5	Q. And so if that was in a police report that would be a lie,
	6	wouldn't it?
	7	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor.
	8	THE COURT: Sustained.
	9	THE WITNESS: What does that mean?
08:52	10	THE COURT: You don't have to answer. If I sustain an
	11	objection don't answer.
	12	THE WITNESS: Sorry about that.
	13	THE COURT: That's all right.
	14	BY MR. CARLSON:
08:52	15	Q. Where was the knife?
	16	A. I do not remember.
	17	Q. Is your mother volatile?
	18	A. Could you be more clear on what that means, please?
	19	Q. Does your mother get upset often?
08:53	20	A. For like what?
	21	Q. Anything. You.
	22	A. No, I do not think so.
	23	Q. Does your mother yell and scream a lot?
	24	A. No.
08:53	25	Q. Has she ever yelled and screamed at you?

	1	A. No.
	2	Q. Never.
	3	A. Never.
	4	MR. CARLSON: I've got no further questions.
08:53	5	THE COURT: Okay. Any follow-up?
00.00	6	MS. ALCALDE: Yes, Your Honor.
	7	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
	8	BY MS. ALCALDE:
	9	Q. On November 13th, you know, you were defense counsel was
08:53	10	asking you questions about the issue was between you and Jeremy,
	11	but the police said would it have been easier for you to
	12	explain that the issue was between you and Jeremy and not Jeremy
	13	and your mom had there been an interpreter?
	14	A. Yes.
08:54	15	Q. And had they not used you in that moment as an interpreter?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. When they got there and they start on November 13th and
	18	they started talking to your mom, did you feel that you had had
	19	a chance to fully tell your story before they asked you to just
08:54	20	be an interpreter?
	21	A. No, I did not.
	22	Q. And the next day when they came on November 14th, did they
	23	bring an interpreter then?
	24	A. No, they did not.
08:54	25	Q. They continued to ask you to be the interpreter?

1 Α. Correct. 2 And do you feel that -- I mean, there was a lot of questions Q. 3 asking about your mom whether she gets loud and you said you 4 feel that's because no one was listening to her? 5 Correct. Α. 08:54 6 Do you think it's also frustration because they were using Ο. her 14-year-old kid as an interpreter? 7 8 Correct. Α. 9 MS. ALCALDE: Nothing further, Your Honor. 10 Thank you, Brandon. 08:55 11 THE WITNESS: Okay. 12 THE COURT: You can step down then. 13 MR. CARLSON: Wait a minute. Just a few recross. 14 THE COURT: I think you've had your chance. We go 15 cross and redirect. 08:55 16 MR. CARLSON: I also have him as an adverse witness. 17 Okay, with that understanding you can go. THE COURT: 18 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. CARLSON: 08:55 20 Q. Brandon, do you lie? 21 No, I do not. Α. 22 Q. Never? 23 Α. Never. 24 MR. CARLSON: Thank you. 25 08:55 THE COURT: You can step down.

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	1	(Witness excused at 8:55 a.m.)
	2	THE COURT: Your next witness? If you have one.
	3	MS. ALCALDE: Your Honor, at this point the plaintiff
	4	rests.
08:55	5	THE COURT: Plaintiff rests.
	6	Mr. Carlson, are you ready to proceed with the defense
	7	case? To the extent it already hasn't been in.
	8	MR. CARLSON: Yes.
	9	MS. ALCALDE: Your Honor, would you like us to make
08:56	10	the legal motions now or reserve to just bring them up?
	11	THE COURT: Okay, you will reserve the motions for the
	12	break.
	13	MS. ALCALDE: Yes.
	14	THE COURT: Okay.
08:56	15	MICHAEL REHBERG, DEFENSE WITNESS, DULY SWORN
	16	THE CLERK: Please state and spell your first and last
	17	name for the record.
	18	THE WITNESS: First name is Michael, Rehberg,
	19	M-I-C-H-A-E-L, R-E-H-B-E-R-G.
08:56	20	THE COURT: Thank you. Go ahead, Mr. Carlson, you may
	21	proceed.
	22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
	23	BY MR. CARLSON:
	24	Q. You're employed with the City of Oconto?
08:57	25	A. That's correct.

- 1 Q. What position do you hold there?
- 2 A. Chief of police.
- 3 Q. How long?
- 4 A. Two years.
- 08:57 5 Q. What did you do before you were chief?
  - 6 A. I was a captain and then, previous, sergeant, and before7 that a patrolman.
- 8 THE COURT: Mr. Carlson, would you pull your 9 microphone and speak into your microphone so we get a good 08:57 10 record? Thank you.
  - 11 BY MR. CARLSON:
  - 12 Q. How many years as a police officer in total?
  - **13** A. 33.
- 14 Q. Is it routine for you to complete a report after each
- 08:57 15 notable contact with a citizen?
  - 16 A. It is.
    - 17 Q. And -- hold on a second here.
    - 18 Have you had contacts with Ms. Lange?
  - 19 A. Yes, I have.
- 08:57 20 Q. Multiple?
  - 21 A. Probably close to 10.
  - 22 Q. Has she ever requested an interpreter in any of those
  - 23 contacts?
  - 24 A. No.
- 08:58 25 Q. Have you had contacts where she was not with her children?

1 A. Yes.

	2	Q. Can you explain that contact and how you communicated?
	3	A. She had called on the neighbor that the neighbor was feeding
	4	birds and there were seagulls in the road. She was very upset.
08:58	5	I drove up, took one step out of my squad car, she came out of
	6	the house, verbally said there was birds flying around. I said,
	7	"Well, the neighbors have a right to feed the birds." She got
	8	upset and said, "Well, then I'm going to shoot the birds." I
	9	said, "Well, please don't do that because then you'd get
08:58	10	arrested."
	11	I went and talked to the neighbor, told the neighbor
	12	not to feed the birds, it's upsetting to the neighbor. And she
	13	said, "My daughter threw out bread, it won't happen again." End
	14	of complaint.
08:59	15	Q. You communicated with Ms. Lange by speech?
	16	A. I did.
	17	Q. No written communication?
	18	A. No.
	19	Q. Has there been another contact that you have had with
08:59	20	Ms. Lange where her children weren't present?
	21	A. (No response.)
	22	Q. Let me refresh your recollection. How about McDonald's?
	23	A. We were myself and Chief Faith at the time I was
	24	probably a sergeant were dispatched to Ms. Lange's house
08:59	25	because there was discrepancy in a McDonald's bill. What

1 happened was she thought she deserved more change and that she 2 didn't receive it from the McDonald's employee. 3 We went and spoke to McDonald's. McDonald's said that 4 the kid, the cashier instead of punching in 10 or 20 punched in 5 a 5 instead. And Ms. Lange thought she deserved more change. 08:59 6 We talked to the manager, the manager counted back the till and 7 there was no extra money. 8 So we went back to Mrs. Lange and said, hey, listen, 9 we've spoken to McDonald's, we feel it's taken care of, if you 10 09:00 still have a problem you should take McDonald's to court 11 civilly. 12 How did you communicate with Ms. Lange? Q. 13 I talked to her that time. Α. 14 Did she speak back to you? Ο. I couldn't recall. 09:00 15 Α. 16 Ο. On your other contacts, have you ever had Brandon as an 17 interpreter? 18 I don't believe so. Probably her daughter. But I don't Α. 19 think I ever had Brandon. 09:00 20 Q. Did you ever ask any of her kids to be an interpreter? 21 Strangely enough, cops are very good at taking over the Α. No. 22 calls. But when it came to Mrs. Lange we kinda let her dictate 23 how things were going to go. If she wanted to write on paper we 24 let her write on paper. If she used her kids we'd let her use 25 her kids. We kind of just followed her choice of how she wanted 09:01

- 1 to handle this.
- 2 Q. So if you arrived and she had a pen and paper in hand that's
- 3 how you responded.
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 09:01 5 Q. And if she had her child nearby and nodded -- would she give6 any kind of signal to her kids?
  - 7 A. I wouldn't recall. I wouldn't.
  - 8 Q. But did it appear to you that she wanted her kids to 9 interpret?
- 09:01 10 A. That's correct.
  - 11 Q. And that she never told you not to use her kids to12 interpret.
    - 13 A. No.
- Q. Did you have any experience with respect to lip-reading?
  09:01 15 A. I was told by her daughter that she can lip-read, but you need to face her and you need to speak clearly and you need to speak slowly.
  - 18 Q. Had you ever witnessed how adept or not she was at
  - 19 lip-reading?
- 09:01 20 A. No, I couldn't tell.

21 MR. CARLSON: Adriana, will you stipulate to the 22 policies? 23 MS. ALCALDE: Pardon?

	24	MR. CARLSON: The policies.
09:02	25	MS. ALCALDE: Yes, we stipulate.

	1	MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, may we approach?
	2	THE COURT: You may.
	3	Are you looking for an exhibit?
	4	MR. CARLSON: Yes.
09:02	5	THE COURT: Which exhibit? Is it the policy?
	6	MR. CARLSON: The Oconto
	7	THE COURT: 1151. I can give the witness the copy I
	8	have if you wish.
	9	MR. CARLSON: I believe it is Exhibit 1128.
09:03	10	THE COURT: The policy?
	11	MR. CARLSON: Yes.
	12	THE COURT: There was the policy which policy are
	13	you talking about? Maybe I got the wrong one. This is not the
	14	policy you moved for admission of. Unless you have two copies
09:03	15	of it in there.
	16	MS. ALCALDE: The policy yesterday, Your Honor, was
	17	Oconto Falls.
	18	THE COURT: That's Oconto Falls? I see. Okay. So
	19	are the parties stipulating then to the Oconto Police
09:03	20	Department's policy, Exhibit 1128?
	21	MS. ALCALDE: Yes.
	22	MR. CARLSON: Correct.
	23	THE COURT: Then 1128 is received into the record and
	24	may be shown to the witness.
09:04	25	(Exhibit 1128 received in evidence.)

- 1 BY MR. CARLSON:
- 2 Q. Do you have Exhibit 1128?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. City of Oconto Police Department policies with respect to
- 09:04 5 persons with disabilities, specifically deaf people?
  - 6 A. That's correct.
  - 7 Q. And these were adopted -- do you remember when they were 8 adopted?
  - 9 A. When Chief Faith took over. I would say 2016 maybe. I'm
- 09:04 10 not positive.
  - 11 Q. And these are the policies that are now in effect in the 12 City of Oconto?
    - 13 A. That's correct.
  - 14 MR. CARLSON: No further questions.
- 09:04 15 THE COURT: Cross?
  - 16 MS. ALCALDE: Thank you, Your Honor.
    - CROSS-EXAMINATION
  - 18 BY MS. ALCALDE:
  - 19 Q. Good morning, Chief.
- 09:05 20 A. Good morning.
  - 21 Q. Is it Rehberg?
    - 22 A. It is.

- 23 Q. Now, the policy -- that's not the policy that was in effect
- 24 at the time, correct?
- 09:05 25 A. That's correct.

1 You agree that under this policy it would be a violation of Ο. this current policy to use her children, correct? 2 3 I agree that if it was a serious offense that it would be --Α. 4 it would be against the policy. 5 Okay. 09:05 Ο. 6 The problem is with a majority of these complaints we had Α. 7 with the Lange family, they were 10 to 15 minutes. 8 Q. And I'm not talking about all those other McDonald's 9 complaints and all of that. I want to focus specifically on the 10 09:05 arrest. 11 Α. Okay. 12 The May complaint. Ο. 13 Α. Okay. 14 Okay? Because, you know, the other complaints, the Ο. McDonald's and the birds, and she didn't, you know -- you didn't 09:06 15 16 provide an interpreter for any of those, correct? 17 Α. No. 18 And I'm not asking if that's a violation of the policy. I'm Ο. 19 asking for the May 30th, you agree that to behave that way 09:06 20 currently would be a violation of this policy. 21 I believe -- once again, I wasn't there. I don't know how Α. 22 their communication was going. But I think if they're doing the 23 communicating and it's going properly and they're getting the 24 right responses, that they didn't necessarily need an 25 interpreter. 09:06

- Q. Would you agree that you said previously that it would be a
   violation of your current policy?
- **3** A. I may have said that.
- 4 Q. Okay. And you also currently wouldn't use children if the09:06 5 suspect and the interpreter are on the same complaint, correct?
  - 6 A. That's correct.
  - 7 Q. Such as the incident with -- in May which involved
  - 8 her daughter and Ms. Lange.
  - 9 A. I agree, correct.

# 09:06 10 Q. So currently like an interpreter would be used for that. 11 A. I would say under the policy I probably would have an 12 interpreter.

- 13 Q. Okay. And you agree that -- I mean, you don't think note-
- 14 writing is an effective way to interrogate, correct?
- 09:07 **15** A. Absolutely.
  - 16 Q. You also agree that you don't think note-writing is an
    - 17 effective way to read Miranda.
    - 18 A. That's correct.

# 19 Q. And you never used notes with her, right? You just used one09:07 20 of her kids? In other incidents.

A. I don't believe I ever -- I'm telling you it was a long time
ago, if I'm making a mistake I apologize, but I don't remember
if I ever used written. I personally don't have any notes.
Mrs. Lange would always provide a book and write in her own
book. I never had a notepad and kept my own notes.

	1	Q. She may not have requested an interpreter for the McDonald's
	2	incident or the birds incident, but you do know and you do
	3	acknowledge that she did request one on the May 30th incident,
	4	correct?
09:08	5	A. After listening to the court hearing I'm assuming that's so,
	6	but I didn't know that personally because I wasn't there.
	7	Q. Right, but you supervised Officer Olsen?
	8	A. No, I did not.
	9	Q. Did you at the time?
09:08	10	A. No.
	11	Q. Oh, that's right, he's retired. I apologize.
	12	A. No.
	13	Q. But you are aware that on
	14	A. I understood.
09:08	15	Q. Sorry. It's early in the morning. I apologize. You
	16	understood what I meant? Let the record reflect I meant Officer
	17	Sowle, not Chief Olsen. You obviously do not supervise Chief
	18	Olsen.
	19	A. That's correct.
09:08	20	Q. So again, she did request one on May 30th, right?
	21	A. If that's what you're telling me I'll trust that you're
	22	telling me the truth.
	23	Q. Okay. And, I mean, Officer Sowle said that she requested
	24	one, would you have any reason to doubt that?
09:08	25	A. I would not.

	1	Q. And you also agree that it's a risk using a family member to
	2	interpret because they may not give interpretations that are
	3	always accurate?
	4	A. I believe that they're not always accurate, but I do also
09:09	5	believe that sometimes you can use them if it is a minor
	6	incident like the birds or McDonald's.
	7	Q. The birds or McDonald's, right. Do you know
	8	Mr. Wusterbarth? Is that how you pronounce his name?
	9	A. I know him. He's a businessman in town. I don't know him
09:09	10	personally.
	11	Q. Because he owns a body shop?
	12	A. That's correct.
	13	Q. And you weren't there on the May 30th incident so you don't
	14	know what happened.
09:09	15	A. No.
	16	Q. You agree that Ralene was probably not the best person to
	17	use as an interpreter on that incident.
	18	MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object. He wasn't there.
	19	He said he wasn't there.
09:09	20	THE COURT: Sustained.
	21	BY MS. ALCALDE:
	22	Q. You agree that using Ralene, a minor child who was involved
	23	in the incident, would be inappropriate under your policy, your
	24	current policy, correct?
09:10	25	A. I agree that under the policy it would probably be.

1 Q. And this was a noise disturbance that Officer Sowle was 2 reporting?

3 A. That's what I believe, yes.

4 Q. It wasn't a weapon or an assault. She was arrested for09:10 5 disorderly conduct, correct?

6 A. I believe that's correct.

7 Q. For a noise disturbance.

8 A. That's correct.

9 MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object to this line of 09:10 10 questioning. If she's asking him about this incident, he wasn't 11 there.

12THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection. It's late13from the answer, but let's move on. If he wasn't there --

14 BY MS. ALCALDE:

09:10 15 Q. And there were -- do you know if you -- are you aware of 16 video remote interpreter services that can be used now?

17 A. I am now.

18 Q. But you weren't aware of them back then.

19 A. I was not.

09:10 20 Q. And they weren't available back then, that you know of.

21 A. That I know of, that's correct.

22 Q. Do you think that that's a good alternative to use in 23 situations?

24 A. Absolutely.

09:11 25 Q. And do you think now that's something that should have been

1 used in that arrest?

	2	MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object. Again, you're
	3	talking about the arrest on May 30th, he wasn't there.
	4	MS. ALCALDE: I'll withdraw the question.
09:11	5	No more questions.
	6	THE COURT: Do you have anything further?
	7	MR. CARLSON: No.
	8	THE COURT: You may step down.
	9	MS. ALCALDE: Thank you very much.
09:11	10	(Witness excused at 9:11 a.m.)
	11	THE COURT: Next witness?
	12	MS. LEHOCKY: He's in the restroom, Your Honor.
	13	THE COURT: Okay, he's in the restroom. Anyone need a
	14	break? Let's take a short break. Restroom break is fine. This
09:12	15	will be relatively short. Okay?
	16	(Jury out at 9:12 a.m.)
	17	THE COURT: Do you wish to proceed with your motions?
	18	At this point?
	19	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can we reserve for a longer
09:12	20	break?
	21	THE COURT: A longer break? I mean, I take it your
	22	motions are for a judgment as a matter of law.
	23	MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. We are moving for a
	24	judgment as a matter of law.
09:13	25	THE COURT: On each of the incidents?
	l	

1Go ahead. Be seated. The jury is not here. Go2ahead, Ms. Lubin. You were saying.

PLAINTIFF MOTION FOR JUDGMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW
MS. LUBIN: Your Honor, the plaintiff is moving at
this time for a judgment as a matter of law on each incident:
the May 30th incident; the November 2016 incident; and both of
the February 2017 incidents.

8 THE COURT: Go ahead, summarize your argument.
9 MS. LUBIN: For the May 30th incident, as the
09:13 10 testimony has reflected, the Oconto Police Department only views
11 Ralene as an interpreter and also wrote a couple of notes with
12 Ms. Lange.

13 The testimony has shown that Ms. Lange did not
14 understand the notes, did not understand the interpretation and
09:13 15 thus there was no effective communication in violation of the
16 ADA and of the Rehabilitation Act.

Additionally, under the ADA guideline the ADA
specifically prohibits the use of minor children in situations
where Title II entities are the entity providing the services.
And in that case the Oconto Police Department, in fact, used
Ralene, who was a minor, to interpret. And so we are asking for
a judgment as a matter of law on the May 30th incident.

Going to the November incident. As was just stated by
 Brandon, Brandon was used as an interpreter during the November
 incident. He, again, is a minor child. The ADA regulations

expressly prohibit the use of minor children as interpreters.
 And that was the only use of communication in the November
 incident. There was no effective communication for the November
 incident as well.

09:14 5 In both of the February instances again Brandon was
6 used as an interpreter. Brandon states himself, as was stated,
7 that he doesn't sign correctly all the time; he finger-spells;
8 that it's hard for his mom to understand. In many occasions
9 that he has to look up words and that he doesn't feel like he
09:14 10 provides effective communication.

And, again, the ADA expressly states that minor
children should not be used as interpreters. And in both the
February instances Brandon was used as an interpreter.

14Additionally, Ms. Lange requested over and over for an09:151515interpreter to provide effective communication and in all16requests, from the May incident through the February instances,17there was no interpreter provided from either of the police18departments.

19 THE COURT: (Inaudible audio.)

MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. And dealing with the May 30th incident with the City of Oconto, the city admits that she did, in fact, ask for an interpreter and that request was not granted.

And in accordance with Title II, the entity is 09:15 25 supposed to give deference to the preferred method of

1 communication, and the preferred method of communication was an 2 interpreter.

And as Ms. Lange's testimony has aptly pointed out,
 her preferred method of communication in every single instance,
 all four instances, was an interpreter and every time an
 interpreter was not provided for her.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Carlson?

7

8 MR. CARLSON: May 30th attempts were made to
 9 communicate with Ms. Lange in a number of ways, including her
 09:16 10 preferred way using her children.

Attempts were made with a notepad. Attempts were made
with lip-reading. She was uncooperative. She admits she was
drunk. That's why there was no effective communication.

November 13th, she was totally uncooperative again.
November 13th, she was totally uncooperative again.
The police had talked to Brandon as a victim. She herself
interjected in that interview with the police. She was
uncooperative, belligerent, yelling and screaming. Any
communication difficulties were self-created.

19 On February 2nd the police came to arrest Jeremy.
 09:17 20 They did that. It was not a matter of discussion. And
 21 Ms. Lange again was uncooperative, belligerent, yelling and
 22 screaming. That made communication impossible.

The search warrant. Again, Ms. Lange yelling and
 screaming. The search warrant is not a matter of debate, it is
 a paper that we believe the evidence shows that Ms. Lange

understood. It is not an arguable document. It's not a
 debatable document.

The police had a right to search her apartment, and her to sit aside or step aside or stand aside while they executed the search warrant. Whether or not Brandon talked to them and asked them questions is a matter of Ms. Lange's preference.

8 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to take plaintiff's
 9 motion under advisement. Is there any motion from defense?
 09:18 10 (No response.)
 11 THE COURT: Okay. Let's bring the jury in and

12 proceed.

13 (Brief pause.)

14THE COURT: I assume the witness is ready.09:1815MS. LEHOCKY: I would hope so.

16 THE COURT: You can go right through the gate and 17 remain standing. We'll administer the oath and then you'll have 18 a seat right there, okay?

19 (Jury in at 9:19 a.m.)

09:1920THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead and be seated, ladies and21gentlemen. And this witness is whom now? Go ahead, swear the22witness.

23 DOUGLAS WUSTERBARTH, DEFENSE WITNESS, DULY SWORN
 24 THE CLERK: Please state and spell your first and last
 09:20 25 name for the record.

	1	THE WITNESS: Doug Wusterbarth, D-O-U-G,
	2	W-U-S-T-E-R-B-A-R-T-H.
	3	THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Wusterbarth.
	4	Go ahead, Mr. Carlson, you may proceed.
09:20	5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
	6	BY MR. CARLSON:
	7	Q. Mr. Wusterbarth, what's your address?
	8	A. 319 Pecor Street, Oconto, Wisconsin, 54153.
	9	Q. How long have you lived there?
09:20	10	A. Over 30 years.
	11	Q. What do you do for a living?
	12	A. Businessowner in Oconto, a mechanic. Self-employed.
	13	Q. And how long have you been doing that?
	14	A. 36 years.
09:20	15	Q. So it's like an auto repair shop?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. Do you do any business with the Oconto County Police
	18	Department?
	19	A. No.
09:21	20	Q. Do you do any business with the City of Oconto?
	21	A. No.
	22	Q. Do you have any social relationships with any of the Oconto
	23	Police Department officers?
	24	A. No.
09:21	25	Q. So you're not you don't consider you're a friend with any

1 of the police officers. No. I know them, that's about it. I don't socialize with 2 Α. 3 them or anything. 4 Q. You have no business relations with any of them? 5 A. Nope. 09:21 6 At your address was there a time that you lived next door to Ο. 7 Renee Lange? 8 Yes. Α. 9 Could you describe how the buildings are set up? Was it Q. 10 right next door and how far away? 09:21 11 It's right next door. There's like a little maybe a half Α. 12 lot in-between the two houses. 13 Q. You can take your mask off. Sorry, I should have told you 14 that earlier. 15 09:22 A. Okay. 16 Q. Can you --17 Their house is right next door to mine. There's just grass Α. 18 in-between, you know, like a half a lot in-between the two 19 houses. 09:22 20 Q. Maybe about 50 feet away or something like that? 21 A. Yeah. 22 And were you familiar with Ms. Lange living next door to you Q. 23 when she was --24 A. Yes. 25 Q. -- residing there? 09:22

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	1	A. Yes.
	2	Q. Were you aware of any disturbances?
	2	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor, relevance.
	3 4	
	4 5	
09:22		BY MR. CARLSON:
	6	Q. Had you ever called the police department on any activity
	7	that was going on in the Lange residence?
	8	A. Yes.
	9	Q. About how many times?
09:23	10	A. I believe
	11	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor. Relevance.
	12	THE COURT: Sustained.
	13	BY MR. CARLSON:
	14	Q. Do you remember activities at the Lange house on May 30th,
09:23	15	2016?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. Could you explain in detail what you saw and heard.
	18	A. There was
	19	Q. Take your time.
09:23	20	A. There was a lot of people in the backyard. There was a lot
	21	of yelling and arguing. And then later after a while the cops
	22	were called there and one of the people that were there, a guy
	23	was arrested.
	24	And then later on I think that's when I called the
09:23	25	cops. And then cause Renee and her daughter were out on the

	1	front porch fighting. So I called the cops and then the cops
	2	came there and she ended up getting arrested.
	3	Q. Was Renee Lange hitting her children?
	4	A. Yes.
09:24	5	Q. Was it just Ralene or was it Ralene and Brandon?
	6	A. Just Ralene.
	7	Q. Can you describe how she was hitting her?
	8	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor. Relevance.
	9	THE COURT: Sustained.
09:24	10	BY MR. CARLSON:
	11	Q. What did you see of the fight?
	12	MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor. Again,
	13	relevance.
	14	THE COURT: Sustained.
09:24	15	BY MR. CARLSON:
	16	Q. What did you what did the officers do when they came?
	17	A. Renee and her daughter were outside. And when the cops come
	18	they were trying to talk to her. And Renee and her daughter was
	19	signing back and forth. The officer offered them a pad of
09:24	20	paper, which they did before when they showed up there. And it
	21	just got louder and louder. Renee wouldn't listen to her
	22	daughter. Her daughter was trying to get her to go back in the
	23	house and she wouldn't go. And then finally the cops just told
	24	her that if she didn't stop you know, settle down, then they
09:25	25	were going to take her to jail.

- 1 Q. Did the police ask her to be quiet?
- 2 A. Yes.
- **3** Q. Did the police ask her to go back in the house?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 09:25 5 Q. Did she comply?
  - 6 A. No.
  - 7 Q. Was she yelling and screaming?
  - 8 A. Yes.
  - 9 Q. Was she swearing?

## 09:25 10 A. I can't -- she doesn't speak, she just kinda makes noises, 11 loud noises when she gets mad.

12 Q. Do you remember how many times the police offered a notepad13 to Ms. Lange?

## A. I believe he had it in his hand pretty much the whole time.09:26 15 At least a couple times.

- 16 Q. And was he trying to also communicate by talking?
- 17 A. Yeah, they were talking and then the daughter would sign to
- 18 the mother. And then at one point Brandon came out of the house
- 19 too.

### 09:26 20 Q. And so we had Brandon there, was he signing to his mother 21 too?

- 22 A. He was trying to get her to go back in the house.
- 23 Q. And so Ralene was there, Brandon was there, Officer Sowle,

24 and was there another officer?

09:26 25 A. I believe it was Officer Belongia.

1 And they were all trying to communicate with Ms. Lange? Q. 2 Α. Yes. 3 And that would be to be quiet and go inside the house? Ο. 4 Α. Yes. Did Officer Belongia have a notepad as well? 5 09:26 Ο. 6 I think just Mr. Sowle did. There was only one of them that Α. 7 had the notepad. 8 Did she appear intoxicated to you? Q. 9 Α. Yes. 10 Did you see her get arrested? 09:27 Ο. 11 Α. Yes. 12 Do you recall where she was -- how she was handcuffed? Q. 13 I don't recall for sure. Α. 14 You don't have any recollection at all? Ο. 15 All I remember is that the daughter kept telling the 09:27 Α. 16 officers that she needs to be handcuffed behind so that she can 17 sign and she kept telling them that. Kept telling them that. 18 Did you hear Ms. Lange request an interpreter? 0. 19 Α. No. 20 09:27 MR. CARLSON: No further questions. Thank you. 21 THE COURT: Cross? 22 MS. ALCALDE: Yes, Your Honor. 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION 24 BY MS. ALCALDE: 25 You answered previously that you couldn't hear everything 09:27 Ο.

- 1 the officers were saying, correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- **3** Q. So is it possible that you just didn't hear when she
- 4 requested an interpreter?
- 09:28 5 A. Possible.
  - 6 Q. Cause you didn't hear everything that was being said, 7 correct?
    - 8 A. Correct.
  - 9 Q. Now, you said, and correct me if I'm wrong, that she didn't
- 09:28 10 want the pen and paper.
  - 11 A. Correct.
  - 12 Q. Cause she didn't want to communicate that way.
  - 13 A. I guess so.
  - 14 Q. Okay. And you know most of these officers prior to this
- 09:28 15 incident, correct?
  - 16 A. Yeah, pretty much.
  - 17 Q. Okay. You also -- you don't know sign language, right?
  - 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. And you don't know what her daughter was saying back and 09:28 20 forth.
  - 21 A. No.
  - Q. So you don't really know what she understood whatever thepolice were trying to say.
  - 24 A. Correct.
- 09:28 25 Q. And you said when she was speaking you couldn't hear because

	1	she just makes noises, right?
	2	A. You can kinda understand some of the times what she's
	3	saying, but, yeah, lots of times it's just kind of noise and
	4	she's signing at the same time.
09:29	5	Q. You said noise and then for the record you made some
	6	gestures with your hand?
	7	A. Yeah.
	8	Q. Like sign language?
	9	A. Right.
09:29	10	Q. Okay. But it's not articulate speaking like you and I.
	11	A. No.
	12	MS. ALCALDE: Nothing further.
	13	THE COURT: Any redirect?
	14	MR. CARLSON: No.
09:29	15	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Wusterbarth, you may
	16	step down.
	17	(Witness excused at 9:29 a.m.)
	18	THE COURT: You're free to go, yeah. Probably want to
	19	put your mask back on though.
09:29	20	Mr. Carlson, your next witness?
	21	MR. CARLSON: Nicole Crocker.
	22	MS. LUBIN: Your Honor, at this time the plaintiff
	23	renews their objection as to the relevancy of this witness.
	24	Nicole Crocker was not at the May 30th incident and that was the
09:29	25	only incident involving Oconto Falls. Excuse me, the City of

1 Oconto. 2 THE COURT: I don't have any idea. Do you want to 3 come forward and give me your offer of proof, Mr. Carlson? 4 MR. CARLSON: Ms. Crocker --5 THE COURT: No, come forward. And if that witness is 09:30 6 out there --7 (Off-the-record discussion outside the presence of the 8 jury.) 9 The record should reflect that we THE COURT: Okay. 10 had a brief off-the-record conference about the scope of 09:32 11 testimony and the witness will go ahead and be sworn. 12 NICOLE CROCKER, DEFENSE WITNESS, DULY SWORN 13 THE CLERK: Please state and spell your name for the 14 record. 15 09:33 THE WITNESS: Nicole Crocker, N-I-C-O-L-E, 16 C-R-O-C-K-E-R. 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. CARLSON: 19 Ms. Crocker, what is your address? Q. 09:33 20 Α. 301 Sixth Street, Oconto, Wisconsin, 54153. 21 By whom are you employed? Q. 22 Α. The City of Oconto Police Department. 23 Q. What do you do there? 24 Α. My current position is detective. 25 How long have you been detective? 09:33 Ο.

- 1 A. Two years.
- 2 Q. What did you do before then?
- **3** A. I was a patrol officer for the City of Oconto.
- 4 Q. For how long?
- 09:33 5 A. From 2012 until I moved into the detective position, 6 beginning of 2019.
  - 7 Q. Had you worked as a police officer in any other place?
  - 8 A. Yes, sir.
  - 9 Q. Where?
- 09:33 10 A. I worked for the City of Gillett and the City of Seymour 11 prior to the City of Oconto.
  - 12 Q. How many years of experience do you have as a police
  - 13 officer? In total.
  - **14** A. 10.
- 09:34 15 Q. And how many of those years are in Oconto?
  - 16 A. Eight.
  - 17 Q. Have you had multiple contacts with Ms. Lange?
  - 18 A. Yes.
  - 19 Q. More than a dozen?
- 09:34 20 A. Yes.

21 Q. I want you to describe the nature of your communications

22 with Ms. Lange with respect to sign language interpreting. Did

23 she ever request a American Sign Language interpreter on any of

24 your contacts?

09:34 25 A. Not any of my contacts, no.

1 Did she ever use her children on any of your contacts? Q. 2 Α. Yes. 3 Approximately what's the proportion?

Ο.

4 I would say in the contacts I had with Ms. Lange, probably Α. 5 75 percent of the time she would use one of her children to 09:35 6 interpret and the remainder of the time we communicated by 7 notepad and pen. 8 Q. Did she ever tell you she didn't want you to communicate 9 with her children as an interpreter? 10 09:35 Α. No. 11 Did it appear to you that she offered her children as an Ο. 12 interpreter? 13 Yes. Α. 14 Did you ever force any of her children to interpret? Ο. 15 09:35 Α. No. 16 Did you ever communicate with her by pen and paper? Ο. 17 Α. Yes. 18 And who would initiate communication by pen and paper? Ο. 19 From my recollection the nature of our communication, Α. 09:36 20 whether we used the children or whether we used pen and paper, 21 was initiated by Ms. Lange. 22 So she made the choice. Q. 23 Α. Yes, sir. 24 Ο. So if you had contact with her and she was sitting there 25 with a pen and paper that you would respond in kind? 09:36

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. And if she was standing there with one of her children you3 would go ahead and communicate with her through her children.
- 4 A. Correct.

## 09:36 5 Q. Do you recall her ever calling her children over to help 6 communicate, to interpret?

- 7 A. Yes, there were occasions that she called them over.
- 8 Q. Specifically to interpret.
- 9 A. Yes.

#### 09:36 10 Q. Do you believe she is adept at lip-reading?

11 A. Yes.

Q. What leads you to believe that she is adept at lip-reading?
A. On one of the earliest contacts I had with her I recall her
adult son being there, and he had said to look at his mother and
make eye contact with her because she could read lips.

16 Q. And have you had a contact where you concluded that she was 17 reading lips?

18 A. Just based off of how she would make eye contact with me
19 when I was speaking and pay attention to the way that my mouth
09:37 20 was moving, it seemed at times she was paying more attention to

- 21 me speaking than to her children signing.
  - 22 Q. Have you ever heard Ms. Lange speak?
  - 23 A. Yes.
  - 24 Q. Was that common to hear her speak?
- 09:37 25 A. No.

Q. Could you make out what she was saying when she did speak?
 A. Yes, definitely.

3 Q. So you, yourself could fully understand what Ms. Lange was4 saying.

09:38 5 A. Yes.

- 6 Q. Do you know Ms. Lange as being volatile?
- 7 A. There have been occasions that she was volatile, yes.
- 8 Q. Prone to screaming and yelling?

9 A. I would say the only times I ever heard her speak is if she09:38 10 were screaming or yelling.

- 11 Q. Swearing?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Tell me, is it possible to communicate with Ms. Lange when

14 she is agitated?

09:38 15 A. Not effectively.

16 Q. Because of her demeanor.

A. Yes. If she was in a situation where she was very agitated
and to the point of yelling and screaming, no one could really
get through to her. It was very difficult to get her to calm
down.

Q. Does the Oconto County Sheriff's Department have available to you contacts, the total contacts with Ms. Lange with Oconto and Oconto Falls?

# A. We have a shared computer system called Spillman which everyagency in Oconto County uses, and that would record every

1 contact that we've had with her. 2 And the sheriff's department would be the repository of that Ο. 3 information? 4 Yes. Α. 5 And have you looked on this Spillman? 09:39 Q. 6 Yes, I have. Α. 7 And approximately how many contacts has Oconto and Oconto 0. 8 Falls had with Ms. Lange let's say through 2017? 9 The total number of involvements with Ms. Lange that were Α. 10 listed in Spillman is for any agency in Oconto County, so it may 09:39 11 be Oconto, it may be Oconto Falls, or the sheriff's office, or 12 any other small agency, was around 115. 13 MR. CARLSON: Okay, thank you. 14 THE COURT: Cross? 15 09:39 MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION 17 BY MS. LUBIN: 18 You stated that Ms. Lange had not used an ASL interpreter on Ο. 19 any of your contacts with her, correct? 09:40 20 Α. Correct. 21 But you are aware of all of the contacts as you just Ο. 22 described about the system, correct? And you said that there's 23 about 115 contacts, correct? 24 Α. When I looked under her name, yes, there was about 115 in 25 the timeframe he was referring to. 09:40

1 Are you aware of any contacts in which Ms. Lange did use an Q. 2 ASL interpreter? 3 Yes. Α. 4 And so your office has provided -- excuse me, your Ο. 5 department has provided a ASL interpreter for her before. 09:40 6 Α. Yes. 7 And was that situation serious? Ο. 8 I was not involved in any of those complaints. Α. 9 And in your review of the complaints would you say that Q. 10 those were serious contacts? 09:40 11 I reviewed the number of complaints. I did read the reports Α. 12 other than the ones that were specific to my involvement. 13 Do you remember taking a deposition in this case? Q. 14 Α. Yes. In which you were asked about all of the reports including 09:40 15 Q. 16 the report in which she had made an ASL contact with Oconto 17 Falls? And you described that contact? 18 My deposition had nothing to do with Oconto Falls. Α. 19 Excuse me, in Oconto County. Q. 09:41 20 Α. There was a time when Detective Bastian requested an ASL 21 interpreter for Renee. I was not present for that. 22 But you do know the situation that was involved because you Q. 23 read the report, correct? 24 Α. Yes. 25 And you would agree that that was a serious situation, 09:41 Ο.

1 correct? 2 A. No. 3 MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object. She's referring to 4 a report and I can't refer to a report? 5 THE COURT: You can refer to it. If she opens the 09:41 6 door you can ask about it. 7 BY MS. LUBIN: 8 You don't believe that that was a serious situation. Ο. 9 Α. No. 10 Would seeing the report refresh your recollection? 09:41 Ο. 11 Α. Sure. 12 Q. Just a moment. 13 MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object. It's not in the 14 claims here. 15 09:41 THE COURT: Let's see. Let's take our morning recess. 16 This will be about 20 minutes. We'll try to clear this up. 17 Okay? 18 (Jury out at 9:42 a.m.) 19 THE COURT: Might be a little later because I have to 20 09:42 give the attorneys a break too and the court reporter. Okay, go 21 ahead and be seated. Let's see the report. What is this about? 22 MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. This is a report in 23 which Ms. Lange requested an interpreter from Oconto and a 24 interpreter was provided. This was for a situation involving 25 her daughter Ralene in which Ralene was involved in -- she was 09:42

2

complaining about sexual harassment allegations.

THE COURT: By whom?

3 MS. LUBIN: By another male. Not Jeremy Parmer or
4 anybody related in this Lange family.

09:43

5 MR. CARLSON: This is something that I deliberately 6 avoided and you told me to, Your Honor. This is about a sexual 7 assault claim, sexual abuse, and I stayed away from that because 8 obviously it's sensitive.

9 THE COURT: Well, the ruling that I've had is that 9 you're free to go into evidence of the communication ability and 11 the interaction with the law enforcement concerning the -- that 12 reflects the ability and interest and desire of Ms. Lange's use 13 of ASL or other means of communication and to show that she's 14 able to communicate.

15 I have directed you not to introduce evidence of other acts by Ms. Lange that would unduly prejudice her in the eyes of the jury. The issue here is whether or not the police departments violated her rights under the ADA and Rehabilitation Act by failing to provide an interpreter.

09:4420And that -- you know, the fact that she may have been21drunk on other occasions or that she was arrested for22shoplifting or other things would just -- and I don't want to23suggest that's what the reports show because I don't know.

What I've made clear is that we don't want to simply
 09:44 25 prejudice the jury against defendant by pointing out that she's

1 had -- in making allegations, we don't have the witnesses to 2 these events, that she's been charged with these things. 3 Now, this is an incident involving where an 4 interpreter was provided. If you think that the context of some 5 of these other cases where an interpreter wasn't provided is 09:44 6 relevant, you can certainly bring that out. 7 MR. CARLSON: This witness has no firsthand knowledge 8 of this. This witness was not involved in this incident. This 9 witness has no personal knowledge of this. 10 THE COURT: This witness has testified from records 09:45 11 she has reviewed. And it sounds like she reviewed this record. 12 If she didn't review it, if she doesn't recognize the record 13 that's fine. 14 MS. LUBIN: The witness has also testified about this 09:45 15 record in her deposition testimony which Mr. Carlson was present for. 16 17 THE COURT: I don't see the prejudice here is what I'm 18 The reason for not going into the other actions was to saving. 19 avoid undue prejudice. I don't see the prejudice here, 09:45 20 Mr. Carlson. Am I missing something? 21 She was interviewed regarding a -- you know, a 22 different investigation. She was a witness to a different 23 investigation. She was interviewed, I take it, at the police 24 department? 25 MR. CARLSON: This could be where an ASL interpreter 09:45

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1 was required by some agency. It's not necessarily that 2 Ms. Lange preferred this. This is prejudicial. This is a 3 situation where an ASL interpreter -- she was forced to use an 4 ASL interpreter. It wasn't her own choice. 5 THE COURT: So the department wanted to use a ASL 09:46 6 interpreter. 7 MR. CARLSON: Not the police department, another 8 agency. 9 THE COURT: Oh, okay. What other agency was that? 10 MR. CARLSON: Human Services. 09:46 11 THE COURT: So Human Services -- so this doesn't 12 involve the police department. 13 MR. CARLSON: It's tangentially --14 THE COURT: So this is a -- and it's not a police 15 09:46 investigation, it's social services investigation. 16 MR. CARLSON: Correct. 17 THE COURT: All right. It's out. Forget it. No. 18 MS. LUBIN: That's not correct, Your Honor. In fact, 19 the witness just testified that the detective involved in the 20 09:46 case wanted to use an ASL interpreter and that she has nothing 21 to do with that detective in that case. 22 THE COURT: Let me see the report. 23 (Document tendered to the Court.) 24 (Brief pause.) 25 MS. LEHOCKY: Reyna, which exhibit number is that? 09:47

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	1	MS. LUBIN: This is your exhibit.
	2	MR. CARLSON: We don't have that exhibit.
	3	MS. LEHOCKY: She said she pulled it out of your
	4	binder. Which number is it?
09:47	5	MS. LUBIN: Let's see.
	6	MS. LEHOCKY: It was yours.
	7	THE COURT: This says nothing about an ASL. This
	8	is
	9	MS. LUBIN: The report doesn't state an ASL
09:48	10	interpreter was provided on that, but when I asked her if she
	11	remembered if the report would jog her memory if an ASL
	12	interpreter was provided, she said yes. And she does know, in
	13	fact, that a ASL interpreter was provided on that date.
	14	THE COURT: By social services in a different type of
09:48	15	interview.
	16	No. It's completely different circumstances when a
	17	interview is conducted by social services separate and an
	18	investigation is ongoing. These are incidents that occur.
	19	Police are dispatched to a location. It's not the same.
09:49	20	It's so it's not relevant. It's prejudicial. You can take
	21	it back. We're not going there. Anything else?
	22	MS. LUBIN: No, Your Honor.
	23	THE COURT: Okay. Let's take our break.
	24	MR. CARLSON: Well, Your Honor, the toothpaste has
09:49	25	sort of come out of the tube there. It's hard to put back in.

Crocker/Cross Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020 1 Are you going to instruct the jury to disregard that? 2 THE COURT: Disregard what? 3 MR. CARLSON: This question --4 THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection. Ι 5 give the jury the normal instruction that when I sustain an 09:49 6 objection they should ignore the question. 7 MR. CARLSON: Okay. THE COURT: That'll be part of the instructions. 8 9 All right. Let's take our break. We'll pick up at no 10 later than 5 after. 09:49 11 MR. CARLSON: Thank you. 12 THE COURT: We're in recess. 13 (Recess taken at 9:50 a.m., until 10:07 a.m.) 14 THE COURT: Okay, go ahead and be seated. We're 10:08 15 outside the presence of the jury still. 16 Detective Crocker, among the -- you testified that 17 there were 115 or so incidents that you looked at, and I think 18 you testified that none of them involved an interpreter. Was 19 this one of those incidents that showed up on the system? 20 10:08 THE WITNESS: The way that our system works is any 21 time somebody is involved in a complaint it generates what's 22 called a law screen. And then the law screen is then attached 23 to that person's name. 24 So I was able to just run a report that shows the 25 10:08 incident number, the date, and the type of incident. And that's

1 where that 115 number came from. From the entire county. 2 Now, I would have to open and read the complaints in 3 the entirety to get the content of each one. I did not read 115 4 police reports. 5 THE COURT: So you're not saying that all 115 didn't 10:09 6 involve --7 THE WITNESS: I'm not saying anything other than 115 8 exist. 9 THE COURT: 115 contacts. 10 10:09 THE WITNESS: Correct. 11 THE COURT: And this contact appears to have involved 12 -- the use of ASL was during a custodial interview? 13 THE WITNESS: The incident that I referred to in my 14 deposition, Detective Bastian's report specifically stated that 10:09 15 an ASL interpreter was there. So if the report that was given 16 to you by counsel didn't include that information, we're talking 17 about two different reports. 18 THE COURT: Okay. I think the report she gave me was 19 kind of an initial report of maybe the incident. But it wasn't 10:09 20 the full investigative file. 21 But am I correct that the interview in which an ASL 22 interpreter was used was a custodial interview? 23 THE WITNESS: No. It was not related to anybody's

24 arrest, no.

25

10:09

THE COURT: I don't mean arrest. I mean was there an

1 appointment made where she came into the police department, sat 2 down -- or to the social services department, they sat down and 3 conducted an interview prearranged?

4 THE WITNESS: I don't know the answer to that 10:10 5 question.

THE COURT: Okay.

6

7 THE WITNESS: I don't know how she came to be with8 Detective Bastian or what their plans were.

9 THE COURT: Okay. This witness doesn't know enough
10:10 10 that would at all help. And she didn't testify that all 115 did
11 not involve ASL. She testified there were 115 contacts.

12 So my ruling stands. But if you want to introduce 13 your -- or want me to hold onto your report as part of the 14 record, I can do that.

10:10 15 MS. ALCALDE: Your Honor, if my co-counsel could
 16 rephrase the question and just ask flat out: you don't know if
 17 ASL interpreters were provided for any of these 115.

18THE COURT: That's fine. That's fine.19Okay. Are we ready to bring the jury in?10:1020Let's bring the jury in.

21 (Jury in at 10:11 a.m.)

THE COURT: Okay. Please be seated. And I just want
 to remind you that when I sustain an objection that means you
 disregard the question. And I sustained the last objection, but
 there's another question now from Ms. Lubin.

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	1	Go ahead. You may proceed.
	2	MS. LUBIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
	3	BY MS. LUBIN:
	4	Q. You stated earlier that you
10:12	5	MR. CARLSON: Can you speak into the microphone,
	6	please?
	7	MS. LUBIN: Excuse me. Let me get the microphone a
	8	little closer.
	9	BY MS. LUBIN:
10:12	10	Q. You stated earlier that you have communicated the written
	11	communication with Ms. Lange in the past, correct?
	12	A. Correct.
	13	Q. And you stated also that you personally have used her minor
	14	children to communicate as well, correct?
10:12	15	A. Yes.
	16	Q. They've interpreted for her.
	17	A. Correct.
	18	Q. So you agree that in your experiences with Ms. Lange she's
	19	communicated differently on different occasions, correct?
10:12	20	A. Yes.
	21	Q. And isn't it fair to say that effective communication is
	22	dependent on the circumstances?
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. You believe that an interpreter might be necessary for a
10:13	25	circumstance involving an arrest, correct?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And would you agree that when a person's liberty is at stake3 it's a very serious situation?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 10:13 5 Q. Do you agree that when a person is requesting for an 6 interpreter a police officer should take that under 7 consideration?
  - 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. In all the times you interacted with Ms. Lange you never
- 10:13 10 attempted to secure an in-person interpreter with Ms. Lange, 11 correct?
  - 12 A. I never did, correct.
  - 13 Q. And you've never attempted to secure a virtual interpreter
  - 14 with Ms. Lange either, correct?
- 10:13 15 A. Correct.
  - 16 Q. But you do know how to secure a virtual interpreter, right?
    - 17 A. A virtual interpreter? No.
  - 18 Q. Haven't you testified that you -- previously that you have
  - 19 secured a virtual interpreter in the past?
- 10:14 20 A. Are you talking like a by-phone interpreter?
  - 21 Q. Yes.
  - 22 A. Yes, I have for a foreign language.
  - 23 Q. And what foreign language was that?
  - 24 A. I believe it was Russian.
- 10:14 25 Q. And you know that Russian and English are different

1 languages obviously, right? 2 Α. Yes. 3 And you also know that American Sign Language and English Ο. 4 are different languages, right? 5 Yes. Α. 10:14 6 And so you've secured a Russian interpreter, but you haven't Q. 7 secured an American Sign Language interpreter. 8 A. Correct. 9 And you're aware that your department, Oconto Police Q. 10 Department, is involved in only one situation in the suit, 10:14 11 correct? 12 MR. CARLSON: I didn't -- I can't hear the question. 13 MS. LUBIN: I can get closer and rephrase the 14 question. 15 10:14 THE COURT: Go ahead. 16 BY MS. LUBIN: 17 Q. Are you aware that your department is only involved in one 18 incident before the Court and that incident arised on May 30th, 19 2016? 10:15 20 A. No. 21 Q. So do you know anything about an incident on May 30th, 2016 22 involving your department? 23 Α. I would have to review the reports to see which incident 24 that was. 25 Q. So you were never at an incident on May 30th, 2016 at 10:15

	1	Ms. Lange's home, correct?
	2	A. I would have to review the reports to see which incident
	3	that was.
	4	Q. Okay. Do you have your reports with you?
40.45	+ 5	A. I do not. I left them out there.
10:15		
	6	THE COURT: Can we stipulate that she wasn't there?
	7	That's obvious.
	8	BY MS. LUBIN:
	9	Q. Yes. You were not at the May 30th
10:15	10	MR. CARLSON: We'll stipulate she was not there.
	11	THE COURT: Good. Let's move on then.
	12	BY MS. LUBIN:
	13	Q. Would you consider English to be your primary language?
	14	A. Yes.
10:15	15	Q. If you were arrested by a Russian-speaking officer would you
	16	want to speak English?
	17	MR. CARLSON: I'm going to object, Your Honor.
	18	THE COURT: Sustained.
	19	BY MS. LUBIN:
10:15	20	Q. You stated earlier that you have written notes with
	21	Ms. Lange, correct?
	22	A. Correct.
	23	Q. Do you ever remember writing notes with Ms. Lange outside?
	24	A. Outside of her home?
10:16	25	Q. A building, outside of a home, outside of a building.

1 Α. It's possible. 2 Do you know if you've ever written at 10 p.m. at night? Q. 3 It's possible. Α. 4 And you would agree that 10 p.m. at night it's dark outside? Ο. 5 Yes. Α. 10:16 6 Have you arrested Ms. Lange before? Ο. 7 Α. No. 8 Have you ever put handcuffs on Ms. Lange before? Q. 9 Not to my recollection, no. Α. 10 So you've never had any communication with Ms. Lange 10:16 Ο. 11 involving her being under arrest. 12 Α. Correct. 13 And the 115 interactions that you described before, you Q. 14 don't know if an ASL interpreter was ever provided. 10:16 15 Α. Correct. 16 And you would agree that all the 115 interactions are 0. 17 different interactions, correct? 18 Α. Correct. 19 In your interactions with Ms. Lange whenever you used her Q. 10:17 20 children, was there a policy at the time and place that stated 21 that you were not to use a minor child? 22 A. Not that I'm aware of. 23 Q. Has that policy changed now? 24 Α. Yes. 25 And so now you would not use a minor child. 10:17 0.

1 Α. Unless there was extenuating circumstances. 2 And that would be a serious emergency situation, right? Q. 3 Right. Cause our primary concern is to make sure that Α. 4 everybody is safe. And unfortunately geographically when we're 5 requesting a sign language interpreter it may be over an hour 10:17 6 before someone gets there. If there's a concern for life safety 7 we're going to communicate however we can to get the situation 8 under control. 9 Absolutely. But you've also testified that you can simply Ο. 10 10:17 request a sign language interpreter virtually, correct? 11 I can request one, but it doesn't mean I'm going to get it Α. 12 immediately. 13 Q. But you can get one on your phone. Someone does not have to 14 come in person. 10:17 15 I could request one. It doesn't mean I'm going to get it Α. 16 instantly. And if there's a concern for life or safety, we're 17 going to use whatever means necessary to communicate until a 18 situation is safe. 19 So you've requested a Russian interpreter before on a phone. Q. 10:18 20 Α. That was on a traffic stop. 21 So it was a small interaction and you requested an Ο. 22 interpreter on the phone. 23 Yes. And it was not instantaneous. But there was not an Α. 24 immediate threat to life or anything like that. It was a 25 traffic stop of a truck driver who did not speak English. 10:18

	1	Q. So it was a traffic stop so you were on the side of the
	2	road.
	3	A. Yes.
	4	Q. And you probably got time, correct?
	5	(Court Reporter Interruption.)
	6	BY MS. LUBIN:
	7	Q. And during that small traffic interaction you were able to
	8	request an interpreter.
	9	A. I requested an interpreter through dispatch using my radio,
10:18	10	and then they had someone call my cell phone. But it did take
	11	time. It was not immediate.
	12	Q. Okay. So it just depends on the circumstances.
	13	A. Yes.
	14	MS. LUBIN: Thank you.
10:18	15	THE COURT: Anything else?
	16	REDIRECT-EXAMINATION
	17	BY MR. CARLSON:
	18	Q. Detective Crocker, would you describe every one of your
	19	contacts with Ms. Lange as having effective communication?
10:19	20	A. Yes.
	21	MR. CARLSON: No further questions.
	22	THE COURT: All right. You can step down. Thank you.
	23	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
	24	THE COURT: Is there another witness from the defense?
10:19	25	MR. CARLSON: Yes. Retired Chief Faith.

	1	THE COURT: Okay. And we'll sanitize the witness
	2	stand.
	3	Would you please raise your right hand, sir. The
	4	clerk will administer the oath.
10:20	5	BERNARD FAITH, DEFENSE WITNESS, DULY SWORN
	6	THE CLERK: Please state and spell your first and last
	7	name for the record.
	8	THE WITNESS: Bernard D. Faith. B-E-R-N-A-R-D.
	9	Faith, F-A-I-T-H.
10:20	10	THE COURT: Please have a seat. You can take your
	11	mask off when you testify though.
	12	THE WITNESS: It's a lot more comfortable.
	13	THE COURT: Yeah, and it's good to see a face when we
	14	hear testimony.
10:20	15	All right, go ahead, Mr. Carlson.
	16	DIRECT EXAMINATION
	17	BY MR. CARLSON:
	18	Q. Please state your name?
	19	A. Bernard D. Faith.
10:20	20	Q. Address?
	21	A. Current address?
	22	Q. Yes.
	23	A. 610 Rolling Green Drive, Green Bay, Wisconsin.
	24	Q. Are you employed?
10:20	25	A. Yes, I am.

- 1 Q. Doing what?
- 2 A. I'm retired and working at Cabela's Bass Pro Shops.
- 3 Q. Were you at one time employed by the City of Oconto?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 10:20 5 Q. Doing what?
  - 6 A. I was a police officer, a detective, and retired as a police7 chief.
    - 8 Q. How many years in total?
    - 9 A. About 12 approximately.
- 10:21 10 Q. And how long were you chief?
  - 11 A. Two, I believe.
  - 12 Q. I'm presuming your career went upwards instead of downwards
  - 13 so the chief would have been your last position?
  - 14 A. That is correct.
- 10:21 15 Q. How long were you an officer?
  - 16 A. Total time? Over 20 years.
  - 17 Q. And did you -- were you a police officer in other
  - 18 communities?

## 19 A. I started in the military and worked my way through the

10:21 20 civilian process.

- 21 Q. How long were you detective?
- A. Approximately two years. 2 1/2 years with the city of
  Oconto.
- Q. So your police career was entirely in the city of Oconto?10:21 25 A. Civilian police, yes.

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	1	Q. Chief Faith, is it routine for you to complete a report
	2	after each notable contact with a member of the public?
	3	A. Yes.
	4	Q. And do those reports contain notes from each notable
10:22	5	contact?
	6	A. It's our field notes that we write into the report, yes.
	7	Q. And are these reports made by you when the contact was fresh
	8	in your memory?
	9	A. Yes.
10:22	10	Q. And do they accurately reflect what transpired during that
	11	contact?
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. Have you had any contacts with Ms. Lange and her son
	14	Brandon?
10:22	15	A. I had contacts with both of them, yes.
	16	Q. And did you complete a report?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. Did you at one time have a contact with Ms. Lange when she
	19	came in to file a complaint?
10:22	20	A. Yes.
	21	Q. And did you make a report of that?
	22	A. Actually we just took the statement because it was a
	23	different style complaint. I logged the date that she came in,
	24	which I believe was June 1st of 2016, which would have been a
10:23	25	Wednesday. She asked for a statement form, which we provided

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	1	her, and she said she'd take it home and return it in a few
	2	days. She returned it the very next morning.
	3	MR. CARLSON: May I approach, Your Honor?
	4	THE COURT: You may.
10:23	5	MR. CARLSON: I would like Exhibit 1102. And there
	6	would be the log part of that exhibit. And it would be page 634
	7	and 635. Page 11 in the exhibit, I believe. 11 and 12.
	8	BY MR. CARLSON:
	9	Q. Do you have that in front of you, sir?
10:24	10	A. Which page was it?
	11	Q. That's page 11 in the exhibit. Might also have a Bates
	12	stamp of 0634. Pardon me. 0657.
	13	A. I believe I have it, yes.
	14	Q. Is this the report that you prepared?
10:25	15	A. Yes.
	16	Q. And it looks familiar to you?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. Can you recall what happened?
	19	A. If I'm reading the correct one here, it's on Wednesday, June
10:25	20	1st, 2016, approximately 3:25 p.m.
	21	MS. LUBIN: Objection, Your Honor. I would ask the
	22	witness to refresh his recollection and testify after his
	23	recollection is refreshed.
	24	BY MR. CARLSON:
10:25	25	Q. Can you remember the report at all?

1 Yes. I took this statement from Renee. Α. 2 But that's it, you don't remember the details of the report? Q. 3 Α. No. 4 MR. CARLSON: I'm going to ask that he be allowed to 5 read the report. 10:26 6 THE COURT: Any objection to that? 7 MS. LUBIN: No, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead. 9 THE WITNESS: Would you like me to read it aloud or 10 just myself? 10:26 11 THE COURT: No, you can read it out loud. 12 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. 13 (Quoted as read) "I, Chief Bernard D. Faith, was 14 radioed by Oconto dispatch that my 3:30 appointment was here. Ι 10:26 15 was not aware of any appointment. I checked with Sergeant Vanhulle to see if there was an appointment coming in. He did 16 17 not return to the Oconto Police Department. 18 "Upon arrival, Renee Lange was at the window who I 19 knew from past police contact, with her son. Renee requested 20 10:26 statement forms and stated her son -- and stated through her son 21 that she was -- she had four witnesses she wanted us to talk 22 about an incident the other night. 23 "I gave Renee statement forms. She stated through her 24 son she had to go to meet a social worker at her home and stated

10:26 25 she would return the statements tomorrow.

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	4	
	1	"On June 2nd at approximately 8:30 a.m., Renee stopped
	2	at the police department. She gave me a statement. I asked her
	3	if that was her statement, she nodded it was. I asked her if
	4	she had the information about her witnesses, she stated she did
10:27	5	not and she would drop them off sometime later today as she has
	6	to work until 2:30 p.m. And then I attached the statements."
	7	BY MR. CARLSON:
	8	Q. Did you call her in?
	9	A. No.
10:27	10	Q. Did you have any need for her to be reporting to the police
	11	department?
	12	A. No.
	13	Q. This was totally voluntarily?
	14	A. Yes.
10:27	15	Q. By Ms. Lange?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. And like I said, there was no request or need for you to
	18	talk to her.
	19	A. None by us, no.
10:27	20	Q. If you look at your report, it says Wednesday, June 1st, at
	21	approximately 3:25.
	22	A. Correct.
	23	Q. And did you give her a complaint form?
	24	A. I gave her four or five different statement forms.
10:27	25	Q. And then it says on Thursday, June 2nd, 2016, at

	1	approximately 8:30, she stopped and she gave you a completed
	2	form?
	3	A. She gave me one completed form and I asked her about if she
	4	had the other ones of her witnesses and she never returned them.
10:28	5	Q. But nevertheless she returned the complaint form filled out
	6	the next day at 8:30.
	7	A. Yes.
	8	Q. And if she would have if she would say that it took her
	9	three or four days to complete this complaint form, you would
10:28	10	disagree with that?
	11	MS. LUBIN: Objection, Your Honor.
	12	THE COURT: Sustained.
	13	BY MR. CARLSON:
	14	Q. This is in any event, she returned the complaint form the
10:28	15	next day early in the morning.
	16	A. Correct.
	17	Q. Okay. Have you had other contacts with her?
	18	A. Yes.
	19	Q. Has she ever requested an American Sign Language
10:29	20	interpreter?
	21	A. No. Most of my contacts were more when she was a
	22	complainant and she would get her children a lot of times to
	23	translate for her.
	24	Q. Getting back to this, when she came in the police station,
10:29	25	did she use Brandon as an interpreter?

	1	A. That morning, yes.
	2	Q. Did she use Brandon did you ask that Brandon interpret?
	3	A. No.
	4	Q. She just voluntarily had Brandon interpret?
10:29	5	A. With her, yes.
	6	MR. CARLSON: Okay. No further questions. Thank you.
	7	THE COURT: Cross?
	8	MS. LUBIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
	9	CROSS-EXAMINATION
10:29	10	BY MS. LUBIN:
	11	Q. I want to talk about the good morning, by the way. Hope
	12	everything is great.
	13	A. Good morning.
	14	Q. I want to talk about the
10:29	15	MR. CARLSON: Talk in the microphone.
	16	BY MS. LUBIN:
	17	Q. I want to talk about the complaint form that we were just
	18	speaking about, okay?
	19	A. Yes.
10:29	20	Q. So you were chief at the time, May 30th, 2016, right?
	21	A. Correct.
	22	Q. And you were aware that Ms. Lange was arrested on May 30th,
	23	2016, correct?
	24	A. Yes. Just from reading the reports.
10:30	25	Q. And you're aware that she was released from custody on May

- 1 31st, 2016, correct?
- 2 A. That I wouldn't know without going back to the jail records.
  3 Q. Okay. And so you did not see Ms. Lange at all on May 31st,
  4 correct?
- 10:30 5 A. No. 6 Q. And you have no idea what Ms. Lange was doing on May 31st,

8 A. Correct.

correct?

- 9 Q. So she could have been working on a complaint against you
- 10:30 10 guys on May 31st.
  - 11 A. I would not be aware of that.
  - 12 Q. Right. So you saw her then on June 1st in the afternoon,13 correct?
  - 14 A. Correct.
- 10:30 15 Q. And she asked for a form, correct?
  - 16 A. She asked for forms for her witnesses.
  - 17 Q. And then she left.
  - 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. And you have no idea what she was doing earlier in the day
- 10:30 20 on June 1st either.
  - 21 A. No.
  - 22 Q. Or in the afternoon on June 1st.
  - 23 A. No.
- Q. And then the next time you saw her was June 2nd at 8:30 in10:30 25 the morning, right?

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1 A. Approximately, yes.

2 Q. And so between May 31st and June 2nd, that's about three 3 days, correct?

4 A. June 1st to June 2nd?

10:31 5 Q. Excuse me, May 31st to June 2nd.

- 6 A. I had no contact on May 31st.
- 7 Q. Isn't that three days between May 31st and June 2nd?8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Thanks. So I want to talk a little bit about your prior

10:31 10 contacts with Ms. Lange. You stated that you have written notes

- 11 to Ms. Lange before?
- 12 A. That's how we would communicate with each other, is I'd

13 write a note and then she would a lot of times just get her kids

14 to translate because it was easier.

10:31 15 Q. So you used notes and her children.

16 A. I used notes, she used her children.

17 Q. And you used your -- you got the interpretation from her

18 children interpreting.

19 A. Correct.

10:31 20 Q. And those were various situations.

A. A few. I wouldn't say like every day type of thing, but
there was a few, yes.

Q. And did any of those situations involve an arrest by you?
A. By me? Not of Renee, but of her daughter.

10:32 25 Q. Okay. But for you specifically you never arrested

- 1 Ms. Lange.
- 2 A. Not that I'm aware of, no.
- 3 Q. You never put handcuffs on Ms. Lange.
- 4 A. Never, no.
- 10:32 5 Q. So you never communicated with her under these
  - 6 circumstances. Correct?
    - 7 A. Correct, not under where she was under arrest.
    - 8 Q. Do you think that being under arrest is a very serious
  - 9 situation?

10:32 10 A. Yes.

- 11 Q. Do you think that effective communication depends on the 12 circumstance in which the individual is involved?
  - 13 A. Could you repeat that?
- 14 Q. Yes, of course. Do you believe that effective communication10:32 15 between two people depends on the circumstances which the two
  - 16 people are involved in?
  - 17 A. Yes.
    - MS. LUBIN: Thank you. No further questions.

19 THE COURT: Mr. Carlson, any questions?

10:32 20

18

21 THE COURT: Thank you, Chief Faith. You may step22 down.

23 (Witness excused at 10:32 a.m.)

MR. CARLSON: No.

24 THE COURT: Any other evidence?

10:32 25 MR. CARLSON: No.

1 THE COURT: Do you wish to introduce or offer the 2 exhibits? 3 MR. CARLSON: Yes, I do. 4 THE COURT: Which exhibit? This most recent one, the 5 portion of 1102? 10:33 6 MR. CARLSON: Yes. 7 THE COURT: And just that one page? 8 MR. CARLSON: Yes. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. LUBIN: Just to be clear 1102 is the police 10:33 11 report? 12 THE COURT: Right. That's the one he just read. So 13 1102, that page of 1102 is received. 14 MR. CARLSON: Right. 15 (Exhibit 1102, Bates 0657 only, received in evidence.) 10:33 16 THE COURT: And any other evidence from the defense? 17 MR. CARLSON: No. 18 THE COURT: Is there going to be any rebuttal? 19 MS. LUBIN: No, Your Honor. We have no rebuttal 20 10:33 witness. 21 THE COURT: The evidence is complete? 22 MR. CARLSON: Yes. 23 THE COURT: We're going to close this afternoon, 24 ladies and gentlemen. So what looked like a five- or seven-day 25 trial I think we're going to be able to complete in three. 10:33

	1	We're going to take a break. We have to go over jury
	2	instructions. We've done that preliminarily. And you've
	3	ordered your lunch, I take it? You're free to walk around,
	4	enjoy the fresh air until that arrives, and we're going to start
10:34	5	up at 1:00, but at 1:00 we're going to do the closings. I don't
	6	think we're going to be able to well, I wonder if we could
	7	start at 12:30. Let's try at 12:30. If you're back in the jury
	8	room at 12:30 we'll try to start up then to shorten the
	9	because it's still a pretty long break, but we want to make sure
10:34	10	we go over the jury instructions and are ready to go then.
	11	Okay? All right. Okay. One more warning: Don't
	12	talk about the case. You can take your notepads with you.
	13	Leave them in the jury room. You've heard the evidence, there's
	14	no more evidence to take down. When you come back you'll
10:34	15	receive instructions and you'll hear arguments and then you'll
	16	receive the case for your deliberation. Jury is excused then.
	17	(Jury out at 10:34 a.m.)
	18	THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead, be seated. We're outside
	19	the presence of the jury.
10:35	20	Chief Faith, you're free to go. You can have a seat
	21	and watch or you're free to go. Thank you.
	22	JURY INSTRUCTION & VERDICT CONFERENCE
	23	THE COURT: In terms of the jury instructions, we did
	24	receive plaintiff's proposed revisions. Do you have any comment
10:35	25	on them, Mr. Carlson?

1 MR. CARLSON: Yeah, I disagree with them. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. CARLSON: The entire tone and tenure of the guts 4 of the case. 5 THE COURT: Other than telling me you disagree, do you 10:36 6 have any authority you want to cite or do you have any argument 7 to make? 8 MR. CARLSON: Well, I think that the Court's 9 understanding of what the preference of the deaf person is 10 central to the issue in this case, and I don't see anything in 10:36 11 any of the authorities cited by them addressing this specific 12 issue. And I think it's correct that a deaf person can choose 13 or can prefer to use her own children or family as an 14 interpreter. 10:36 15 THE COURT: Let me go through the plaintiff's proposed 16 revisions.

Page 9. "Police departments do not have to arrange
for a sign language interpreter every time an officer interacts
with a person who is deaf. However, if an interpreter is
requested or the need for one is known or obvious, the
requirements of Title II are subject to the bounds of
reasonableness."

I think all those concepts are conveyed in the
 original draft. Not in specifically that way. But I don't
 think I'm going to change anything based upon that. I'll take

1 another look at page 9, but my sense is that's taken care of.
2 Page 10. "An emergency situation involving an
3 imminent threat," I think that's supposed to read, "requires
4 truly exigent circumstances; for example, where any delay in
5 providing the immediate services to the individual could have
6 life altering or life ending consequences."

10:37

7 I don't think -- and I recognize that comes from the 8 U.S. Department of Justice or some handbook that's cited, but 9 I'm satisfied that that's inconsistent with the regulation. The 10:38 10 regulation indicates that an emergency involving imminent threat 11 to the safety or welfare of an individual or the public is 12 what's key.

13 Safety and welfare is broader than life altering or 14 life ending consequences. That's way too restrictive. I don't 10:38 15 think if a building is burning down, even if police know there's 16 nobody is inside the building, they can grab whatever access 17 they have to somebody who can interpret to ask where the 18 entrance is or where the fire was started or however they want 19 to do it.

10:3820So that just seems to me too extreme. I think the21manner in which the regulation states it, "imminent threat to22the safety or welfare of an individual or the public where there23is no interpreter available," and "readily available" I think is24the key. So I'm rejecting your proposed change on page 10.10:3925You also state on page 10, "Even if a citizen prefers

1 to use his or her own child to facilitate communication, the 2 police must still provide competent interpreter services to the 3 citizen in place of the citizen's child."

Well, ultimately the question is effective
10:39 5 communication. And as I said before, the way I've phrased this
6 is, that the police --

Well, I'm going to go get my copy of the instructions.
I think I left them in back. I'll use those. I'll run back.
I'll be right back.

10:40

10

11

(Brief pause.)

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead, be seated.

12 And the way I phrased it in the instructions is: 13 "Police officers should not rely on a minor child to interpret 14 or facilitate communication except in an emergency situation 10:41 15 involving an imminent threat to the safety or welfare of an 16 individual or the public where there is no other interpreter 17 readily available."

18 Then I go on to state -- the instruction states:
19 "Police need not interfere, however, in the decision of a
10:41 20 private citizen to use his or her own child to facilitate her
21 communication."

I think a reasonable view of the evidence that the jury may adopt here is that it was Ms. Lange who used her children to interpret, not the police who directed it. It does seem to me that if she doesn't want her child to interpret she

1 shouldn't sign to them. If you sign to them you're
2 suggesting -- and in communicating to the officer you're
3 suggesting by signing, answering the officer in signing to your
4 child that you wish to use your child.

10:41 5 Now, and then whether that's effective or not I don't 6 know. But I think the statement permitting a minor child to 7 interpret, I don't think the police should be preventing a deaf 8 person from communicating with them in the manner they choose. 9 I think that's also part of the regulation.

10 And it does strike me that someone who a deaf person 10:42 11 has known and has really talked sign language to, that person 12 has learned to communicate with their mother through 18 or 14 13 years is probably a pretty good interpreter. I recognize that 14 there can be conflicts. And that's always true. When police 10:42 15 arrive on a scene, often when they interview people there are 16 conflicts. Police don't ultimately make determinations of who 17 is quilty or who is not quilty, they simply determine probable 18 cause and we rely on courts and proceedings to ultimately get 19 there.

10:4220But it seems to me clear that this regulation, while21it does not -- it requires that a public entity not rely on22children for interpretations, it does not require that they23immediately stop or prevent a child from interpreting where the24adult is using that child to communicate with them.

25

10:43

So I recognize that's a disagreement on the law. And

I think we will make sure that we make plaintiff's proposed
 revisions part of the record here and I'll certainly give you
 another opportunity to add to that record. But that's my
 determination on that aspect of it.

10:43

5

6

8

9

MS. LUBIN: May I have the opportunity now or --THE COURT: Let me go through and then we'll give you

7 the opportunity.

MS. LUBIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

10:43 10 I think that's also part of the argument on page 11.
 11 You also say, "If you find a violation of the ADA or
 12 Rehabilitation Act, Plaintiff is entitled to nominal damages."

13 That's already part of the damage instruction. I
14 think it says, "If you return a verdict for Plaintiff but
10:44 15 Plaintiff has failed to prove compensatory damages, then you
16 must award nominal damages of a dollar." And that's on page 13.
17 It might not be 13.

18 I did want to -- I did adjust your comment on 19 page 4 -- page 11, number 4, and changed the discrimination, the 10:44 20 intentional element to: "In failing to provide an interpreter 21 the defendant intentionally discriminated against plaintiff 22 based on her disability." And I think that's your last comment 23 there. So that's the one I've adopted.

24The others, though, I do say that: "A determining10:4525public entity shall give primary consideration to the requests

Jury Instruction & Verdict Conference Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020 1 of the individual with the disability unless it can demonstrate 2 another effective method of communication exists." 3 And to find effective communication the element does 4 include the Defendant requested an interpreter or the need for 5 an interpreter was known or obvious. Number one. 6 So I think those things are covered. 7 Go ahead, Ms. Lubin. 8 MS. LUBIN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. 9 One thing that I wanted to point out is that the last 10 page of the proposal, page 11, we added "an intentional 11 discrimination does not require personal animosity or ill will." 12 There is lots of mention about intentional discrimination and we 13 14 THE COURT: I'll add that. 15 MS. LUBIN: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: We'll add then that -- and you say that in 17 your proposal and I didn't include that, but I will. Where is 18 that again? 19 MS. LUBIN: It is on the last page of the proposal. 20 It's under page 11. 21 THE COURT: Right. 22 MS. LUBIN: Intentional discrimination. It's the 23 second sentence. It could have been a different paragraph to 24 make it easier, but we would like to have a definition about 25 intentional discrimination.

10:45

10:46

10:46

10:46

10:47

THE COURT: All right. "Intentional discrimination
does not require personal animosity or ill will."

3 And we'll add that to the number 4. We'll just add it4 right there.

5 MS. LUBIN: Okay. And as far as keeping in that 10:47 6 Ms. Lange could have used her children as interpreter for 7 primary consideration, plaintiff adamantly objects to this. The 8 plaintiff believes that the Department of Justice has made it 9 very clear in their regulations -- in their Technical Assistance 10 Manual, excuse me -- that minor children should not be used at 10:47 11 all.

12 In fact, just to make the record clear -- I'm sorry 13 for the lengthy record -- but in the Technical Assistance Manual 14 that was cited in the proposal --

10:48 15 Which I have copies of. That can be a part of the record as well.

17 -- the first page says, "The Department of Justice
 18 published revised final regulations implementing the Americans
 19 with Disabilities Act, Title II. These requirements or rules
 10:48 20 clarify and refine issues that have arisen over the past 20
 21 years. They contain new and updated requirements."

That's on the first page of the Technical Assistance
 Manual. When we turn to the fifth page of the Technical
 Assistance Manual there's an entire section dedicated to the use
 of accompanying adult or children as interpreters. The manual

1 clearly states that: "In an emergency involving an eminent 2 threat, the safety or welfare of an individual or the public, an 3 adult or minor child accompanying a person who uses sign 4 language may be relied on to interpret or facilitate 5 communication only when a qualified interpreter is not 10:48 6 available." 7 And so even in this emergency situation the department 8 is saying that you can only use a minor only when a qualified 9 interpreter is not available. In turning to point 2, the department states: 10 10:49 11 "In situations not involving an imminent threat an 12 adult accompanying someone who uses sign language may be relied 13 upon to interpret or facilitate communication when three things 14 are present: 15 "1. The individuals request this. 10:49 "2. 16 The accompanying adult agrees. And, 17 "3. The reliance of that accompanying adult is 18 appropriate under the circumstances." 19 Following that sentence it states: "This exception 10:49 20 does not apply to minor children." 21 We believe that a lower standard should not be made 22 today for minor children. And if the Department of Regulations 23 is stating that three steps must be had to even have an adult 24 who is accompanying a person not a qualified interpreter be 25 qualified to interpret, that there should be not a lower 10:50

standard for minor children to interpret.

If the department decided to put these three
provisions in there to make sure that we were certain that an
adult is able to interpret, there has to be -- there can't be a
lower standard logically for a minor to be used for primary
consideration in such situations.

7 We believe that the overt use of this exception does
8 not apply to minor children from the department, and both the
9 regulations and the Technical Assistance Manual makes it clear
10:50 10 that minor children are not allowed to interpret.

11

THE COURT: Mr. Carlson?

MR. CARLSON: Well, we have here a pattern of conduct
too, over three years and 115 contacts.

14THE COURT: Well, what's that got to do with whether10:5115minor children should interpret?

MR. CARLSON: Well, I think some of the stuff is written in a single traumatic instance. We have the pattern of conduct here that --

19 THE COURT: The question isn't the pattern of conduct,10:51 20 the argument is over the law.

21 MR. CARLSON: Yeah, but I think the law should also
22 recognize what the facts are.

THE COURT: Well, the law actually is supposed to be applied to the facts and not changed by facts. That's what a rule of law means.

MR. CARLSON: If it was one incident or something like that, you know, there's -- she was the one using her children. You could say we can't use your children and that is a hard and fast rule, but she's the one that used them. It wasn't the police. I think they're flipping this around and she's the one -- if that is a hard and fast black letter rule of law, she is the one that didn't comply with it.

10:51

8 THE COURT: Well, I think there's a question of who is 9 relying on the children here, whether it's she's relying on the 10:52 10 children or the law enforcement agency is relying on the 11 children. And when she brings the child in to interpret it 12 seems to me she's relying.

13 And the way the reg reads is that "A public entity 14 shall not rely on a minor child to interpret or facilitate 10:52 15 communication." Where she's doing the relying and she uses 16 that, I think frankly police would be in trouble if they 17 prohibited her children from translating. And the fact it seems 18 to me that she is signing to her children in a clear intent to 19 use them to communicate with the police, is an indication that 10:52 20 it has been her choice.

I recognize Brandon testified he was forced to. But,
of course, what does "force" mean to him?

Again, I would say if Mrs. Lange didn't want Brandon
to interpret, you simply don't sign to him. You don't respond
to the requests and to the comments.

1 So I think I recognize the Department of Justice --2 and what is the manual?

MS. LUBIN: The Technical Assistance Manual.
THE COURT: The Technical Assistance Manual is
entitled to some deference, but it's not a regulation. It is
entitled to very slight deference, if any at all frankly. And I
find it inconsistent with the language of the regulation and the
logic of the situation.

9 So I'm satisfied this is the way to go forward. This 10:53 10 is a correct statement of the law. It's consistent with the 11 requirement of reasonableness.

12 So your record is made. And if you wish to supplement 13 it with copies of the manual itself you're free to do that. I 14 certainly recognize that this is an important issue for you and 10:53 15 want you to be able to make the full record, but I'm ruling that 16 I'm going to give the instruction as indicated.

MS. LUBIN: And I would just further, for the record,
make it clear that in none of the instances that we are here
today, the four instances, did Ms. Lange go to the police
department; rather, the police officers came to her for various
different situations. And so in those situations her family was
there. She was there at the police department. She did not
willingly bring her children in to interpret.

24THE COURT: I understand that. But she did sign10:5425through her children and that was seemingly her choice. But, in

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	1	any event, your record's made. The facts are what they are.
	2	Okay?
	3	I also asked and sent out the regulation. And this is
	4	35.164. It says, "This subpart"
10:54	5	And this is the part on using interpreters for the
	6	deaf.
	7	" does not require a public entity to take any
	8	action that it can demonstrate would result in a fundamental
	9	alteration of the nature of a service, program, or activity, or
10:55	10	in undue financial and administrative burdens. In those
	11	circumstances where personnel of the public entity believes the
	12	proposed action would fundamentally alter the service, program,
	13	or activity or would result in undue financial and
	14	administrative burdens, a public entity has the burden of
10:55	15	proving that compliance with this subpart would result in such
	16	alterations or burdens."
	17	That's also consistent with Tucker v. Carlson, the
	18	Sixth Circuit case that I've cited a number of times which says:
	19	"If plaintiff meets the requirements"
10:55	20	And that's the requirement of showing she has a
	21	disability, she is otherwise qualified, and she was excluded
	22	from participation. In this case under these circumstances,
	23	denied an interpreter.
	24	" the burden shifts to the defendant to show that
10:56	25	the accommodation provided was either effective or that the

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1 accommodations sought and not provided would have resulted in a 2 fundamental alteration of the procedures or an undue financial 3 or administrative burden."

4 And that's also consistent with Tennessee vs. Lane. 5 Actually that language is pretty much right out of Tennessee vs. 10:56 6 Lane which is at 541 U.S. at 532, the U.S. Supreme Court 7 decision on the applicability of the ADA. I think it was 8 wheelchair access to courthouses was at issue there. But it 9 does have that same language: that the act does not require an 10 entity to take on an accommodation that would -- that would 10:56 11 result in the fundamental alteration of the procedures or an 12 undue financial or administrative burden.

What is your comment on that?

13

14 MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. The subpart goes on to 10:57 15 state that: "If such alteration or burden were to happen, the 16 decision that compliance would result in such alteration of 17 burden must be made by the head of the public entity or his 18 designee after considering all resources available for use in 19 the funding and operation of the service, program, or activity, 20 10:57 and must be accompanied by a written statement of reasons for 21 reaching that conclusion."

All of the 30(b)(6) witnesses in this case have
 testified and none of them have stated that this would result in
 such. And there's definitely no evidence of any written note
 detailing that it would result in the fundamental alteration.

And, in fact, I don't believe any of the testimony considered
 whether an interpreter would have or would not have.

3 THE COURT: Mr. Carlson, she's right, you never made4 that argument, you never presented such a statement, correct?

10:58 5 MR. CARLSON: Ms. Lange -- well, I didn't hear all of 6 what she said.

MS. LUBIN: I can briefly repeat.

7

8 THE COURT: She points out the rest of the regulation 9 requires that if you're going to -- that the public entity --10 "The decision that compliance would result in such alteration or 10:58 11 burdens must be made by the head of the public entity or his or 12 her designee after considering all resources available for use 13 in the funding and operation of the service, program or activity 14 and must be accompanied by a written statement of the reasons 10:58 15 for reaching that conclusion.

16 "If an action required to comply with this subpart 17 would result in such alteration or such burdens, a public entity 18 shall take any other action that would not result in an 19 alteration or such burdens, but would nevertheless ensure that 10:58 20 to the maximum extent possible individuals with disabilities 21 receive the benefits or services provided by the public entity." 22 No such statement has been made, no such decision has 23 been made by your clients; is that right? 24 MR. CARLSON: Correct. That might apply to the 25 Department of Revenue. But what we're talking about is police 10:59

1 going on a call at 1:00 in the morning and having the discretion to handle a situation which is fluid, which is dangerous, which 2 3 is potentially unsafe. And I don't see how you could have any 4 kind of policy that's going to dictate exactly what you have to 5 do. That's part of being an officer, is evaluating the 10:59 6 situation, responding to it, trying to prevent it from 7 escalating, trying to deescalate. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Let me ask you this. Do you have 9 any objection then to the instruction -- the substantive 10 instruction then after hearing my comments on the plaintiff 10:59 11 proposed revisions? 12 MR. CARLSON: I have no objection. 13 THE COURT: And are you asking for anything 14 additional? 15 MR. CARLSON: No. I favor it. 11:00 16 THE COURT: Okay. So I won't add that part at all. 17 That part of that regulation. But we'll keep what we have. 18 All right. Any other additions or modifications of 19 the instructions? 20 (No response.) 21 THE COURT: Any other proposed instructions? 22 I'm going to have a copy of what we now have, because 23 we made some changes after yesterday and we've made some changes 24 today. 25 And I think we've redone the verdict. I don't think 11:00

Jury Instruction & Verdict Conference Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020 1 the verdict has changed any from what we gave you last night. MR. CARLSON: I think we have some --2 3 THE COURT: Any objection to the form of the verdict 4 from plaintiff? 5 MS. LUBIN: There is no objection from plaintiff. 11:00 MR. CARLSON: Not the form. We thought that there 6 7 were --8 MS. LUBIN: The numbering. 9 MR. CARLSON: -- still some typos and changes that we 10 11:00 agreed to that aren't in it yet. 11 THE COURT: Okay. We'll go over that then. We'll run 12 copies. I'll have the clerk one more time go through it and 13 eliminate any typos. What typos are you thinking of? Is it 14 numbering? 15 MR. CARLSON: One that references --11:01 16 What was that, Ashley? It references the wrong 17 question number. 18 We thought the Court was going to take out "upon her 19 request." 20 11:01 THE COURT: We did, didn't we? 21 MR. CARLSON: Not all the way through. 22 MS. LEHOCKY: For the ADA questions it was taken out. 23 THE COURT: Not the other. MS. LEHOCKY: Not the other. 24 25 And then question 9, the instruction that followed: 11:01

1 If you answered -2 Well, I'm not sure whether it is now yes or no,
3 however it was set -- this has to go back to question 7, it
4 should be question 10.

11:01

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THE COURT: We'll clarify or correct those.

MS. LEHOCKY: Thank you.

7 THE COURT: It shouldn't take long to get you clean 8 copies of everything just so you can look it over one more time, 9 and then I think that will conclude our instruction and verdict 11:02 10 conference.

MR. CARLSON: Okay. But the request thing appears throughout that. We understood that you were going to eliminate it throughout.

14THE COURT: Yes, we intended to. If we didn't --11:0215MS. LEHOCKY: On question 3, 7, 11 and 15.

16 THE COURT: I'll check it. All right. We'll have a 17 short recess and then get that out to you. And I think this 18 will be about 10 minutes.

19MS. ALCALDE: Your Honor, this doesn't need to be on11:0220the record. I was wondering for closing arguments we could take21off our masks?

22THE COURT: Yes.

MS. ALCALDE: Thank you.

24THE COURT: And if you're at the podium if you want to11:0225take off your masks for closings -- let me think about that.

Well, we're going to set you way back. We'll set the podium back. I think if we do that I think we'll allow you to take off your masks.

4 MS. ALCALDE: Ms. Lubin said how difficult it was for 11:03 5 her.

6 THE COURT: I appreciate that. I know it's difficult.
7 We're trying to -- you know, like I said, we're trying to
8 conduct a trial under circumstances in which none of us have
9 done this before. This is the first one in the district and
11:03 10 we're doing our best.

MS. ALCALDE: Also one of the first ones in the
country, Your Honor.
THE COURT: We're in recess.

14(Recess taken at 11:03 a.m., until 11:19 a.m.)11:2015THE COURT: Go ahead, be seated.

16 We're back on the record outside the presence of the 17 jury.

18 And I provided counsel with copies then of the 19 instructions, final instructions and the special verdict. Other 11:20 20 than -- you know, you'll see in the instructions we have 21 citations, footnotes, those will be taken out of the copy -- out 22 of the original that goes to the jury, but I wanted you to have 23 those and those should be made part of the record so that the 24 authority for the decisions made are apparent.

25 Ms. Lubin, did you have something else you wanted to

11:20

1 add?

2 MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. Just for the record.
3 THE COURT: Right.

MS. LUBIN: Your Honor has mentioned 28 C.F.R.
35.16(c) throughout these jury instructions and in many of our communications regarding, you know, the formulation of these instructions.

And I would point the Court's attention to Subsection
9 (c)(2). In these regulations they state the exact same thing as
11.21 10 the Technical Assistance Manual in that there are three steps in
11 which an adult who is accompanying a deaf person is allowed to
12 interpret. And those three steps are also stated in the
13 regulations.

14 The only difference between the regulations and the Technical Assistance Manual is that the Technical Assistance 11:21 15 16 Manual expressly put that this exception does not apply to minor 17 children. Which plaintiff's contention is that the Department 18 of Justice believes that minor children are so serious and that 19 the situation is so serious that they had to make sure that they 11:21 20 put in a Technical Assistance Manual that this regulation does 21 not apply to minor children.

22THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Carlson, do you want to23respond?24MR. CARLSON: Well, we're beating a dead horse here.

11:22 25 I just think, again, it's Ms. Lange's preference.

1 THE COURT: You need to speak into the microphone. 2 MR. CARLSON: I think we're beating a dead horse here. 3 It was Ms. Lange who used the children. Cite as many 4 regulations as you want, and then Ms. Lange is just not 5 complying with additional regulations. 11:22 6 MS. LUBIN: The reason why we're citing the 7 regulations is because the Title II entity is responsible for 8 the communication. And the Title II entity is held to a higher 9 standard in which they are supposed to give deference and 10 primary consideration and held to a higher standard than the 11:22 11 Title III entity, and here in the police department they did not 12 do such. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Your record's made. 14 MS. LUBIN: Thank you. THE COURT: Yes. Okay, anything else? And your 11:22 15 16 proposed revisions, like I said, those will be made a part of 17 the record. They should be docketed if they're not already. I 18 think you sent those by email, Ms. Lubin, but if you wish to 19 docket those? 20 11:23 MS. LUBIN: Yes, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: That would be good. And if you wish to 22 add or attach to it the authority, the cite in the manual to the 23 extent you haven't already -- you've cited it so I suppose 24 that's sufficient. 25 11:23 MS. LUBIN: But I do have a copy on hand.

1 THE COURT: I trust your record's made then. And I
2 recognize the vigorousness of your advocacy and appreciate that
3 it's a significant issue. So I gave you my best call and we'll
4 go from there.

11:23 5 MS. 6 THE

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MS. LUBIN: Thank you. I appreciate it.

6 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else now that we've given
7 you final copies of the instructions and verdict that you need
8 to put on the record?

9 MS. LUBIN: I just see a typo on page 9. One of the 11:24 10 last sentences: "Police departments do not have to arrange for a sign language interpreter every time."

I think that's supposed to be after "deaf" maybe a semicolon, however, comma? Because after "however" it's a period, and then it says, "The requirements of Title II..." Or if "however" is taken out.

16 THE COURT: "Police departments do not have to arrange 17 for a sign language interpreter every time an officer interacts 18 with a person who is deaf, however."

19 MS. LUBIN: I think that maybe "however" needs to be11:24 20 semicolon, comma, and "the" should be lowered?

21 THE COURT: I use "however" at the end of -- that's 22 more stylistic. I can live with that.

MS. LUBIN: Sorry.

24THE COURT: Okay? And then please be back ready to go11:2425at 12:30. And as I said, I will instruct the jury all up to

1 page 12. The bottom of page 12 you can see procedure for jury 2 deliberation. And then I'll give those instructions after the 3 completion of argument. Plaintiff first, then defense. 4 Plaintiff has the burden of proof, so plaintiff has rebuttal. 5 And we'll see you all at 12:30 then. 11:25 MS. ALCALDE: Thank you very much, Your Honor. 6 7 MR. CARLSON: Thank you. 8 THE COURT: And with respect to masks, you know, the 9 record should reflect I think that's about 15 to 20 feet between 10 the podium and where the jurors will be with their masks. And I 11:25 11 think that will be adequate to -- so you can remove your masks 12 during closing. 13 MS. ALCALDE: Thank you very much, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Okay. We're in recess. 12:34 15 (Recess taken at 11:25 a.m., until 12:34 p.m.) 16 THE COURT: Okay. Before we bring the jury back, go 17 ahead, be seated. I just want to make note of one other change 18 we made. 19 Page 2, prior testimony, 1.05. And there wasn't any 12:35 20 prior testimony that I recall, so we took that out. Any 21 objection to that? 22 MR. CARLSON: No. 23 MS. LUBIN: No, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: That's it then. Okay. Then let's bring 25 12:35 the jury in.

(Brief pause.)

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THE COURT: Go ahead, be seated again. I was advised by a court security officer that one of the jurors had a family emergency. They have a child in school and they have to go get the child. And they're trying to make arrangements for someone else to do so.

(Discussion with bailiff.)

8 THE COURT: We can wait a couple minutes. We have 9 eight, so if we end up with seven we're still okay. But, you 10 know, she's sat through this much, I don't think it makes sense 12:37 11 to not wait a few minutes and give her an opportunity. So let's 12 just wait to do that. Let her know, though -- Tom, let her know 13 that if, you know, that we can continue even if she can't. Ιf 14 it's really an emergency and she can't do anything we'll release 12:37 15 her to go.

16 (Off-the-record discussion.)

THE COURT: Okay, good.

18 (Jury in at 12:38 p.m.)

19 THE COURT: Okay. Please be seated, ladies and12:38 20 gentlemen.

21 What will happen now is I will read most of the 22 instructions to you including the substantive instructions, then 23 you'll hear the arguments of the attorneys, then I'll have some 24 brief instructions, and then you'll go back to the jury room for 25 your deliberations. So, I'll also give you copies of these instructions, as I said earlier, so you'll be able to read along
 and refer to them during your deliberations.

## FINAL JURY INSTRUCTIONS

THE COURT: Members of the jury, you have seen and
heard all the evidence and are about to hear the arguments of
the attorneys. Now I will instruct you on the law.

3

7 You have two duties as a jury. Your first duty is to 8 decide the facts from the evidence in the case. That is your 9 job, and yours alone. Your second duty is to apply the law that 10 I give you to the facts. You must follow these instructions, 12:39 11 even if you disagree with them. Each of the instructions is 12 important, and you must follow all of them. Perform these 13 duties fairly and impartially. Do not allow sympathy or 14 prejudice to influence you. You should not be influenced by any 12:40 15 person's race, color, religion, national ancestry, or sex.

16 The evidence consists of the testimony of the17 witnesses and the exhibits admitted in evidence.

18 Certain things are not to be considered as evidence19 and I will list them for you:

First, if I told you to disregard any testimony or
exhibits or struck any testimony or exhibits from the record,
such testimony or exhibits are not evidence and must not be
considered.

24 Second, anything that you may have seen or heard 12:40 25 outside the courtroom is not evidence and must be entirely 1 disregarded.

Third, questions and objections or comments by the lawyers are not evidence. Lawyers have a duty to object when they believe a question is improper. You should not be influenced by any objection, and you should not infer from my rulings that I have any view as to how you should decide the case.

8 Fourth, the lawyers' opening statements and closing
9 arguments to you are not evidence. Their purpose is to discuss
12:41 10 the issues and the evidence. If the evidence as you remember it differs from what the lawyers said, your memory is what counts.

12Any notes you have taken during this trial are only13aids to your memory. The notes are not evidence. If you have14not taken notes, you should rely on your independent12:411515recollection of the evidence and not be unduly influenced by the16notes of other jurors. Notes are not entitled to any greater17weight than the recollections or impressions of each juror about18the testimony.

19In determining whether any fact has been proved, you12:4120should consider all the evidence bearing on the question21regardless of who introduced it.

You should use common sense in weighing the evidence
 and consider the evidence in light of your own observations in
 life. In our lives, we often look at one fact and conclude from
 it that another fact exists. In law we call this "inference."

A jury is allowed to make reasonable inferences. Any inference
 you make must be reasonable and must be based on the evidence in
 the case.

You may have heard the phrases "direct evidence" and
12:42
"circumstantial evidence." Direct evidence is proof that does
not require an inference, such as the testimony of someone who
claims to have personal knowledge of a fact. Circumstantial
evidence is proof of a fact, or a series of facts, that tends to
show that some other fact is true.

As an example of direct evidence that it is -- as an example, direct evidence that it is raining is testimony from a witness who says, "I was outside a minute ago and I saw it raining." Circumstantial evidence that it is raining is the observation of someone entering a room carrying a wet umbrella.

12:43 15 The law makes no distinction between the weight to be
16 given to either direct or circumstantial evidence. You should
17 decide how much weight to give to any evidence.

18 In reaching your verdict, you should consider all the
19 evidence in the case, including the circumstantial evidence.

You must decide whether the testimony of each of the
witnesses is truthful and accurate, in part, in whole, or not at
all. You also must decide what weight, if any, you give to the
testimony of each witness. In evaluating the testimony of any
witness, including any party to the case, you may consider,
among other things:

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1 the ability and opportunity the witness had to see, hear, or know the things that the witness testified about; 2 3 the witness's memory; 4 any interest, bias, or prejudice the witness may have 5 had; 12:43 6 the witness's intelligence; 7 the manner of the witness while testifying; 8 and the reasonableness of the witness's testimony in 9 light of all the evidence in the case. 10 You have heard testimony from plaintiff in American 12:44 11 Sign Language. Witnesses who do not speak English or who are 12 not more proficient in another language qualify through a 13 qualified interpreter. Although some of you may know American 14 Sign Language, it is important that all jurors consider the same 12:44 15 evidence. Therefore, you must accept the interpreter's 16 translation of the witness's testimony. You must disregard any 17 other meaning. You must not make any assumption about a witness 18 or a party based solely on the use of an interpreter to assist 19 that witness or party. 20 12:44 You may have noticed that during her testimony, 21 plaintiff used what appears to be exaggerated facial expressions

or hand gestures. This is a necessary part of American Sign
 Language because grammar is conveyed through these facial
 expressions and gestures. You should not place any negative
 implications on these expressions or gestures even if they

appear to be exaggerated or unusual to persons who do not
 communicate using American Sign Language.

3 You may consider statements given by the parties
4 before trial as evidence of the truth of what he said in the
12:45 5 earlier statements, as well as in deciding what weight to give
6 his or her testimony.

7 With respect to other witnesses, the law is different.
8 If you decide that, before the trial, one of these witnesses
9 made a statement not under oath or acted in a manner that is
12:45 10 incompatible with his testimony here in court, you may consider
11 the earlier statement or conduct only in deciding whether his
12 testimony here in court was true and what weight to give to his
13 testimony here in court.

14 In considering a prior inconsistent statement or 12:45 15 conduct, you should consider whether it was simply an innocent 16 error or an intentional falsehood and whether it concerns an 17 important fact or an unimportant detail.

You may find from the testimony of one witness or a
few witnesses -- Strike that.

12:46 20 You may find the testimony of one witness or a few
21 witnesses more persuasive than the testimony of a larger number.
22 You need not accept the testimony of the larger number of
23 witnesses.

24The law does not require any party to call as a12:4625witness every person who might have knowledge of the facts

1 related to this trial. Similarly, the law does not require any 2 party to present as exhibits all papers and things mentioned 3 during the trial.

12:46

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Nothing I say now, and nothing I said or did during the trial, is meant to indicate any opinion on my part about 6 what the facts are or about what your verdict should be.

7 You must give separate consideration to each claim and 8 each party in this case. Although there are two defendants -9 the City of Oconto and the City of Oconto Falls - it does not 10 follow that if one is liable, the other is liable. 12:46

11 In considering a claim against a particular defendant, 12 you must not consider evidence admitted only against the other 13 defendant or only as to other claims.

14 When I say a particular party must prove something by 12:47 15 a preponderance of the evidence, or when I use the expression 16 "if you find," or "if you decide," this is what I mean: When 17 you have considered all the evidence in the case, you must be 18 persuaded that it is more probably true than not true.

19 Plaintiff has brought this lawsuit under a federal law 12:47 20 called the Americans with Disabilities Act, which is often 21 referred to by its initials, the ADA. The ADA is a federal 22 civil rights law that gives protections to individuals with 23 disabilities and guarantees equal opportunity for individuals 24 with disabilities in state and local government services, public 25 accommodations, employment, transportation, and 12:47

telecommunications. The parties agree that plaintiff is a
 qualified person under the ADA because she is deaf.

3 Title II of the ADA provides that no qualified person 4 with a disability shall, by reason of such disability, be 5 excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the 12:48 6 services, programs, or activities of a public entity, or be 7 subjected to discrimination by any such entity. The parties 8 agree that the Defendants are considered public entities that 9 are required to comply with Title II of the ADA. Title II of 10 the ADA requires that a public entity, such as a police 12:48 11 department, take appropriate steps to ensure that communications 12 with members of the public that are deaf or hard of hearing are 13 as effective as communications with others. Stated differently, 14 public entities are required by the ADA to ensure effective 15 communication with individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing. 12:48

16 Plaintiff has also asserted a claim under a federal 17 law called the Rehabilitation Act. Section 504 of the 18 Rehabilitation Act likewise protects qualified individuals from 19 discrimination based on their disability. It forbids excluding 12:49 20 or denying individuals with disabilities an equal opportunity to 21 receive government benefits and services in any program or 22 activity. The parties agree that Defendants are subject to the 23 Rehabilitation Act and that plaintiff is a qualified individual under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. The elements of 24 the claims under the ADA and the Rehabilitation Act are nearly 25 12:49

1 identical.

12:49

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A police department must furnish appropriate auxiliary aids and services where necessary to afford individuals with disabilities an equal opportunity to participate in, and enjoy the benefits of, a service, program, or activity of a public entity.

7 Auxiliary aids, or communication aids, include 9 qualified interpreters, note takers, transcription services, 9 written materials, telephone handset amplifiers, assistive 12:50 10 listening devices, and other similar services and actions. 11 Police departments do not have to arrange for a sign language 12 interpreter every time an officer interacts with a person who is 13 deaf, however.

14 The requirements of Title II are subject to the bounds 12:50 15 of reasonableness. Whether a qualified sign language 16 interpreter or other communication aid is required to ensure 17 effective communication depends on the method of communication 18 used by the individual; the nature, length, and complexity of 19 the communication involved; and the context in which the 20 12:50 communication is taking place.

In determining what types of auxiliary aids and services are necessary, a public entity shall give primary consideration to the requests of the individual with the disability unless it can demonstrate that another effective method of communication exists.

Effective communication means that an individual is able to convey the information he or she seeks to convey to a police officer and understands the information the police officer seeks to convey to him or her.

5 Police officers should not rely on a minor child to 12:51 6 interpret or facilitate communication, except in an emergency 7 situation involving an imminent threat to the safety or welfare 8 of an individual or the public where there is no other 9 interpreter readily available. Police need not interfere, 10 however, in the decision of a private citizen to use his or her 12:51 11 own child to facilitate her communication.

12 An officer is not required to seek the accompaniment 13 of a sign language interpreter when responding to an emergency 14 call involving a person or persons who are deaf. A police officer's priority in such a situation is to maintain order and 12:52 15 16 protect the public. If an officer has probable cause to 17 effectuate the arrest of a deaf person, the officer may make the 18 arrest and call for an interpreter to be available at the 19 booking station.

12:52 20 In order to prevail on her discrimination claim under 21 the ADA against defendant, Plaintiff must prove by a 22 preponderance of the evidence that:

23 1. Plaintiff requested an interpreter or the need for24 an interpreter was known and obvious;

12:52 25 2. The Defendant unreasonably failed to give primary

1 consideration to her request for an interpreter;

2 3. As a result, Plaintiff was unable to effectively
3 communicate with the officers, and;

4 4. The failing to provide an interpreter, the
12:52 5 Defendant intentionally discriminated against Plaintiff based on
6 her disability. Intentional discrimination does not require
7 personal animosity or ill will.

8 If you find that Plaintiff has proven each of these
9 elements as to any of the incidents at issue, then you must
12:53 10 proceed to consider the question of damages. If, on the other
11 hand, you find that the Plaintiff has failed to prove any
12 violation, then you must decide for Defendants, and you will not
13 consider the question of damages.

14 If you find in favor of Plaintiff on one or more of 12:53 15 Plaintiff's claims, then you must determine the amount of money 16 that will fairly compensate Plaintiff for any injury that you 17 find she sustained.

18 Plaintiff must prove her damages by a preponderance of 19 the evidence. Your award must be based on evidence and not 12:53 20 speculation or guesswork. This does not mean, however, that 21 compensatory damages are restricted to the actual loss of money; 22 they include both the physical and mental aspects of injury, 23 even if they are not easy to measure.

You should consider the following types ofcompensatory damages, and no others:

1 The mental and emotional pain and suffering that
2 Plaintiff has experienced. No evidence of the dollar value of
3 emotional or pain and suffering has been or needs to be
4 introduced. There is no exact standard for setting damages to
12:54 5 be awarded on account of these factors. You are to determine an
6 amount that will fairly compensate Plaintiff for the injury she
7 sustained.

8 If you return a verdict for Plaintiff, but Plaintiff
 9 has failed to prove compensatory damages, then you must award
 12:54 10 nominal damages of \$1.

11 That concludes my initial instructions. You'll hear 12 the arguments of the attorneys. Plaintiff will go first because 13 Plaintiff has the burden of proof, and then the defense will 14 follow and Plaintiff will then have short rebuttal.

12:5415So, Counsel for Plaintiff, Ms. Alcalde?16MS. ALCALDE: Thank you, Your Honor.

17 THE COURT: And I'll tell the jury, I've granted the 18 attorneys the right, if they wish, to remove their masks during 19 closing argument. And they're 15 to 20 feet from you, you're 12:55 20 with masks, and I think it's important to them to convey their 21 views of the evidence. So I know our Green Bay ordinance has an 22 exception for people talking to an audience. You are the 23 audience.

Go ahead, Ms. Alcalde.

12:55 25 MS. ALCALDE: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

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12:55

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## PLAINTIFF CLOSING ARGUMENT

MS. ALCALDE: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen of
the jury. McDonald's, bird feedings, drunk, loud, belligerent,
hard to understand, makes noises. So many contacts with her.
Complaints.

6 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, that's all noise.
7 That's what defense counsel has talked about. All these other
8 things, all these other times, all these other 115 times, it's
9 all noise. We don't know about these other 115 times. We don't
12:56 10 know if there were the ASL interpreters. We know some of them
11 because they talked about them. It's noise.

What we're here about is four days. Four days. And
in those four incidents the police failed her. I am deaf. I
need an interpreter. Interpreter. I need an interpreter.
Interpreter.

16 Let's not be confused by the noise and let's focus on
17 what we're here for which is those four days. The jury
18 instructions. You're not going to see anywhere on the verdict
19 forms or the jury instructions about any of those other
12:57 20 incidents. The City of Oconto failed her and the City of Oconto
21 Falls failed her.

Now, let's kill the noise. Ironically enough, we're
 talking about noise and this is a case involving a deaf person.
 There's two separate defendants - the City of Oconto and the
 City of Oconto Falls. I'm going to go in order so that we can

keep focused and kind of forget the noise.

2 The City of Oconto is here only on the incidence of 3 May 30th.

12:57

The City of Oconto Falls is here for the incidents of
November 14th, 2016, February 2nd and 3rd of 2017. And they
must all be looked at individually.

7 Now, from the City of Oconto. Going to the May 30th incident. Ms. Lange says she asked for an interpreter. Officer 8 9 Sowle, who was kind enough to testify via Zoom -- I mean, I 10 submit to you, you all saw how everyone testified. 12:58 You were 11 able to see their faces. I think Officer Sowle was very 12 forthcoming. He said, "Is this something I would do now? No. 13 But back then we didn't have training. Would I have used her 14 daughter? No. I would have done things differently."

12:5815I think his candor is very refreshing. He admits that16the way things were done on that day were not appropriate.

17 Officer Sowle said -- he said she did ask for an
18 interpreter. So on May 30th we know not only did she say she
19 asked for an interpreter, but he again, very forthcoming, said,
12:58 20 "Yes, she asked for an interpreter."

He said that he went there the first time and said,
'If I have to come back here you're going to get arrested."
And let's focus again. This incident is a noise

24 disturbance. Which, yes, can be annoying. But it's a noise
12:59 25 disturbance. This isn't -- he's not responding to an assault.

This isn't a case involving weapons. This is a noise
 disturbance.

And I think one of the questions I asked him if you think maybe it's difficult for a deaf person to gauge their level of noise, and he agreed. That doesn't mean she's entitled to make noise. Okay? But he's there for a noise disturbance. And he says, "If I have to come back you are getting arrested."

8 He didn't write this. He didn't even interpret it
9 through her daughter. He said it verbally, at night, and you
12:59 10 heard he has a mustache.

Now, I just mouthed all of that. That's what she sees, at night, when she's had some drinks, with a man wearing a mustache. And she's told you that she can read lips if someone speaks slowly, if they don't have a mustache, if they're very clear and focused in a calm setting. This is not a calm setting.

17 And he admits, "No, I didn't write it down. I just18 told her."

He admits he didn't know if she understood or not.
He admits he didn't know if she understood or not.
And I imagine he was frustrated because he'd only leave and now
he's gotta come back. And again, we're not faulting him. I
mean, like I said, he was very -- his candor was refreshing, "I
shouldn't have done that."

24 When he returned for this noise complaint, not a DUI 01:00 25 complaint, not anything else, he asked her how much she's had to 1 drink in her house. There's still no real danger. An
2 interpreter is not brought in, even though the need for one is
3 obvious. He knows she's deaf, he's had prior interactions with
4 her. He doesn't bring an interpreter. He says he used his
5 notes to write back and forth, but those notes are destroyed.

01:01

6 She is a defendant in this case because she got 7 arrested. And I think even Chief Olsen said you don't destroy 8 communication between a defendant and a police officer because 9 obviously that could be evidence.

01:0110But again, he -- Officer Sowle hadn't had any training11on that. He didn't even know how to get an interpreter. So12even if he wanted to get an interpreter, the City of Oconto13didn't give him the tools to get one, which he said had he had14them he would have used them. He didn't have them.

01:01 15 He didn't know her daughter had drug issues. He 16 wouldn't have used her. I said are you aware, you know, you can 17 use a phone? No, he's not aware of any of that. Because again, 18 he told us, "I didn't have that training."

19 Chief Rehberg, also, from the City of Oconto - and I'm 01:02 20 trying to keep the incidents to the separate defendants - came 21 up here and, again, I would say was very forthcoming. "No, we 22 didn't have those, you know, in place." He didn't have access 23 to that. "We should have. Absolutely we would not use her 24 daughter. We should not have used her daughter." Not only 25 because it's an arrest, but the daughter's part of the whole 01:02

incident that's happening. He agreed that things should have
 been done differently. He agreed.

3 And he also talked about some of his prior encounters 4 with her, you know, and how he didn't use an interpreter and 5 we're not here about those. We're not saying she needs an 01:03 6 interpreter for her dispute with McDonald's. We're not saying 7 she needs an interpreter for the bird complaint. That's noise. 8 And let's forget that noise and let's focus on what he said that 9 is relevant to what we're here for. Things should have been 10 done differently. And he admitted that. 01:03

11 Now, you heard from the neighbor, Mr. Wusterbarth. 12 And, you know, he didn't say a lot because he said he couldn't 13 really hear -- he admitted he couldn't really hear what was 14 going on. He admits he doesn't know ASL. He also said she's not intelligible, you can't understand her. She makes a lot of 01:03 15 16 noises when she's angry. Because she's been deaf from birth. 17 So she doesn't know how to articulate words. So what we did get 18 from him is that she made a lot of noises.

19 And another thing we get from him is, he says that the 01:04 20 detective kept giving her a notepad and paper and she kept 21 pushing it away. He asked him that twice. And he said, "Yeah, 22 she pushed it away."

Defense counsel asked him, "She pushed it away." Of
 course she pushed it away; she did not want to use that as a
 method of communication. That was not her preferred method of

1 communication in this serious situation. She wanted an 2 interpreter. And she said, "I want an interpreter."

And, again, the City of Oconto failed her. And the representatives of the City of Oconto have been forthcoming and they've come here and they admitted they failed her; that if they had training, if they had known, if they had access, this would not have happened. But it did. It did happen.

8 Now, I'm going to move on to Oconto Falls and the
9 other incidents involving Oconto Falls. November 14th, 2016.

10 And I think this is a very concerning incident because 01:05 11 no interpreter was provided. She said she asked for one. 12 Brandon said she asked for one. Officer -- and here's where I 13 ask you to remember the demeanor of the people testifying. We 14 talked about the City of Oconto and the demeanor and how 15 01:05 forthcoming they were. It wasn't combative. I asked a 16 question, they answered it. Now we have Oconto Falls. 17 "Would you do things different? 18 "No, I would not do things differently. 19 "Well, how old do you think is too old?" 20 01:06 Officer Rank: "A five-year-old. I would do it again 21 in a heartbeat. I would use a kid." 22 He says, "I feel I could evaluate the maturity level 23 of the child and I decide if they should be used as an 24 interpreter or not." 25 Okay. "And what kind of training have you had in 01:06

1 order to evaluate maturity levels of children? 2 "None." 3 Well, with a few minutes of talking he feels he can 4 evaluate children. And just to show how contentious it was, I 5 asked him: 01:06 6 "Well, do you think you're qualified to evaluate 7 children? 8 "I didn't say I was qualified. 9 "So you aren't qualified? 10 "Define qualified." 01:07 11 I mean, I think he knows what qualified means. And I 12 don't want to get into bickering, but the judge says and the 13 instructions say you can look at the demeanor of witnesses and you can use that. There wasn't any of that back and forth with 14 01:07 15 the City of Oconto. 16 "Does your current policy say not to use family 17 members?", I asked Officer Rank. 18 "It could refer to that. 19 "Does it say it or doesn't it? 20 01:07 "Yes, it says it." 21 That's the way he was answering questions. This 22 wasn't a witness that was forthcoming. This was a witness that 23 was here to just this is my point and I'm not changing it, I 24 don't care how many new policies there are, I don't care what 25 01:07 you say.

	1	And he does admit, though, that he doesn't know if the
	2	child interpreted. And, now, let's talk about the actual
	3	incident. He agreed the child would not be impartial. He used
	4	the minor child anyway. But the minor child here wasn't just
01:08	5	some minor child that was there. Brandon was here and we heard
	6	he's a special needs kid, he goes to special ed, he goes to
	7	school. He's 18 years old. And he called his uncle because he
	8	was scared and the police show up. And he said, "I wish they
	9	would have just talked to me and got an interpreter to talk to
01:08	10	my mom."
	11	But they didn't. They didn't even give this
	12	14-year-old child the opportunity to speak because they started
	13	using him as an interpreter with mom. Because mom wanted to
	14	know what's going on.
01:09	15	And like, oh, and she was pulling him and she was
	16	belligerent and she was
	17	This is her 14-year-old kid. She wants to know what's
	18	going on. She's another potential victim in this case. And
	19	they're saying no. And they know she's deaf, because he also
01:09	20	says at this point they already know she's deaf. They don't
	21	bring an interpreter. They don't even try to pick up the phone
	22	and see if they can use I mean, we're not living in times
	23	when you actually need a live interpreter to come to the scene.
	24	There's tools.
01:09	25	They don't give Brandon this chance and he's scared.

And this is -- you know, he says, "I used Brandon as a spokesperson." Had to be reminded that he said that but, you know, a spokesperson. So this 14-year-old child who is in fear because him and his mother may be in some kind of danger, is now being told hey, you know, hold off on your story, let me -- come here and interpret for your mom. Mom says she doesn't want him to interpret.

01:10

And, of course, mom's talking to him because it's her
son and he's interpreting. The police are telling him to
interpret. He's a 14-year-old special needs kid who feels like
he has to interpret. Mom wants to know what's going on and her
only lifeline is her 14-year-old child. That's it. It's either
that or she just in silence doesn't know what is going on.

14 That's the position she's in. It's not that she 01:10 15 chooses to use Brandon; it's that since the police give her no 16 other option, it's either talk to Brandon and see what's 17 happening or stay in silence while all of this is going on 18 around her.

19 I asked him, "Would you do this again? Is this how 91:11 20 you would still behave?" And unlike the City of Oconto, who 21 admits that that's not how they should behave and that's not how 22 they would behave now, he says, "Absolutely, 100 percent. I 23 would use the child."

He never asked her if it was okay to use her child. 01:11 25 He said it's very difficult to communicate with her. He could

7

sense there was animosity.

And we're not here about a trial, by the way, on whether Ms. Lange is a malcontent, whether you like her, whether she's a great person; we're here about whether she's entitled, as the law requires, to have communication, to be able to understand what's happening.

It's very difficult to communicate with her.

8 "Do you think an interpreter might have made it easier
9 to communicate with her?" I mean, that's a softball question.

01:12 10 "I don't know. I don't know." It seems like I don't
11 know. I don't care. I'd use her kid again. Who cares about
12 this woman? She's belligerent, she drinks, and I'm using her
13 kid again 100 percent. I don't care if he's scared, I don't
14 care if he's the one that called the police, I don't care.

01:12 15 That's what the attitude was from the officer on that 16 incident in November.

17 She didn't want to participate in notes, she was18 uncooperative.

19He did at one point acknowledge it's not appropriate01:1320to use children, but then said he would use it again anyway.

21 And he didn't know his actions were inappropriate back
22 then, he does now. He did say that at the end, "But I'd still
23 do it again."

On that day Brandon deserved better, Ms. Lange01:13 25 deserved better. The department failed her. City of Oconto

Falls failed her. And they failed Brandon, too. And this
 mother was now in a position where she was possibly the victim,
 he was possibly the victim, and nothing was discovered.

4 And then, you know, we're not talking about other 5 dates because that's not the other incident. But they talk 01:14 about we went back the next day. Well, the next day did you 6 7 bring an interpreter? So, I mean, now you know she's deaf, you 8 know she prefers to speak with an interpreter, now there's not 9 an emergency, this is the next day. No. Sorry. She's 10 annoying, she's belligerent, she's loud, she curses, so no use 01:14 11 in trying to communicate with her. Well, did you even try an 12 interpreter? Nope.

13 Now let's move forward to the February 2nd incident. 14 Officer Kuhn. She also used the 14-year-old son to interpret. 01:14 15 He did not want to interpret. She was pretty forthcoming. She 16 didn't even try to use notes. She wouldn't use her phone 17 because she said that it might pose a danger, even though she's 18 not responding to a scene, she's not responding to a crime 19 occurring; she's going there to inquire of the subject that's 01:15 20 there. And she's not there alone. Nope. I wouldn't use the 21 phone. Wouldn't use an interpreter. I'm using her son. She 22 also knew Ms. Lange was deaf and she refused to call an 23 interpreter.

24We have the City of Oconto Falls' just refusal to call01:1525interpreters, to use a phone, to use any auxiliary services for

1 a woman who clearly needs it. Clearly.

Again, Brandon felt like he needed to interpret. The police were there. She didn't want him to interpret. She asked for an interpreter and it wasn't provided.

01:16 5 February 3rd, the next day. Sergeant Fischer and 6 Chief Olsen were there. Sergeant Fischer. Let's go with his 7 testimony first.

8 He never received any training on what to do with a 9 deaf person. Chief Olsen confirmed that there was no training. 01:16 10 He didn't even know of any that exists. I don't know if that 11 exists. Hasn't looked it up. No, no training on how to handle 12 dealing with a deaf person.

He doesn't know why she was agitated, she was just
agitated. "Do you know why she was agitated?"

01:16 15 And Sergeant Fischer wasn't as combative as the other 16 officer, but "I don't know why she was -- I don't know why she 17 was agitated."

18 Is it possible she's agitated because she still can't 19 get an interpreter and she keeps requesting one? Is it possible of:17 20 she's agitated because her 14-year-old son is being used as an 21 interpreter continuously against her wishes, against his wishes?

They knew Brandon was a minor. He admits her speech
 is not clear. So this whole like, oh, she spoke and she said
 this and -- her speech is not clear. I mean, you heard some of
 her speech here. And I think when all the witnesses when asked

1 about it, it's not like she speaks clearly. She's been deaf her 2 whole life, from birth.

Chief Olsen was also here as what we call a 30(b)(6) witness and a fact witness. He talked about *I don't have the* officers obtain any training on this new policy. It was a new policy. It was submitted to evidence. By the way, that policy wasn't in effect back then. Maybe it should have been, but it wasn't.

9 And he agrees that the new policy says don't use 01:18 10 family members as interpreters. The new policy says get an 11 interpreter if that's their preferred method of communication; 12 if that's what they request, get an interpreter.

He even talked about that there's something in the car
that they can use. There's a tablet that no one had training
on. "There's more important training" was one of his responses.
"This isn't an important training."

So they can change their policy and manuals all they 17 18 But if there's no training on how to implement these want. 19 changes, might as well burn that policy manual. I mean, it's 20 01:18 irrelevant that there's changes afterwards. Because -- but at 21 least the City of Oconto changed it and has that training and 22 they acknowledge that there was a mistake made. The City of 23 Oconto Falls was like, yeah, we made changes to our policy, but 24 we're not training. We basically don't care.

"Why did you make this new policy?

25

01:19

01:19

"For situations like this."

Situations like this? So when the policy changed to
-- so you wouldn't have to be called out and answer for why
you're not following the law? Well, a policy manual is useless
if it's not implemented.

6 They didn't have these policies back then. And I 7 would submit to you, ladies and gentlemen of the jury, that the 8 City of Oconto Falls doesn't even have these policies in effect 9 now. Because all their officers were like, I'm not using it. I 10 don't care. I'd still do it the same way. Not an ounce of 01:19 11 regret. Not an ounce of what we saw from the City of Oconto 12 when they're like, yeah, you know, I wish I had these tools.

13 Officer Sowle, he almost seemed remorseful at the end.
14 "I really wish I had them." Their chief was like, absolutely,
01:20 15 that's not what we would do now; it's not what we should have
16 done back then. But the City of Oconto Falls was like, I don't
17 care. The chief is like, well, you know, it is what it is.
18 It's in our policy, but I'm not wasting money on training for
19 this. I don't care.

01:20 20 No training on how to implement it, no training on 21 video services, no training on what to do if they encounter a 22 deaf person, even though they know that there's a deaf person 23 there.

A five-year-old's fine to interpret. If they call 01:20 25 911, if it's a five-year-old I'd use a five-year-old. I mean, 1 they couldn't even give or budge on something as ridiculous as 2 using a five-year-old as an interpreter. I mean, that's again 3 another softball: no, I wouldn't use a five-year-old. "I'd use 4 a five-year-old." That's what his answer was.

At no time -- they knew she was deaf, they knew she wanted an interpreter, and at no time on that February 3rd incident, which is the next day after February 2nd, when they absolutely had time to get an interpreter.

9 He also agreed. Now let's get to the actual incident.
 01:21 10 Chief Olsen agreed he doesn't know what Brandon was translating.
 11 When asked: "Do you think effective communication requires that
 12 both parties understand?"

13 "A lot of my police officers are understanding.
14 That's it. I think that's effective."

01:21 15 Well, that's not how communication works. It seems 16 like he only cares if his police officers know what's going on. 17 But he sat there and was like, as long as the police officers --18 he even shrugged his shoulders, as long as the police officers 19 are understanding I guess it's effective. But that's not what 122 20 the law requires.

You know, Ms. Lange said no one's listening to her.
Brandon said on that February 3rd date she kept saying
"interpreter" and no one was listening to her. And finally she
had enough and signed to him "stop interpreting." Because even
though they hadn't asked his mother's permission and they hadn't

1 asked his permission and they kept telling him to interpret, he 2 would do it. But this time his mom is like, I've had enough, 3 stop interpreting. Stop it.

He said he was scared. He stopped interpreting. And
he said that he told them, "I'm not a legal interpreter. My mom
says I'm not a legal interpreter. You can't keep using me."
She said that Chief Olsen was laughing at her and that "I felt
like I was nothing." He thought it was funny; that her
situation was funny.

10 And then Brandon said that "they laughed at my mom. 01:23 11 He laughed at her. I saw him smirking and laughing at her." 12 And, you know, at first when I heard this I was like, oh. But I 13 ask you to use your demeanor of how he answered questions here 14 and ask if you could see him smirking at her while he's at her 01:23 15 home. I don't care. Five-year-old's fine. Those policies are 16 there to prevent situations like this.

Now, you know, the judge has read you all these
instructions. Preponderance of the evidence - more likely than
not. This isn't a hard burden. It's slightly in our favor.
It's more likely than not that what she's telling you is true;
that what Brandon is telling you is true; that even what the
police officers themselves were telling you, especially the City
of Oconto Falls, is true.

24 We've proven our case, ladies and gentlemen of the 01:24 25 jury. We've proven our case against the City of Oconto and the City of Oconto Falls. They both failed her. The City of Oconto
 seems to have some remorse for it, the City of Oconto Falls
 seems to shrug and not care.

You know, and in the instructions that the judge said,
public entities are required -- it's it not a suggestion, it's
not a if you feel like it -- required to ensure effective
communications.

8 The Rehabilitation Act prohibits -- it says "must 9 furnish appropriate auxiliary aids and services." Not they 01:25 10 should if they feel like it. Not they should have a policy that 11 they don't follow. But they must furnish them. And that they 12 have to give primary consideration to what her preferred method 13 is.

And they're like, oh, before, you know, she's fine 14 01:25 15 with notes. Well, maybe when she's making a complaint about 16 McDonald's she's fine with notes, and that's not what we're here 17 about that day. Maybe when she's complaining about birds she's 18 fine with notes and she can speak slowly and try to make do and 19 use her kid. But maybe when it's more serious she doesn't want 20 01:25 that and she's made it clear to them she doesn't want that in 21 serious situations.

Effective communication means that an individual is
 able to convey the information he or she seeks to convey. And
 that they also understand the information that the police
 officers are seeking to convey to them. There has been no

1 evidence of effective communication. As a matter of fact, most 2 of the police officers said, "I couldn't communicate with her. 3 She's just loud, she's upset, she's agitated." Well, she's all 4 those things because she can't get an interpreter and she keeps 5 asking for one.

01:26

6

The elements.

7 "Plaintiff requested an interpreter or the need for an 8 interpreter was known or obvious."

9 I think in these four incidents -- and again, let's 01:26 10 block out the noise of McDonald's and birds, block out the 11 noise, on these four incidents she requested an interpreter and 12 the need for an interpreter was known and obvious.

13 "2. The Defendant unreasonably failed to give primary
14 consideration to her request for an interpreter."

01:27 15 I will submit to you they didn't even try. They 16 didn't even try. They didn't even make an attempt. They just 17 went "sorry."

18 "As a result, Plaintiff was unable to effectively19 communicate with the officers."

01:2720And I think a lot of the officers said you can't21communicate with her. She's loud, she's agitated. So there's22no effective communication going on.

"In failing to provide an interpreter, the Defendant
 intentionally discriminated against Plaintiff based on her
 disability. Intentional discrimination does not require

personal animosity or ill will."

2 And I think the personal animosity or ill will really 3 applies even more to the City of Oconto because the City of 4 Oconto doesn't seem to have personal animosity or ill will. The 5 City of Oconto Falls kind of does, I would submit to you, from 01:27 6 the demeanor of the witnesses. But the City of Oconto still has 7 to answer for that May 30th incident where they admit that they 8 were in the wrong. "I felt like I was nothing. They laughed at 9 They laughed at her." my mom. 10 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, I ask that you tell 01:28 11 the City of Oconto Falls and the City of Oconto that she is not 12 nothing. You tell the defendants that you hear her, that you're 13 her voice. And that it's not okay, no matter how much dislike 14 someone, to treat someone this way. And that they must follow 01:28 15 the law, because they didn't on these four occasions. 16 Thank you very much. 17 THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Alcalde. 18 Mr. Carlson? Sometimes it it's helpful to stretch 19 in-between arguments. If you wish to do so, go right ahead. 20 01:29 (Brief pause.) 21 THE COURT: Yeah. Let's take a short restroom break. 22 Is that all right? We'll take a short break. Okay. Go ahead, 23 we'll take about a 5, 10-minute break. 24 (Jury out at 1:29 p.m.) 25 THE COURT: All right. I have copies -- pink copies 01:29

	1	or whatever salmon of the special verdict. Extra copies.
	2	And jury instructions. Sometimes I I usually put the verdict
	3	on the chair. Any objections to that?
	4	MS. ALCALDE: No, Your Honor.
01:30	5	THE COURT: You've referred to it in your closing.
	6	Mr. Carlson, you in your rebuttal. Yeah. We're in recess.
	7	(Recess taken at 1:30 p.m., until 1:37 p.m.)
	8	THE CLERK: Please raise. Court is again in session.
	9	(Jury in at 1:38 p.m.)
01:38	10	THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead and be seated.
	11	We put copies of the verdict that you'll receive and
	12	that's the verdict you'll fill out. You don't have to look at
	13	it now because I want you to hear from the attorneys, unless
	14	they refer to it. But I'll refer to it in the closing
01:38	15	instructions, too.
	16	Go ahead, Mr. Carlson, you may proceed.
	17	DEFENSE CLOSING ARGUMENT
	18	MR. CARLSON: Ms. Lange has only presented you with a
	19	lecture on policies and a policy quiz and a scolding for our
01:39	20	officers. It should be clear to you this is not a case about
	21	complying with Oconto policies and it is not a case about
	22	complying with Oconto Falls policies. The judge just read to
	23	you the law and he said, "Police need not interfere, however, in
	24	the decision of a private citizen to use his or her own child to
01:39	25	facilitate her communication."

Closing Argument/Defendants Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020

All this stuff about the policy of Oconto, you can't use kids, you shouldn't use kids, a policy about Oconto Falls about you shouldn't use kids or you can't use kids, this is the law, the judge has just told you what the law is, and it's not what the previous performance basically said the law was.

01:40

6 This complaint, the prior performance, is based on a7 false premise. The law also says:

8 "An officer is not required to seek the accompaniment
 9 of a sign language interpreter when responding to an emergency
 01:40 10 call. A police officer's priority in such a situation is to
 11 maintain order and protect the public."

12 And a plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the 13 evidence that the plaintiff requested an interpreter. What 14 evidence has Ms. Lange produced to you supporting the fact, her 15 assertion that she requested an American Sign Language 16 interpreter? One time. One time. And she is totally drunk 17 when she does it. Totally drunk.

18 At all times here Ms. Lange chose the method of 19 communication. She used her children to interpret. She could also communicate by pen and paper. She could lip-read. She 21 could speak. She chose the method. As retired Chief Faith 22 said, "I used notes, she used her kids."

It's got this thing flipped totally upside-down. "The
 police are using my kids as an interpreter." She's the one
 that's offering and initiating the kids as an interpreter.

She's calling the kids down to interpret.

She stood before you and testified that she had material limitations regarding writing. You saw samples of her writing. By my recollection she later testified an hour later that paper and pens are her best friends. This woman cannot be truthful, does not understand the truth, and cannot tell the truth.

8 She testified that she routinely requested an ASL
9 interpreter. That is simply not true. Simply not true. We had
01:43 10 the officers come up here because we needed a spectrum of
11 examples of her never requesting an ASL interpreter, having an
12 ability to communicate by note and pen. Effective communication
13 was never an issue unless Ms. Lange got agitated, screamed,
14 yelled, and simply failed to cooperate.

01:43 15 Let's look at May 30th. Ms. Lange is yelling and 16 screaming at Ralene thinking Ralene called the cops because of 17 noise. Ralene asked Officer Sowle to tell Ms. Lange that Ralene 18 didn't call the cops.

19 That's pretty sorry right there, to add that. Officer
01:44 20 Sowle used his notepad, he tried to communicate that Ralene did
21 not call the cops. He used his notepad to tell Ms. Lange to be
22 quiet. He used his notepad to ask her how much she had to
23 drink. She refused to look at it.

24When everybody was settled down he left. He was01:4425called again 15 minutes later. He heard yelling and screaming

1 from inside the house.

2 Douglas Wusterbarth told him Ms. Lange beat Ralene in
3 front of the house. Douglas Wusterbarth told you that Ms. Lange
4 beat Ralene in the front of the house. Ms. Lange lies when she
5 denies that.

6 Officer Sowle repeatedly attempted to communicate with 7 Ms. Lange by notepad, to be quiet, to go in the house. That's 8 all she had to do is just shut up and go in her own house. She 9 couldn't do it. She was told multiple times, shown the pad 10 multiple times, she was signed by Ralene. She just goes in the 01:45 11 house and shuts up, there's no arrest. She can't do it. And 12 she gets arrested. After she gets arrested she demands an ASL 13 interpreter.

14 That was just weaponizing the ADA, and you should all 01:45 15 be able to see that. She understood what was going on. The 16 communication was impossible because of Ms. Lange's behavior: 17 stone-faced drunk.

18 Her complaint afterwards is a complete denial and a 19 departure from reality. And she brings Brandon to the police 20 01:46 department to interpret when she asks for a complaint form. She 21 finishes it in less than a day. And she tells you that it took 22 three to four days. And she tells you she doesn't want her kids 23 ever involved in any of this stuff. There is not any truth in 24 anything Ms. Lange says.

01:46

25

01:44

November 13th. This is where Brandon calls an uncle

1 about being threatened by a knife. The uncle calls 911. Now, you think why would Brandon call an uncle and not call 911 2 3 himself? Because he's risking getting beaten by Ms. Lange. 4 Because of the nature of the call, the seriousness of the call, 5 two sheriff's deputies assist. Ms. Lange claims the police were 01:47 6 there down the street and somehow happened to gaze up through 7 the Lange window and happened to see Jeremy and Renee laying 8 electronics cable that looked like fighting. That is not only a 9 lie, it is a really bad lie.

01:47 10 Officer Rank gets in there. Of course Officer Rank is
11 going to talk to Brandon, he was the one that called his uncle
12 about the situation. He was the victim. And when Brandon was
13 talking to the officer, Officer Rank, that Renee and Jeremy were
14 fighting, he was signing to Renee. She wanted to know what he
01:47 15 was telling Officer Rank.

16 That's why she got agitated, that's why she was 17 yelling and screaming at Brandon, and that's why she was pulling 18 and pushing Brandon. She didn't want Jeremy to go to jail or be 19 arrested.

01:48 20 She was totally uncooperative. That is the words of
21 Officer Rank: "Totally uncooperative." And she is sitting
22 before you and saying that she could not effectively
23 communicate. Brandon's testimony today is an untruthful
24 tragedy. It's not even worth talking about. It makes me sick.
01:48 25 Certainly it's involving kids. It's a tragedy.

The Lange train now moves to February 2nd and February
 3rd. Jeremy Parmer punches Laurie King. She has injuries. She
 identifies Parmer. Detective Kuhn went to the Lange residence
 to arrest Parmer. Lange already knew there was an allegation
 that Parmer punched Laurie King in the face. Ms. Lange
 testifies that she had no idea why the police came.

Ms. Lange says Detective Kuhn forced entry into the apartment and used Brandon as an interpreter and she didn't know what he was saying or what was going on. I thought Detective Kuhn specifically and in very detail described how she entered the Lange apartment, and that it was Brandon let her in on the bottom part and Ms. Lange and Brandon let her in the top part.

So we have Ms. Lange and Parmer yelling and screaming
 and threatening Detective Kuhn. And Ms. Lange again stands
 before you and says she could not communicate, there was no
 effective communications, Ms. Lange threatening Laurie King and
 also threatening Detective Kuhn.

Ms. Lange then creates a fake Facebook account that
same night. The dust hasn't even settled. She creates a fake
Facebook account and fake message purportedly from Laurie King
that she lied about Parmer punching her in the face. That's
that obscenity-laced message that's been read to you twice now.
She wants the police to come out right away to her

24 apartment to show her this harassing message by Laurie King.
01:51 25 The police don't come out. Ms. Lange goes in the next morning

1 with son Brandon to interpret and show Chief Olsen the fake 2 message from Laurie King that she lied about Parmer punching 3 her.

4 She was not invited there, not needed there, not
01:51 5 requested there. She brings Brandon to interpret. She tells
6 you that Brandon was needed there to be a witness. A witness to
7 what is questionable. And she testified again to you that she
8 doesn't want to involve her kids.

9 When it clearly appeared that Ms. Lange created a fake 01:51 10 message from Laurie, the police got a search warrant and 11 executed that warrant the exact same day later in the afternoon. 12 They show it to Ms. Lange. She says she didn't understand it. 13 It says "Search Warrant" right on it. It says what they're 14 looking for.

01:52 15 Now, a search warrant is a unique thing. It's already 16 signed by a judge. There's no debate about it, there is no 17 argument about it. You don't have a say in it. It doesn't make 18 any difference if you understand it. What you are supposed to 19 do is you're just supposed to sit aside or stand aside and let 20 01:52 the police execute the search warrant. What would an ASL 21 interpreter do if one had been called? Nothing.

So we have three contacts that involved volatility,
hostility, uncooperation, safety an issue. It is the officers'
call. If they think it is unsafe for an ASL interpreter, that
o1:53 25 is their call. If they think it is unsafe for any person or

1 under any condition, they are the ones that control the 2 situation and they make the call, not Ms. Lange. 3 Ms. Lange had a video phone set up in her own 4 apartment for her own use that she could have used herself. 5 This idea about the police using their smartphones as some sort 01:53 6 of video interpreter is just -- can be flipped on its head and 7 why doesn't Ms. Lange use her own. To have the officers use 8 their phones is unrealistic and unsafe. As Detective Kuhn said, 9 "I don't want to have one hand tied up with my smartphone with 10 an interpreter for Ms. Lange." 01:54 11 These officers did a good job. They were all 12 truthful. They're officers that you would want patrolling and 13 protecting your communities. 14 MS. ALCALDE: Objection, Your Honor. 15 01:54 THE COURT: It's argument. 16 MR. CARLSON: There was effective communication in 17 every aspect of these claims that Mrs. Lange is bringing. And 18 if there weren't, it was directly the fault of Ms. Lange for 19 being hostile, screaming, and making it impossible to 20 effectively communicate. Don't let her do this. Don't let her 01:54 21 weaponize the ADA. Shut her out on all the claims. 22 The ADA is a good law. We all might need it. We all 23 might need its protections and safeties. If it's misused, if 24 it's abused, it's not going to get support. It's not going to

01:55 25 get credibility. Don't let Ms. Lange weaponize this and misuse

1 and abuse this important and beneficial law. 2 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Carlson. 3 Thank you, Your Honor. MS. ALCALDE: 4 THE COURT: Ms. Alcalde? 5 MS. ALCALDE: Thank you. 01:55 6 REBUTTAL CLOSING ARGUMENT 7 MS. ALCALDE: She's a drunk. She's a stone-faced 8 drunk. She's an annoyance. She doesn't deserve communication 9 cause she's loud. And just like I said, when counsel got up 10 here he'd talk about all these other incidents. We're here 01:56 11 about four. Not the day she went after. Not when she brought 12 her kid to interpret for her because she knew the police 13 department just doesn't have interpreters for her. We don't 14 know in these incidents what was provided, what wasn't provided. We're here about four. 01:56 15 16 She is weaponizing her disability? She's weaponizing 17 Do you think she enjoys that she has to fight for her right it? 18 to have an interpreter? That she has to fight for her right to 19 not have her children be used? What a fun way to live.

She doesn't deserve these rights because, you know,
she called the police, because she's involved in all these
things. Well, that's exactly what these laws were made for, for
people -- I mean, we're not saying she lives in a white picket
fence. But the fact that they're attacking her as a drunk and a
belligerent and as someone who doesn't rise to the level of

deserving these services is astounding.

That I got up here in a performance of scolding the officers? If that's how he took it, yes. The reason we're here is to scold these officers. This is who you would want patrolling your streets. Well, you know what? Maybe the City of Oconto, who has recognized that they did wrong. And, you know, we'll get to the policy.

8 No, this isn't about policy. This is about the 9 judge's ruling. "Officers should not rely on a minor child to 01:58 10 interpret or facilitate communication." The judge has read you 11 the instructions and you'll get a packet and you'll be able to 12 see that.

13 But these policies acknowledge that they made a 14 mistake. So are these the police officers you would want? 01:58 15 Maybe in the City of Oconto Falls where they recognize they've 16 made a mistake, they've done training, they acknowledge they shouldn't behave this way. The City of Oconto has. The City of 17 18 Oconto Falls has just basically said we don't care. So are 19 these the police officers we want patrolling? Well, maybe not 01:58 20 if you're a deaf person. Maybe not if you're a person who is 21 going to be in need of services.

I mean, someone will call for a traffic ticket but not for an arrest? For an interpreter for someone who speaks Russian or Spanish but a person --

01:59 25 And they've acknowledged that ADA is a different

language. Their new policies acknowledge that they know they
 were mistaken in what they did.

In an emergency call she requested an interpreter.
They keep saying that she wanted to use Brandon, but none of the officers testified to that, for those four incidents. Talked about the other times where she may have gone to the police to submit a complaint or whatever and they made a big deal about whether it was one day or two days.

9 She was arrested on May 30th, and that was submitted 01:59 10 on June 2nd. She told you she worked on it for a couple of 11 days. And even when you read it, you'll see it's full of 12 mistakes. And this was with the help of Google, with the help 13 of her kids.

14 But we're not here about whether she brought her kids 02:00 15 on those other days. We're here about those four days. Forget 16 the noise. You heard not a single ounce of testimony from any 17 of the officers that she chose to use her kid on those four 18 days.

19 At one time she requested an interpreter, but she was 02:00 20 totally drunk. You're not going to -- when you get this packet 21 nowhere is it going to say, and, oh, by the way, if the person 22 is drunk they're not entitled to effective communication. So 23 you're not gonna read that because that's not the law. The law 24 doesn't say that if someone has had drinks or is drunk they're 25 not entitled to rights. Their rights don't get flushed down the 02:00

1 toilet. Noise, ladies and gentlemen of the jury. Noise. Let's
2 block out the noise.

3 None of the officers he says, and then he admits
4 except one, admits that she asked for an interpreter. Maybe
02:01 5 he's the only one that was honest enough to admit it.

6 And I submit to you, I said from the beginning, look 7 at the demeanors of these officers. And Officer Sowle, even 8 though he was via video phone, I think you could tell how honest 9 he was and how he admitted she wanted an interpreter. He wasn't 10 fighting with any of our questions, he was answering them. 02:01 He 11 was forthcoming, he said he made a mistake. He said he wishes 12 he could do it differently and he would do it differently. The 13 other officers that said she didn't request one are the ones 14 that said they would use five-year-olds as interpreters and 15 that's fine. 02:01

So let's look at the credibility. She said she
requested an interpreter every single time. Brandon, her son
said she requested an interpreter every single time.

You know, that May 30th incident, just shut up and go *in and you won't get arrested. Shut up and go in.* No one
communicated that to her. And yes, she pushed away the note and
paper because she didn't want to communicate that way. They
never requested one.

24 Weaponizing her disability.

02:02 25 I mean, it would be laughable if it weren't so

1 insulting.

02:03

2 Stone-faced drunk. She doesn't deserve these rights.
3 We might need these rights. We are upstanding citizens, we --

4 It's not a pie, ladies and gentlemen of the jury. 5 Just because someone's rights are enforced doesn't mean anyone 02:02 6 else loses any more rights. As a matter of fact, if you tell 7 them here today that the ADA matters, that these rights matter, 8 it makes it stronger. It tells police departments and it tells 9 agencies that they have to honor the law; that they can't just 10 too bad and ignore it. 02:03

11 That November incident that he talks about, he's like, 12 oh, they wanted to talk -- the officer even -- Officer Rank said 13 he -- she might have been a victim too. He says he saw 14 fighting. Well, if that's the case, I mean, isn't it even more 15 important to make sure you get an interpreter?

16 You have the potential where a 14-year-old child is a 17 victim and his mother's a victim in a domestic violence case, 18 which we all know involves a lot of dynamics. And instead of 19 saying, you know what, let's make sure we get the right story 02:04 20 right now when it happened -- and we don't have to call in 21 someone to come in and be in danger, let's see if we can get 22 someone to interpret for her on the phone -- because, you know 23 what? I saw fighting between her. Brandon said he's afraid. 24 Instead of using him as an interpreter when he's a

02:04 25 child and a victim in a domestic violence issue in which his

1 mother is potentially also a victim, no, come on, Brandon, 2 you're going to interpret now and I'm gonna make you the 3 spokesperson for the scene.

02:04

That's not okay. That's just not okay. Using
children in this way is not okay. And I think all the incidents
are disturbing, but this particular incident is heartbreaking.

7 You know, bringing him here is a tragedy. Bringing
8 him here to recount what happened, what happened was a tragedy.
9 Him being forced into an administrative role of interpreter when
02:05 10 he was just a victim, that's the tragedy.

11 You know, he talked about Facebook account. 12 Facebook -- we don't have any evidence of that. And again, 13 that's more noise. That's not what's relevant here. We don't 14 have any evidence of any Facebook account. That's not what we're here about. We're here about the incidents and the fact 02:05 15 16 that she didn't have effective communication; the fact that they 17 show up at her home with a warrant and tell her child to 18 interpret. They knew they were going. I mean, February 2nd's 19 bad enough because they're showing up at this house where they 02:06 20 know it's a deaf person and they're like, oh, you know, 21 14-year-old kid, we'll use you to interpret.

But February 3rd, I mean, they had just been there the
the night before. She had requested an interpreter and that's
why I think she finally had enough and told Brandon stop it.
That's the tragedy. The tragedy is that Brandon has

1 to sit there while they're rummaging through the home and have
2 the chief of police where him and his mother reside smirking and
3 laughing at his mother. That's the tragedy.

Defense counsel said what would an interpreter do if
02:07 5 one had been called, you know? What would they do? Remember,
6 ladies and gentlemen of the jury, civil rights are rights,
7 they're not privileges. They're not doing her a favor by
8 calling interpreters, they're supposed to call interpreters.
9 That's where we have to begin.

02:07 10 This wasn't an emergency situation going on. None of 11 these were really emergency situations. Even the arrest, which 12 is I guess -- you know, is -- the arrest was a noise complaint. 13 This isn't an emergency situation.

14 The November 14th incident, it's probably as close to 02:07 15 some kind of emergency, but even then when he arrived it's not 16 an emergency situation going on. And the child was the victim 17 in that situation. The mom was the victim in that situation. 18 As the victim of that situation they should absolutely -- they 19 should be entitled, even if they are the defendant like they 02:08 20 were on the May 30th incident, but on the November incident 21 they're the victims of the situation.

I mean, this isn't a situation she created. This is a situation where she's a victim and they're still like, come here, kid, you're going to be the spokesperson. He told you how scared he was.

And I know defense counsel didn't want to even address him during his closing because he's a kid who came here, a special needs kid who came here and told you guys the truth. Told you guys the truth. If he didn't remember he said I didn't remember. He didn't make anything up. But he remembers he was scared that day and he remembers especially that day he didn't want to interpret.

02:08

8 "What would an interpreter do if they had been 9 called?", defense counsel said. We'll never know, ladies and 10 gentlemen of the jury, because the police department never 02:09 11 bothered to call. They never bothered to find out how they 12 could call. They just didn't even bother to see if that was an 13 option. It's not like it was thought of as an option and then 14 discounted because it was so hard or cumbersome. "No, I didn't even think about it." 02:09 15

He came up here now, defense counsel, and said, "Well, why can't she use her own phone?" Well, first of all, that's not how it works. She's not supposed to provide the interpretation. But for argument sake let's say she could use her own phone. Chief Olsen told you something which I think every police officer will agree with when I asked him:

22 "You don't let witnesses or defendants or people that 23 are potentially there use their cell phones, right?" 24 He even looked -- "No," because it's ridiculous. 02:10 25 "No." Police officers do not let them use their phones. They

1 start taking out their phones, it could be a weapon. They don't 2 let them take out their phone. So, no, she couldn't bring out 3 her phone and pull out services. What could happen to Brandon 4 if he decides to pull out a phone to help his mom? Someone 5 mistakes it for a weapon.

No, the police are supposed to provide the
interpreters. The police are supposed to provide the -- they're
the agency, they're the government agents. You're not going to
see anywhere in the instructions that, oh, well, unless they're
available to provide their own interpretation. That's not going
to be there.

12 It's unsafe for an ASL interpreter to go to the scene.
13 Well, they don't have to go. We have a lot of modern
14 technologies. As you saw, Zoom, they can testify through it.
02:11 15 There's phones.

You know, you're gonna get a verdict form. And I submit to you that the answer to Question 1 is "Yes."

"Did the City of Oconto violate the Americans with
 Disabilities Act on May 30th, 2016, by failing to provide an ASL
 interpreter and thereby preventing Renee Lange from effectively
 communicating with police?

"Yes."

22

02:10

Then you're going go down to Question 2. And that's a
 different question. Damages. And she told you the reason she's
 here is because she wants to make sure this doesn't happen and

1 that her grandkids have access to this. Damages is up to you to 2 decide.

We submit that Questions 1, 2, 3 -- we submit to you that -- sorry, Questions 1, 3, 5, and 7, and 9, and 11, and 13, and 15 are all answered yes. They violate both of these acts.

As to damages, you decide. You decide. But it's two
r separate issues. You hold them accountable for what they did
wrong. You hold them accountable for just basically shrugging
their shoulders. The ADA doesn't apply to drunk people. The
ADA doesn't apply to belligerent people. What good would an
interpreter have done?

12 Those aren't the correct answers and that's not what 13 the law requires. No one's weaponizing the law, they just chose 14 to ignore it. And at least the City of Oconto has chosen not to 15 continue ignoring it, but the City of Oconto Falls seems to 16 completely ignore it, even now.

As far as damages are concerned, you decide what that
is. You decide what it's worth to feel like nothing. She says
she has anxiety; that she gets nervous when she sees police;
that her relationship with her kids is strained. Brandon's is
strained.

Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, you decide what the
 value of a mother's relationship with her kids is worth. Even a
 drunk. Even someone who from time to time has a drink. Even
 someone who might not have been the perfect parent, who might

have been forced at some times when she went to the police department to use her kid. You decide what her relationship with her kids is worth. You decide what being made to feel like nothing is worth. You decide what having the chief of police in your town laughing at you like you were a nothing in front of your child is worth.

02:14

7 But let's not confuse the two issues. One is damages
8 and you decide the worth of that, and the other is they did
9 wrong and they know it. One of the defendants admits it and the
02:14 10 other one doesn't, but they both did wrong.

11And forget the noise and forget all the other12incidents. And forget Facebook and forget she's a drunk and13McDonald's and the birds. And forget all of that and focus on14what the judge is telling you to focus on, which is those four02:151516four days.

And Ms. Lange deserves justice. And what these
departments did is not justice. What these defendants did is
not justice. They need to follow the law. They don't get to
pick and choose when they follow it. They don't get to pick and
choose what citizens get to have these rights and what citizens
don't get to have these rights.

Tell them that they have to follow the law because
this is a country of laws. And whether they like one or not or
shrug your shoulders, *I shouldn't have to provide*, it's not up

to them. That's what the law is.

1

2 And Ms. Lange, as much as they dislike her, deserves 3 to be able to understand, deserves to not have her kids used, 4 deserves a voice. Be her voice. Be her voice. 5 Thank you so much for all your time, ladies and 02:16 6 gentlemen of the jury. 7 THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Alcalde. CONCLUDING JURY INSTRUCTIONS 8 9 THE COURT: Now, members of the jury, this case is 10 ready to be submitted to you for your serious deliberation. 02:16 11 It's an important case. And it's important to the plaintiff, 12 Renee Lange, and it is important to the defendants, the City of

13 Oconto and the City of Oconto Falls. Consider the case fairly,
14 honestly, impartially, and in the light of reason and common
02:16 15 sense. Give each question in the verdict your careful and
16 conscientious consideration. In answering each question, free
17 your minds of all feelings of sympathy, bias, and prejudice.
18 Let your verdict speak the truth, whatever the truth may be.

Your verdict must represent the considered judgment of each juror. In order to return a verdict, it is necessary that each juror agree. Your verdict, in other words, must be unanimous.

It is your duty, as jurors, to consult with one
 another, and to deliberate with a view to reaching an agreement,
 if you can do so without violence to individual judgment. You

1 must each decide the case for yourself, but only after an 2 impartial consideration of the evidence in the case with your 3 fellow jurors.

In the course of your deliberations, do not hesitate
to re-examine your own views, and change your opinion, if you
are convinced if it is erroneous. But do not surrender your
honest conviction as to the weight or effect of the evidence
solely because of the opinion of your fellow jurors or for the
mere purpose of returning a verdict.

02:17 10 Remember, at all times that you are not partisans. 11 You are judges - judges of the facts. Your sole interest is to 12 seek the truth from the evidence in the case. And I remind you 13 that you may not bring into the jury room any research materials 14 or additional information; that includes dictionaries,

15 computers, electronic communication devices, or other reference
 16 materials. You may not communicate in any way with anyone other
 17 than jurors until you have reached your verdict.

18 There's no written transcript of the trial testimony 19 readily available for use during your deliberations. So we urge 902:18 20 you to rely primarily on your memory of the evidence and 21 testimony introduced during the trial as well as your notes.

As we've discussed, a form of the verdict has beenprepared for your convenience.

24Certain questions in the verdict are to be answered02:1825only if you have answered a preceding question in a certain

manner. Therefore, read the introductory portion of each
 question very carefully before you answer it. Do not needlessly
 answer questions.

4 Upon retiring to the jury room, you will select one of 02:18 5 your members to act as your foreperson. The foreperson will 6 preside over your deliberations, and will be your spokesperson 7 here in court.

8 You will take to the jury room the verdict form that 9 has been prepared for you. You must reach a unanimous verdict; 10 that is, all eight of you must agree on the answer to each 02:19 11 question. When you have reached unanimous agreement as to your 12 verdict, your foreperson will write in the verdict the answers 13 you have agreed upon and will date and sign the verdict, and 14 then all of you will then return with your verdict to the 15 02:19 courtroom.

I do not anticipate that you will need to communicate if with me. If you do, however, the only proper way is in writing, signed by the foreperson, or if he or she is unwilling to do so, by some other juror, and given to the bailiff. To have a complete record of this trial, it is important that you not communicate with me except by a written note.

If you have any questions, I will talk with the parties before I answer, so it may take some time. You should continue your deliberations while you wait for my answer. I will answer your questions in writing or orally here in open 1 court.

2 You will note from the oath about to be taken by the 3 bailiff that he too, as well as all other persons, are forbidden 4 to communicate in any manner or way with any member of the jury 5 on any subject touching the merits of the case. Bear in mind 02:20 6 also that you are never to reveal to any person how the jury 7 stands, numerically or otherwise, until after you have reached a 8 unanimous verdict. 9 So at this time we will have the clerk swear the 10 bailiff or the court security officer. 02:20 11 (Bailiff sworn.) 12 THE COURT: We have extra copies of the instructions 13 and then the white is the form of the official verdict. That's 14 what you'll fill out. You may retire to the jury room to begin 15 your deliberations. 02:21 16 (Jury out for deliberations at 2:21 p.m.) 17 THE COURT: Be seated. The jury is now retired to the 18 deliberation room. 19 Anything to put on the record concerning instructions 02:21 20 as read, or argument, anything like that? 21 MS. ALCALDE: Just renew our previous arguments and 22 they're already on the record, Judge. 23 THE COURT: Okay. And in terms of exhibits now, I 24 think we should staple the pieces together, but how many 25 exhibits do we have? Are these the exhibits? 02:22

1

MS. LEHOCKY: We have clean copies.

2 THE COURT: Show them to the plaintiff and make sure 3 they're in agreement. And then I suggest assuming you're -- we 4 just send the exhibits in. Is that fine with everyone? 5 MS. LUBIN: That's fine, Your Honor. 02:22 6 THE COURT: We'll go in recess and if there's a 7 dispute you can let me know if there's any problem. 8 Let me just say now that we've completed the case, 9 it's going to the jury, thank you all for cooperating in this. 10 We got what could have been a much lengthier trial in much 02:23 11 faster. I appreciate the hard work. I hope we've done this 12 safely. But we're going to have to try cases, and I appreciate 13 the fact that you're willing to go ahead and do that. 14 MS. ALCALDE: I think this was as well done as it 15 02:23 could possibly be, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Good. Well, thank you all. We're in 17 recess. 18 (Recess taken at 2:23 p.m., until 3:21 p.m.) 19 THE COURT: Be seated. 20 03:21 So the jury sent out a note, two questions. 21 Question No. 1 is: "When did plaintiff file suit?" 22 Question No. 2 is: "Can we review the complaint?" 23 Signed by what I assume is the foreperson, Kelly 24 Kelly. If I recall right, was an attorney. 25 My inclination is to say you must decide the case on 03:21

Verdict Jury Trial - Vol 3 - 9/23/2020 1 the evidence in the record. Neither the date of filing nor the 2 complaint are part of the record. Any objection? 3 MR. CARLSON: No. 4 MS. ALCALDE: No. 5 THE COURT: Okay. We'll send in that note, I signed 03:22 6 it, and then we'll wait to hear from them. The clerk will 7 interpret my writing. 8 (Recess taken at 3:25 p.m., until 4:16 p.m.) 9 THE COURT: Okay, we've been advised that the jury 10 reached a verdict. 04:16 11 (Jury in at 4:17 p.m.) 12 THE COURT: Go ahead, be seated, ladies and gentlemen. 13 I understand the jury has reached a verdict. And Ms. Kelly, you 14 are the foreperson? 15 04:18 THE FOREPERSON: I am. 16 THE COURT: And you gave the verdict to the bailiff 17 and he's given it to me. 18 Okay. I'll read the verdict. 19 VERDICT 20 04:18 THE COURT: We, the jury, for our verdict, answer the 21 questions submitted as follows: 22 Question 1. Did the City of Oconto violate the ADA act on May 30th, 2016, by failing to provide an ASL interpreter 23 24 and thereby prevent Renee Lange from effectively communicating 25 with police? 04:18

1 The answer is: No. 2 Question 3 then: Did they violate the Rehabilitation 3 Act by failing to provide effective communication on May 30th, 4 2016, when it did not provide an ASL interpreter to Renee Lange? 5 Answer: No. 04:19 6 Question 5: Did the City of Oconto Falls violate the 7 ADA on November 13th, 2016, by failing to provide an ASL 8 interpreter and thereby prevent Renee Lange from effectively 9 communicating with police? 10 04:19 Answer: No. 11 Question 7: Did the City of Oconto Falls violate the 12 Rehabilitation Act by failing to provide effective communication 13 on November 13th, 2016, when it did not provide an ASL 14 interpreter to Renee Lange? 15 04:19 Answer: No. 16 Question 9: Did they violate the ADA on February 2nd, 17 by failing to provide an ASL interpreter? 18 The answer is: No. 19 Question 11: Did they violate the Rehabilitation Act 04:19 20 by willfully failing to provide effective communication on 21 February 2nd, 2016, when they did not provide an ASL 22 interpreter? 23 The answer is: No. 24 Question 13: Did the City of Oconto Falls violate the 25 04:20 Americans With Disabilities Act on February 3rd, by failing to

1 provide an ASL interpreter and thereby prevent Renee Lange from 2 effectively communicating with police? 3 The answer is: No.

And Question 15: Did they violate the Rehabilitation
 04:20 5 Act by willfully failing to provide effective communication on
 6 February 3rd?

The answer is: No.

7

12

04:20

8 It's dated the 23rd of February (sic), 2020, and9 signed by our foreperson, Ms. Kelly.

04:20 10 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, is this your 11 verdict?

JURORS IN UNISON: Yes.

13THE COURT: Anyone want to have the jury polled14further?

15 MS. ALCALDE: Yes, please, Your Honor.

16 THE COURT: Okay. What that means is I need to ask 17 you to state individually if this is your verdict. And we'll 18 start right here. Just say if this is your verdict say "yes, 19 this is my verdict"; if not, tell me otherwise.

04:20	20	ΑJ	UROR:	Yes,	this	is	тy	verdict.
	21	A J	UROR:	Yes,	this	is	my	verdict.
	22	A J	UROR:	Yes,	this	is	my	verdict.
	23	A J	UROR:	Yes,	this	is	my	verdict.
	24	A J	UROR:	Yes,	this	is	my	verdict.
04:20	25	A J	UROR:	Yes,	this	is	my	verdict.

	1	A JUROR: Yes, this is my verdict.						
	2	A JUROR: Yes, this is my verdict.						
	3	THE COURT: Satisfactory?						
	4	MS. ALCALDE: Thank you, Your Honor.						
04:20	5	THE COURT: Okay. Let me tell you, ladies and						
	6	gentlemen, your service in this case is complete. I want to, on						
	7	behalf of the parties and the Court, give you my very heartfelt						
	8	thanks for your participation in the process under the						
	9	circumstances where you're wearing a mask all day.						
04:21	10	I know you gave the case very careful consideration,						
	11	and I certainly appreciate your willingness to serve under these						
	12	circumstances, under any circumstances frankly, but especially						
	13	under these.						
	14	You don't have to answer any questions about what went						
04:21	15	on in the jury room, but you're no longer bound to remain silent						
	16	about it. You can talk about the case to anyone that you want						
	17	to, but you don't have to. So it's all up to you.						
	18	But you're free to go at this time with the thanks of						
	19	the Court as well as the parties. Appreciate your service.						
	20	A JUROR: Thank you.						
	21	THE COURT: Stay safe, everyone.						
	22	JURORS IN UNISON: You too.						
	23	(Jury discharged at 4:21 p.m.)						
	24	THE COURT: Okay. Anything to put on the record?						
04:22	25	MS. ALCALDE: No, Your Honor, not from the plaintiffs.						

1 THE COURT: Okay. I withheld ruling on the motion for 2 judgment. And I know that can be renewed and if there are 3 motions after verdict it can be renewed.

At this time I'll deny it, though. I'm satisfied that there was a basis for this case to go to the jury; that there was a reasonable basis for the jury to reach the verdict it did.

7 I think there were disputes over whether the defendant
8 asked for an interpreter. Even in the initial one from Oconto,
9 the request for an interpreter was after the arrest was made and
04:22 10 when she was being directed to the jail, taken to the jail.

11 The officer did notify dispatch that she had requested 12 an interpreter and there was no further interrogation. The 13 booking process -- I'm not sure who handled the booking process. 14 Normally it's the jail, but I'm not sure.

15 04:23 In any event, there was a basis upon which the jury 16 could find that there was effective communication in all of 17 these instances, and there was certainly a basis upon which the 18 jury could find that the officers did not rely on the child 19 interpreter. I'm not sure if that's a violation if there's 20 04:23 effective communication -- I mean, a violation that would be of 21 her rights.

But, in any event, there was a basis for the jury to conclude that they acquiesced when the defendant requested an interpreter that her children assist her in interpreting, and didn't so much rely on it as she relied on it and as she

apparently has relied on her children as interpreter in many
 interactions with police.

3 So I'm satisfied there's a basis here for the verdict 4 and so I'm going to deny the motion for a directed verdict. 5 I'll file the verdict with the clerk, direct entry of 04:24 6 judgment dismissing all claims against the defendants. 7 Anything else today? 8 MS. ALCALDE: No, Your Honor. Thank you very much. 9 We were told we could leave these in a particular room and we 10 could have our paralegal have a service pick them up on Friday? 04:24 11 THE COURT: Sure. Do you know where the room is? 12 Clerk will tell you. Sure. 13 MS. ALCALDE: Thank you. 14 THE COURT: Anything else? 15 04:24 MS. ALCALDE: No, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: All right, thank you all. 17 Thank you very much. MS. ALCALDE: 18 THE COURT: We are concluded. 19 (Proceedings concluded at 4:24 p.m.) 20 21 22 23 24 25

## CERTIFICATE

I, JOHN T. SCHINDHELM, RMR, CRR, Official Court Reporter for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages are a true and accurate transcription of my original machine shorthand notes taken in the aforementioned matter to the best of my skill and ability.

Signed and Certified November 4, 2020.

/s/John T. Schindhelm

John T. Schindhelm

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