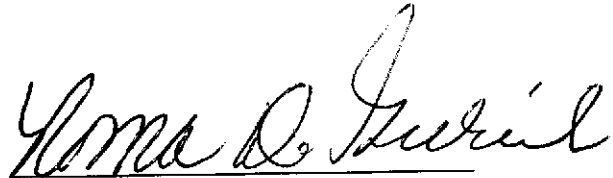


absentee voting statutes (26 O.S.Supp.2019, § 14-101, *et seq.*) does not fall within this list of exceptions. Therefore, Respondent is directed to recognize affidavits made under the provisions of § 426 in the context of absentee voting. *Chandler U.S.A., Inc. v. Tyree*, 2004 OK 16, ¶ 24, 87 P.3d 598; 26 O.S.2011, § 2-107. Respondent is further ordered to send absentee ballot voters such forms, instructions, and materials as will facilitate the use of § 426. *Id.*; 26 O.S.2011, § 14-127, & § 14-128. Respondent is barred from issuing ballot forms, instructions, and materials suggesting notarization and/or a notarized affidavit form is the only means through which the requisite affidavit for absentee voting may be accomplished. *Cannon v. Lane*, 1993 OK 40, ¶ 12, 867 P.2d 1235; 26 O.S.2011, § 14-127, & § 14-128.

DONE BY THE ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT IN CONFERENCE
THIS 4th DAY OF MAY, 2020.


CHIEF JUSTICE

Gurich, C.J., Darby, V.C.J., Kauger, Edmondson, Colbert, Combs, JJ., concur;
Winchester, Kane (**by separate writing**) and Rowe (**by separate writing**), dissent.

Kane, J., with whom Winchester, J., joins, dissenting

“I conclude that our existing statutes do not provide the relief proposed by the Petitioners, so the issues stand presented to the wrong branch of government. I dissent.”