Mandatory Civil Rights Data Collection

September 2019

Attachment A-2

Data Groups for Civil Rights Data Collection for School Year 2019–20

INTRODUCTION

This attachment contains the details of sets of related data entries known as data groups (DG) that are used for the Civil Rights Data Collection (CRDC) collected from state educational agencies (SEA), local educational agencies (LEA), and schools.

To fully understand the data groups presented in this attachment, the reader should use Attachments A-1 and A-3 as references. Attachment A-1 explains how to read the table of information on each data group. Attachment A-3 contains the definitions and permitted values of the categories in the category sets.

In this attachment, data groups are listed in alphabetical order by data group name. For readability, the tables that describe data groups are not divided between pages, if possible. This results in some pages having significant blank space.

DATA GROUPS THAT ARE PART OF THE CRDC

Data groups that will be considered part of the CRDC fall into the following sets.

- Set A: Data groups submitted by LEAs through the CRDC, and also collected from SEAs through the ED*Facts* Submission System (ESS) to ensure internal consistency of the CRDC.
- Set B: Data groups submitted by LEAs and schools for the CRDC.
- Set C: Data groups submitted by SEAs through ESS and merged into the CRDC dataset to
 provide more complete and robust data for civil rights purposes, with no additional burden on
 SEAs or LEAs.

Set A Data Groups—Collected through both CRDC and ESS

The data groups, as collected through the CRDC, are explained in this attachment.

The data groups, as collected through the ESS, are explained in Attachments A and B of the ED*Facts* school years 2019–20, 2020–21, and 2021–22 information collection package titled, "Annual Mandatory Collection of Elementary and Secondary Education Data through ED*Facts*." The ED*Facts* information collection package (OMB control number: 1850-0925 v.4) is available at https://www.regulations.gov/docket?D=ED-2018-ICCD-0117.

Data Group (DG) Name	Level	DG ID	Page
Charter status	School	915 (CRDC)	A2-7
		27 (ESS)	
Grades offered	School	932 (CRDC)	A2-7
		18 (ESS)	
		18 (ESS)	

Membership	LEA,	979 (CRDC)	A2-8
	School	39 (ESS)	
School type	School	977 (CRDC)	A2-9
		21 (ESS)	

Set B Data Groups—Collected through CRDC only

These data groups are explained in this attachment.

Data Group (DG) Name	Level	DG ID	Page
Advanced Placement course by subject enrollment			
table Revised!	School	900	A2-10
Advanced Placement course enrollment table Revised!	School	901	A2-11
Advanced Placement course self-selection	School	902	A2-12
Advanced Placement different courses offered	School	903	A2-13
Advanced Placement exam participation table Retired!	School	904	A2-14
Algebra I classes—middle school	School	906	A2-15
Algebra I classes—middle school teacher certification	School	1004	A2-16
Algebra I course enrollment—grade 7	School	907	A2-18
Algebra I course enrollment—grade 8	School	908	A2-19
Algebra I course enrollment—high school	School	909	A2-20
Algebra I course passing—grade 7	School	910	A2-21
Algebra I course passing—grade 8	School	911	A2-22
Algebra I course passing—high school	School	912	A2-23
Alternative school focus	School	914	A2-24
Civil rights coordinators	LEA	916	A2-24
Computer science classes—high school	School	1011	A2-25
Computer science classes—high school teacher			
certification	School	1012	A2-25
Computer science course enrollment—high school	School	1013	A2-27
Corporal punishment instances—preschool	School	1010	A2-28
Corporal punishment instances table	School	917	A2-29
Credit recovery student participation Retired!	School	992	A2-29
Deaths due to homicide	School	919	A2-30
Desegregation order or plan	LEA	920	A2-30
Discipline of preschool children table Revised!	School	921	A2-31
Discipline of students with disabilities (<i>IDEA</i> and	School	922	
Section 504) table	SCHOOL	922	A2-32
Discipline of students without disabilities table	School	923	A2-33
Distance education student enrollment table	LEA	993	A2-34
Dual enrollment program student enrollment	School	994	A2-35
Early childhood program for non-IDEA children			
Retired!	LEA	926	A2-36
English learner students	School	946	A2-36
English learner students in EL programs Revised!	School	947	A2-37

Data Group (DG) Name	Level	DG ID	Page
Firearm use	School	927	A2-37
Geometry course enrollment—grade 8	School	930	A2-38
Gifted/talented program enrollment table	School	931	A2-39
Harassment or bullying—policy table Revised!	LEA	988	A2-40
Harassment or bullying—web link indicator Retired!	LEA	1021	A2-41
Harassment or bullying—web link Revised!	LEA	1022	A2-42
Harassment or bullying—reported allegations table	School	933	A2-43
Harassment or bullying—allegations by religion table		7.00	
New!	School	1023	A2-44
Harassment or bullying—students disciplined table	School	934	A2-45
Harassment or bullying—students reported as harassed	C -11		
or bullied table	School	935	A2-46
High school equivalency exam preparation program			
participation table	LEA	929	A2-47
International Baccalaureate Programme enrollment			
table Revised!	School	936	A2-48
Interscholastic athletics single-sex sports	School	937	A2-49
Interscholastic athletics single-sex teams	School	938	A2-50
Interscholastic athletics single-sex team participants	School	939	A2-51
Justice facility days in regular school year table	School	940	A2-52
Justice facility educational program participants table	School	941	A2-53
Justice facility educational program hours per week	Calcal		
table	School	942	A2-54
Justice facility type	School	943	A2-55
Kindergarten daily length and cost Retired!	LEA	944	A2-56
Magnet program detail	School	948	A2-57
Magnet status	School	949	A2-57
Mathematics classes—high school	School	950	A2-58
Mathematics classes—high school teacher certification	School	1005	A2-58
Mathematics course enrollment—high school	School	951	A2-60
Membership—non-LEA	LEA	989	A2-61
Offenses table	School	952	A2-61
Offenses incidents—students New!	School	1024	A2-62
Offenses incidents—school staff New!	School	1025	A2-62
Offenses allegations—school staff resignation New!	School	1026	A2-63
Offenses allegations—school staff determination New!	School	1027	A2-63
Offenses allegations—school staff determination			
pending New!	School	1028	A2-64
Offenses allegations—school staff duty reassignment	Calcal		
New!	School	1029	A2-64
Preschool ages for non-IDEA children	School	953	A2-65
Preschool ages for non-IDEA children Retired!	LEA	953	A2-65
Preschool daily length and cost Retired!	LEA	954	A2-66

Data Group (DG) Name	Level	DG ID	Page
Preschool eligible children Retired!	LEA	955	A2-66
Preschool enrollment table Revised!	School	956	A2-67
Preschool grade	School	913	A2-67
Preschool children served table	LEA	957	A2-68
Public schools total	LEA	958	A2-68
Restraint or seclusion for <i>IDEA</i> students table	School	959	A2-69
Restraint or seclusion for non-IDEA students table	School	960	A2-70
Restraint or seclusion instances table	School	961	A2-71
Retention table	School	963	A2-72
SAT or ACT test participation table	School	964	A2-73
School fiber-optic connection	School	1016	A2-74
School-issued devices	School	1017	A2-74
School Wi-Fi access in classrooms	School	1018	A2-74
School Wi-Fi enabled devices	School	1019	A2-75
Student-owned devices	School	1020	A2-75
School counselors (FTE)	School	965	A2-76
School days missed due to out-of-school suspensions table	School	966	A2-77
School finance—FTE personnel (state and local) Retired!	School	967	A2-78
School finance—FTE personnel (federal, state, and local) Retired!	School	998	A2-79
School finance—FTE teachers Retired!	School	968	A2-80
School finance—instructional aide salaries (state and local) Retired!	School	996	A2-82
School finance—instructional aide salaries (federal, state, and local) Retired!	School	997	A2-83
School finance—non-personnel expenditures (state and local) Retired!	School	970	A2-84
School finance—non-personnel expenditures (federal, state, and local) Retired!	School	1000	A2-85
School finance—support personnel salaries (state and local) Retired!	School	971	A2-86
School finance—support personnel salaries (federal, state, and local) Retired!	School	999	A2-87
School finance—teacher salaries (state and local) Retired!	School	972	A2-89
School finance—teacher salaries (federal, state, and local) Retired!	School	995	A2-91
School finance—total personnel salaries (state and local) Retired!	School	1001	A2-93
School finance—total personnel salaries (federal, state and local) Retired!	School	1002	A2-95

Data Group (DG) Name	Level	DG ID	Page
Science classes—high school	School	973	A2-97
Science classes—high school teacher certification	School	1006	A2-97
Science course enrollment—high school	School	974	A2-99
Security staff (FTE) table	School	975	A2-100
Single-sex academic classes table	School	976	A2-101
Special education school	School	1015	A2-102
Students with disabilities served under <i>IDEA</i>	School	980	A2-103
Students with disabilities served under Section 504 only	School	981	A2-103
Support services staff (FTE)	School	982	A2-104
Suspension instances	School	1007	A2-105
Suspension instances—preschool	School	1008	A2-106
Teacher absenteeism table Retired!	School	983	A2-107
Teacher credentials (FTE)	School	990	A2-109
Teacher credentials (FTE)—not certified	School	1009	A2-111
Teachers (FTE)	School	984	A2-113
Teachers (counts)	School	1003	A2-115
Teacher experience Retired!	School	985	A2-117
Ungraded detail	School	986	A2-119

Set C Data Groups—Collected through ESS only, merged into CRDC dataset after collection is complete, with no additional burden on SEAs or LEAs

The four data groups in the table below are presented in this attachment.

Data Group (DG) Name	Level	DG ID	Page
Children with disabilities (IDEA) school age table	School	74 (ESS)	A2-120
Chronic absenteeism table	School	814 (ESS)	A2-121
Graduates/completers table	School	306 (ESS)	A2-121
Title I school status	School	22 (ESS)	A2-122

Additionally, OCR plans to utilize the information in other ESS data groups. These may include Dropouts table (DG326), Academic achievement in reading/language arts table (DG584), Academic achievement in mathematics table (DG583), and Academic achievement in science table (DG585).

For a detailed explanation of the ESS data groups (OMB control number: 1850-0925 v.4), the reader should go to https://www.regulations.gov/docket?D=ED-2018-ICCD-0117, and review Attachments A and B of the ED*Facts* school years 2019–20, 2020–21, and 2021–22 information collection package.

SET A: DATA GROUPS COLLECTED THROUGH CRDC AND ESS

Group Name: Charter	status		DG: 915
Definition	An indication of whether a public school provides free public elementary and/or secondary education to eligible students under a specific charter executed, pursuant to a state charter school law, by an authorized chartering agency/authority and that is designated by such authority to be a public charter school.		
Permitted Values	YesNoNot applicable		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	A charter school is a public school that provides free public elementary and/or secondary education to eligible students under a specific charter issued, pursuant to a state charter school law, by an authorized chartering agency/authority and that is designated by such authority to be a public charter school.		

Group Name: Grades of	offered			DG: 932
Definition	The grade level(s) of	fered by the scho	ol.	
Permitted Values	Ungraded	•	Grade 7	
	• Prekindergarten*	•	Grade 8	
	Kindergarten	•	Grade 9	
	• Grade 1	•	Grade 10	
	• Grade 2	•	Grade 11	
	• Grade 3	•	Grade 12	
	• Grade 4	•	Grade 13*	
	• Grade 5	•	Adult Education*	k
	• Grade 6	•	No Grades*	
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	Sta	ite 🗆
Education Unit Total			·	
Comment	For the CRDC, presc	hool is also consi	dered a grade. See	e data group
	Preschool grade (DG	913).		
	Permitted values with	n an asterisk (*) a	re not used for the	CRDC.

Group Name: Members	ship		DG: 979
Definition	The unduplicated student enrollment, including students both present and absent, excluding duplicate counts of students within a specific school or LEA or students whose membership is reported by another school or LEA.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA ☑	State □
Education Unit Total	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$		
Comment	Each student is counted individually, no full-time equivalency. Students must be counted in the school where they actually, physically attend for more than 50% of the school day. For distance education schools or virtual schools, students must be counted in the school from which they receive more than 50% of their coursework. Education Unit Total applies to the CRDC LEA reporting level. Category set A is reported at the CRDC school level only.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Racial EthnicSex (Member		

Group Name: School ty	pe		DG: 977
Definition	The classification of	schools based on the curr	riculum concentration.
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	School types below Code Set:	with an asterisk (*) are no	ot used for the CRDC.
	• 1 - Regular Scho	ool*	
	A public element primarily on care education, althou a regular curricular 2 - Special Education A public element serving the education and public elements are serving the education are serving the educa	tary/secondary school that eer and technical, special, agh it may provide these p lum. ation School* tary/secondary school that ational needs of students v	or alternative programs in addition to at focuses primarily on with disabilities
	 (IDEA) and which adapts curriculum, materials, or instruction for these students. 3 - Career and Technical Education School* A public elementary/secondary school that focuses primarily on providing secondary students with an occupationally relevant or career-related curriculum, including formal preparation for technical or professional occupations. 		
	of students that t program, and is of academic difficu students with aca • 5 - Reportable P	tary/secondary school that ypically cannot be met in designed to meet the need lities, students with discipaldemic difficulties and discregram* es not meet the definition	a regular school ls of students with line problems, or both scipline problems.

SET B: DATA GROUPS COLLECTED THROUGH CRDC ONLY

Group Name: Advance	ted Placement course by subject enrollment table DG: 900
Definition	The number of students enrolled in at least one Advanced Placement (AP) course in a subject area.
Permitted Values	Integer
Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling - October 1
	 For schools with lock scheduling that allows a full-year course
	to be taken in one semester - Sum of a count taken on October 1
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □
Education Unit Total	
Comment	Report only for schools that have students who are enrolled in one or more AP courses. For each subject area, the data should be unduplicated. Category sets B and C do not include all students. Advanced Placement (AP) – AP refers to a program, sponsored by the College Board, through which students may earn college credit and advanced college placement by successfully completing AP courses and standardized AP exams. Advanced Placement (AP) course – An AP course is an advanced, college-level course designed for students who achieve a specified level of academic performance. Upon successful completion of the course and a standardized AP exam, a student may be qualified to receive college credit and/or placement into advanced college courses.
	DEGCDIPTION
CATEGORY SET Category Set A	DESCRIPTION Subject Area (Advanced Pleasement)
Revised!	Subject Area (Advanced Placement)Racial Ethnic
220120041	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set B	Subject Area (Advanced Placement)
Revised!	 Disability Status (IDEA)
	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set C	Subject Area (Advanced Placement)
Revised!	Disability Status (Section 504 Only)
	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set D	Subject Area (Advanced Placement)
Revised!	• EL Status (Only)
	Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Advance	d Placement course enrollment table	DG: 901	
Definition	The unduplicated number of students enrolled in at least one		
	Advanced Placement (AP) course.		
Permitted Values	Integer		
Reporting Period	• For schools with regular scheduling - October	1	
	• For schools with block scheduling that allows	a full-year course	
	to be taken in one semester - Sum of a count ta	aken on October 1	
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the se	econd block	
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for schools that have students who are more AP courses. Category sets B and C do not in Advanced Placement (AP) – AP refers to a prograthe College Board, through which students may earn and advanced college placement by successfully courses and standardized AP exams. Advanced Placement (AP) course – An AP course college-level course designed for students who acl level of academic performance. Upon successful course and a standardized AP exam, a student may receive college credit and/or placement into advancourses.	m, sponsored by arn college credit completing AP e is an advanced, hieve a specified completion of the y be qualified to	
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	 Disability Status (Section 504 Only) 		
Revised!	Sex (Membership)		
Category Set D	• EL Status (Only)		
	Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Advance	ed Placement cours	se self-selection	DG: 902
Definition	An indication of wh	nether enrollment via s	elf-selection by the student
	is permitted for all	Advanced Placement ((AP) courses offered.
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
	Not applicable		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for sch	ools that have students	s who are enrolled in one or
	more AP courses.		
	Advanced Placement (AP) – AP refers to a program, sponsored by the		
	College Board, through which students may earn college credit and		
		<u>-</u>	lly completing AP courses
	and standardized AP exams.		
			_
	Advanced Placement (AP) course – An AP course is an advanced,		
	college-level course designed for students who achieve a specified		
	level of academic performance. Upon successful completion of the		
	course and a standardized AP exam, a student may be qualified to		
	receive college credit and/or placement into advanced college courses.		
	Advanced Placement (AP) course self-selection – AP course self-		
			ny AP course offered by a n or without meeting other
		any necessary course p	_
	criteria (except for	any necessary course p	nerequisites).

Group Name: Advance	Group Name: Advanced Placement different courses offered DG: 903			
Definition	The unduplicated number of different Advanced Placement (AP)			
	courses offered by	the school.		
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	For schools wit	h regular scheduling -	October 1	
	• For schools wit	h block scheduling that	t allows a full-year course to	
	be taken in one	semester - Sum of a co	ount taken on October 1 in	
	the first block,	and around March 1 in	the second block	
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total	\checkmark			
Comment	more AP courses. Examples of differed AB, and Calculus II Advanced Placemed College Board, through advanced college pland standardized AII Advanced Placemed College-level course level of academic placemed a standardized and a standardized AIII Markov Ma	Count different AP countent AP courses are Biological BC. Int (AP) – AP refers to ough which students malacement by successful P exams. Int (AP) course – An Ale designed for students performance. Upon successful ardized AP exam, a students outside the students of the	who are enrolled in one or arses and not classes. logy, Chemistry, Calculus a program, sponsored by the ay earn college credit and lly completing AP courses P course is an advanced, who achieve a specified excessful completion of the dent may be qualified to to advanced college courses.	

Retired!

Group Name: Advance	d Placement exam participation table DG: 904		
Definition	The unduplicated number of students enrolled in one or more AP		
	courses who took Advanced Placement (AP) exams.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □		
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for schools that have students who are enrolled in one or		
	more AP courses. Category sets B and C do not include all students.		
	Advanced Placement (AP) – AP refers to a program, sponsored by		
	the College Board, through which students may earn college credit		
	and advanced college placement by successfully completing AP		
	courses and standardized AP exams.		
	Advanced Placement (AP) course – An AP course is an advanced,		
	college-level course designed for students who achieve a specified		
	level of academic performance. Upon successful completion of the		
	course and a standardized AP exam, a student may be qualified to		
	receive college credit and/or placement into advanced college		
	courses.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	AP Exam Participation Status		
	Racial Ethnic		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	AP Exam Participation Status		
	Disability Status (IDEA)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	AP Exam Participation Status		
	Disability Status (Section 504 Only)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set D	AP Exam Participation Status		
	• EL Status (Only)		
	• Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Algebra	I classes—middle scl	hool	DG: 906
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in Algebra I (college-		
	preparatory) course a	at the middle school level	
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	• For schools with	regular scheduling - Oct	ober 1
	• For schools with	block scheduling that all	ows a full-year course
	to be taken in one	e semester - Sum of a cou	unt taken on October 1
	in the first block,	and around March 1 in t	he second block
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total	\checkmark		
Comment	Report only for school	ols with grade 7 or 8 and	or ungraded with
	middle school age students, and that provide college-preparatory		
	Algebra I course.		
	Algebra I is a course that includes the study of properties and		
	operations of the real number system; evaluating rational algebraic		
	expressions; solving and graphing first degree equations and		
	inequalities; translating word problems into equations; operations		
	with and factoring of polynomials; and solving simple quadratic		
	equations.		
	Algebra I is a founda	ation course leading to hi	gher-level mathematics
	courses, including G	eometry and Algebra II.	

Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in Algebra I (college-	
	preparatory) course at the middle school level taught by teachers	
	with a mathematics certification.	
Permitted Values	Integer	
Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling - October 1	
	For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course	
	to be taken in one semester - Sum of a count taken on October 1	
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block	
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □	
Education Unit Total	\square	
Comment	Report only for schools with grade 7 or 8 and/or ungraded with middle school age students, and that provide college-preparatory Algebra I course. Algebra Lis a course that includes the study of properties and	
	Algebra I is a course that includes the study of properties and operations of the real number system; evaluating rational algebraic expressions; solving and graphing first degree equations and inequalities; translating word problems into equations; operations with and factoring of polynomials; and solving simple quadratic equations.	
	Algebra I is a foundation course leading to higher-level mathematics courses, including Geometry and Algebra II.	
	Teachers are considered certified in mathematics if they have received a teaching certificate/license/endorsement in mathematics or computer science (general or subject-specific) from the state.	
	Teachers may be funded with federal, state, and/or local funds. Justice facilities should consider only teachers who serve students in the educational program offered at the justice facility during the regular school year.	
	Refer to the following guide to determine which teachers may be included and which teachers should be excluded.	
	 Teachers certified in mathematics may include: Regular Classroom Teachers Special Education Teachers Teach special education classes to students with disabilities. General Elementary Teachers Teach self-contained classes in any of grades 7–8 (i.e., 	

- teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
- Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Teachers of Ungraded Students
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades 7–8

Teachers to exclude:

- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.
- Student Teachers
- Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals

Definition	The unduplicated nu	mber of students in grade	7 enrolled in Algebra I
	(college-preparatory) course.		
Permitted Values	Integer		
Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling –Single day at the end of the regular school year		
	• For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on a single day at the end of the first block, and a single day at the end of the second block		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total	$\overline{\checkmark}$		
Comment	Algebra I is a course operations of the rea expressions; solving inequalities; translati with and factoring of equations. Algebra I is a foundation	I course. I that includes the study of l number system; evaluate and graphing first degree ing word problems into each f polynomials; and solving the solving the study of the solving that in course leading to his second to the second that the solving that is the solving that it is the	f properties and ing rational algebraic equations and quations; operations g simple quadratic

Definition	-	mber of students in grade	8 enrolled in Algebra I
Permitted Values	(college-preparatory) course.		
	• Integer	1 1 1 1 2 6	1 1 4 1 1 6 4
Reporting Period		regular scheduling –Sing	gie day at the end of the
	regular school ye		C.11
		block scheduling that all e semester – Sum of a co	
		the first block, and a sing	_
	second block	the first block, and a sing	gie day at the end of the
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA 🗆	State □
Education Unit Total			State 🗆
Comment	Report only for school	ols with grade 8 and/or u	ngraded with middle
	_ *	and that provide college-	0
	_	s B and C do not include	
	course. Caregory sets 2 and C do not metade an stadents.		
	Algebra I is a course that includes the study of properties and		
	operations of the real	l number system; evaluat	ing rational algebraic
	expressions; solving	and graphing first degree	e equations and
	inequalities; translati	ng word problems into e	quations; operations
	_	polynomials; and solvin	g simple quadratic
	equations.		
	Algebra I is a foundation course leading to higher-level mathematics		
	courses, including Geometry and Algebra II.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A			
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic Say (Marchae		
Cotogowy Sot D	• Sex (Member	-	
Category Set B	• Disability Status (IDEA)		
Cotogowy Cot C	• Sex (Member	•	
Category Set C	• EL Status (Or	• '	
	Sex (Member	rship)	

Group Name: Algebra	I course enrollment—high school DG: 909		
Definition	The number of high school level students enrolled in Algebra I		
	(college-preparatory) course.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	• For schools with regular scheduling –Single day at the end of the		
	regular school year		
	• For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course		
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on a single		
	day at the end of the first block, and a single day at the end of the second block		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹 LEA 🗆 State 🗆		
Education Unit Total	School E State I		
Comment	Papert only for schools with any grade 0 through 12 and/or ungraded		
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students, and that provide college-preparatory Algebra I course. Report only for schools with grade 9 or 10, and that provide college-preparatory Algebra I course. Report only for schools with grade 11 or 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students, and that provide college-preparatory Algebra I course. For each grade span, the data should be unduplicated. Category sets B and C do not include all students. Algebra I is a course that includes the study of properties and operations of the real number system; evaluating rational algebraic expressions; solving and graphing first degree equations and inequalities; translating word problems into equations; operations with and factoring of polynomials; and solving simple quadratic equations. Algebra I is a foundation course leading to higher-level mathematics courses, including Geometry and Algebra II.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Grade Span (Secondary)		
	Racial Ethnic		
	Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	Grade Span (Secondary)		
	Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	Grade Span (Secondary)		
	• EL Status (Only)		
	Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Algebra	I course passing—gr	rade 7	DG: 910	
Definition		The unduplicated number of students in grade 7 who passed Algebra I (college-preparatory) course.		
Permitted Values	• Integer	• /		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total	\checkmark			
Comment	Algebra I course. Algebra I is a course operations of the real expressions; solving inequalities; translati with and factoring of equations. Algebra I is a foundation.	that includes the study of l number system; evaluate and graphing first degree ing word problems into ear polynomials; and solving ation course leading to his eometry and Algebra II.	f properties and ing rational algebraic equations and quations; operations g simple quadratic	

Group Name: Algebra	I course passing—gr	rade 8	DG: 911
Definition	The unduplicated number of students in grade 8 who passed Algebra		
	I (college-preparatory) course.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for schools with students in grade 8 and/or ungraded middle school age students who are enrolled in Algebra I course. Category sets B and C do not include all students. Algebra I is a course that includes the study of properties and operations of the real number system; evaluating rational algebraic expressions; solving and graphing first degree equations and inequalities; translating word problems into equations; operations with and factoring of polynomials; and solving simple quadratic equations. Algebra I is a foundation course leading to higher-level mathematics courses, including Geometry and Algebra II.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic	;	
	Sex (Member	rship)	
Category Set B	 Disability Sta 	itus (IDEA)	
	Sex (Member	rship)	
Category Set C	EL Status (On	EL Status (Only)	
	Sex (Member	rship)	

Group Name: Algebra	I course passing—high school DG: 912		
Definition	The number of high school level students who passed Algebra I		
	(college-preparatory) course.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □		
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for schools with students in grade 9 or 10 who are		
	enrolled in Algebra I course. Report only for schools with students		
	in grade 11 or 12 and/or ungraded high school age students who are		
	enrolled in Algebra I course.		
	For each grade span, the data should be unduplicated. Category sets		
	B and C do not include all students.		
	Alaska Tia a sasara dadi nalada da ada da af manadi a and		
	Algebra I is a course that includes the study of properties and		
	operations of the real number system; evaluating rational algebraic expressions; solving and graphing first degree equations and		
	inequalities; translating word problems into equations; operations		
	with and factoring of polynomials; and solving simple quadratic		
	equations.		
	1		
	Algebra I is a foundation course leading to higher-level mathematics		
	courses, including Geometry and Algebra II.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Grade Span (Secondary)		
	Racial Ethnic		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	Grade Span (Secondary)		
	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	Grade Span (Secondary)		
	• EL Status (Only)		
	• Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Alterna	tive school focus			DG: 914
Definition	An indication of the specific group of students whose needs the			
	alternative school is designed to meet.			
Permitted Values	Alternative sche	ool for students with ac	cademic diffic	culties
	Alternative sche	ool for students with di	scipline probl	lems
	Alternative sche	ool for students with ac	cademic diffic	culties and
	discipline probl	ems		
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	Sta	ate 🗆
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools designated as alternative schools.			
	An alternative school is a public elementary or secondary school that			
	addresses the needs of students that typically cannot be met in a regular school program.			

Group Name: Civil righ	its coordinators		DG: 916	
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA has appointed a responsible employee to coordinate efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under federal law prohibiting discrimination against students and others on the bases of sex, race/color/national origin, and/or disability.			
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
	Text for comments			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School \square	LEA ☑	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include name, phone number, and email address of civil rights coordinator.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	• Civil Rights	Law (Coordinators)		

Group Name: Compute	er science classes—hi	gh school	DG: 1011	
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in computer science courses at			
	the high school level.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	• For schools with	regular scheduling – Oct	tober 1	
	• For schools with	block scheduling that all	ows a full-year course	
	to be taken in on	e semester – Sum of a co	unt taken on October 1	
	in the first block,	and around March 1 in t	the second block	
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded	
	with high school age	students.		
	Computer science courses involve the study of computers and			
	algorithmic processes, including their principles, hardware and			
	software designs, applications, and their impact on society. They			
	-	ter programming or codi	_	
		applications, games, web		
	managing large databases of information, legal and ethical issues			
	involved in computer technology use, and network security.			
		pes not include using a co		
	_	sing the internet, use of to		
		eets or presentation softv	_	
	computers in the stud	dy and exploration of oth	er subjects.	

Group Name: Comput	er science classes—h	igh school teacher certif	fication DG: 1012	
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in computer science courses at			
	the high school level taught by teachers with a computer science			
	certification.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	 For schools with 	regular scheduling - Oct	ober 1	
	 For schools with 	block scheduling that all	ows a full-year course	
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1			
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or			
	ungraded with high school age students.			
	Computer science courses involve the study of computers and			
	algorithmic processe	es, including their principl	les, hardware and	

software designs, applications, and their impact on society. They often include computer programming or coding as a tool to create things like software, applications, games, websites and electronics, managing large databases of information, legal and ethical issues involved in computer technology use, and network security. Computer science does not include using a computer to do everyday things, such as browsing the internet, use of tools like word processing, spreadsheets or presentation software, or using computers in the study and exploration of other subjects.

Teachers are considered certified in computer science if they have received a teaching certificate/license/endorsement in computer science (general or subject-specific) from the state.

Teachers may be funded with federal, state, and/or local funds. Justice facilities should consider only teachers who serve students in the educational program offered at the justice facility during the regular school year.

Refer to the following guide to determine which teachers may be included and which teachers should be excluded.

Teachers certified in computer science may include:

- Regular Classroom Teachers
- Special Education Teachers
 - Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in computer science once a week).
- Teachers of Ungraded Students
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades 9–12

	D 1 . 1 1
1	Γeachers to exclude:
	 General Elementary Teachers
	- Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool-
	8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the
	day).
	- Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to
	teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
	- Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.
	 Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
	- Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
	 Short-term Substitute Teachers
	- Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for
	less than four continuous weeks.
	• Student Teachers
	 Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
	Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals

Group Name: Compute	Group Name: Computer science course enrollment—high school DG: 1013						
Definition	The number of high school level students enrolled in computer						
	science courses.						
Permitted Values	 Integer 						
Reporting Period	 For schools with 	regular scheduling - Oct	cober 1				
	 For schools with 	block scheduling that all	ows a full-year course				
	to be taken in on	e semester – Sum of a co	unt taken on October 1				
	in the first block.	, and around March 1 in t	he second block				
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □				
Education Unit Total							
Comment	Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded				
	with high school age students, and that provide computer science						
	courses.						
	Computer science courses involve the study of computers and						
	algorithmic processes, including their principles, hardware and						
	software designs, applications, and their impact on society. They						
	often include computer programming or coding as a tool to create						
	things like software, applications, games, websites and electronics,						
	managing large databases of information, legal and ethical issues						
	involved in computer technology use, and network security.						
	-	pes not include using a co					
	things, such as brow	sing the internet, use of to	ools like word				

	processing, spreadsheets or presentation software, or using computers in the study and exploration of other subjects.		
CATECODY CET	DECORPTION		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	EL Status (Only)		
	Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Corpora	al punishment instan	punishment instances—preschool DG: 1010				
Definition	The number of instances of corporal punishment that preschool					
	children received.					
Permitted Values	 Integer 					
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	:				
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	Sta	ite 🗆		
Education Unit Total	\checkmark					
Comment	Include instances of corporal punishment for children enrolled in preschool. Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children ages 3 through 5. Include the number of instances, not the number of children who received corporal punishment. A child may have received corporal punishment more than once if the child was involved in multiple offenses.					
	Corporal punishment refers to paddling, spanking, or other forms of physical punishment imposed on a child.					
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION					
Category Set A	Preschool (C)	orporal Punishment and S	Suspension))		

Group Name:	Corporal punishment instances table	
Definition	The number of instances of corporal punishment that K	-12 students

	received.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include instances of corporal punishment for students enrolled in grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include the number of instances, not the number of students who received corporal punishment. A student may have received corporal punishment more than once if the student was involved in multiple offenses. Corporal punishment refers to paddling, spanking, or other forms of physical punishment imposed on a student.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A		atus (Corporal Punishmer	it)	

Retired!

Group Name: Credit recovery student participation DG: 992					
The unduplicated number of students who participate in at least one					
credit recovery program that allows them to earn missed credit in					
order to graduate from high school.					
• Integer					
School year up to on	e day prior to the beginni	ng of the following			
school year					
School ☑ LEA □ State □					
Report only for scho	ols with any grade 9 thro	ugh 12 and/or ungraded			
with high school age students.					
Credit recovery programs (including courses or other instruction),					
aim to help schools graduate more students by giving students who					
have fallen behind th	e chance to "recover" cre	edits through a			
multitude of differen	t strategies, including onl	line. Different			
programs allow stude	ents to work on their cred	lit recovery classes over			
the summer, on school breaks, after school, on weekends, at home on					
their own, at night in	school computer labs, or	even during the school			
day.	-				
	The unduplicated nucleotic recovery programs allow students in their own, at night in their	The unduplicated number of students who par credit recovery program that allows them to e order to graduate from high school. Integer School year up to one day prior to the beginning school year School LEA Report only for schools with any grade 9 throwith high school age students. Credit recovery programs (including courses a aim to help schools graduate more students by have fallen behind the chance to "recover" cremultitude of different strategies, including on programs allow students to work on their credit the summer, on school breaks, after school, on their own, at night in school computer labs, or			

Group Name:	Deaths due to homicide		DG: 919
Definition		An indication of whether any of the school's student	s, faculty, or

	staff died as a result	staff died as a result of a homicide committed at the school.		
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment				

Group Name: Desegre	Group Name: Desegregation order or plan DG: 920				
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA is covered by a desegregation				
	order or plan.				
Permitted Values	• Yes				
	• No				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School	LEA ☑	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	ordered by, submitted the Office for Civil predecessor the Depanother federal ages remedies or address of students or staff found or alleged to of the <i>Civil Rights</i> A school district or plan until the contract of the cont	ed to, or entered into verification of Rights (OCR), U.S. Department of Health, Educy; or a state agency of the ses a school district's a continuous on the basis of race or the in violation of the UAct of 1964, and/or statict remains subject to surt, agency, or other continuous process.	r plan: (1) that has been with a federal or state court; epartment of Education, its ucation, and Welfare, or or official, and (2) that ctual or alleged segregation national origin that was J.S. Constitution, Title VI te constitution or other state such a desegregation order empetent official finds that I has been released from the		

Group Name:	Disciplin	e of preschool children table	DG: 921
Definition		The number of preschool children who were discip	olined during the

	school year.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•	
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	_	reschool programs and se	
		or each discipline method ory sets B and C do not i	
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Discipline Method (Preschool)		
Revised!	Racial Ethnic		
	Sex (Member	rship)	
Category Set B	Discipline Method (Preschool)		
Revised!	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	Discipline Method (Preschool)		
Revised!	EL Status (On	nly)	
	Sex (Member	rship)	

Group Name: Discipline of students with disabilities (*IDEA* and Section 504) table

Definition	The number of studen	ts with disabilities (IDE	A and Section 504)	
	who were disciplined during the school year.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include students enrol	led in grades K-12, and	comparable ungraded	
	levels. For each disci	pline method, the data sl	nould be unduplicated.	
		es students with disabili		
	only. Category set B includes students with disabilities served under			
	Section 504 only. Category set C does not include all students.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Discipline Method			
	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)			
	Racial Ethnic			
	Sex (Membership)			
Category Set B	Discipline Method			
	 Disability Stat 	us (Section 504 Only)		
	• Sex (Membership)			
Category Set C	Discipline Method			
	EL Status (On	ly)		
	Sex (Members	ship)		

Group Name:	Disciplin	DG: 923		
Definition		The number of students without disabilities who were disciplined		
		during the school year.		
Permitted Valu	es	Integer		

Reporting Period	Regular School Year				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include students enro	olled in grades K-12, and	comparable ungraded		
	levels. For each disc	cipline method, the data si	hould be unduplicated.		
	Category set B does	not include all students.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Discipline Method				
	Racial Ethnic				
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set B	Discipline Method				
	• EL Status (Only)				
	Sex (Member	rship)			

Group Name:	Distance	DG: 993		
Definition		The unduplicated number of students enrolled in any distance		
		education courses.		
Permitted Valu	ies	Integer		

Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•			
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Category sets B and	C do not include all stud	ents.		
	Distance education courses must meet all of the following criteria:				
		g; (2) be technology-deli			
	_	, the Internet, or other co	_		
		district network); and (3			
		ent location than the stud	` ′		
		course content developed in, or delivered from, a different location			
	than that of the students.				
	LEAs should provide response regardless of where the courses				
	originated. However, distance education courses that students take				
	independently or that are provided by entities outside the control of				
	the district should not be included unless the district has access to				
	enrollment and monitoring information for those courses.				
		<u> </u>			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic	;			
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set B	Disability Status (IDEA)				
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set C	• EL Status (O	nly)			
	Sex (Member	rship)			

Group Name:	Dual en	Dual enrollment program student enrollment	
Definition		The unduplicated number of students enrolled in at le	
		enrollment/dual credit program that allows them to take college-lev	
		courses and earn concurrent credit toward a high sch	ool diploma and

	a college degree.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	For schools with any	grade 9 through 12 or un	ngraded with high	
	school age students.	For schools with student	ts enrolled in at least	
		dual credit program. Cat	tegory sets B and C do	
	not include all stude	nts.		
		l credit programs provide		
		ke college-level courses	• •	
		it toward a high school d	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
		high school. These progr	_	
	school-enrolled students who are academically prepared to enroll in college and are interested in taking on additional coursework. For			
	example, students who want to study subjects not offered at their			
	_	k supplemental education		
	l mgm semsor may see	and be a second a constant of	i un comeges meure j.	
	Dual enrollment/dua	l credit programs do not	include the Advanced	
	Placement (AP) program or the International Baccalaureate Diploma			
	Programme.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic			
	• Sex (Membership)			
Category Set B	 Disability Sta 	atus (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	• Sex (Member	rship)		
Category Set C	EL Status (O	nly)		
	• Sex (Member	rship)		

Retired!

Group Name: Early ch	p Name: Early childhood program for non-IDEA children DG: 9			
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA's early childhood program serves			
	non-IDEA children birth through age 2.			
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			

	Not applicable		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School	LEA ☑	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Report only for LEAs that provide early childhood program(s).		

Group Name: English learner students DG: 946					
Definition	The unduplicated number of students enrolled in school who are				
	English learners (EL).				
Permitted Values	Integer				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include EL students enrolled in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include all EL students, regardless of whether they are enrolled in English language instruction educational programs designed for EL students. Category set C does not include all students.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Sex (Membership)				
Category Set B	Racial Ethnic				
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set C	Disability Status (IDEA)				
	Sex (Member	rship)			

Group Name:	English le	DG: 947		
Definition		The unduplicated number of English learner (EL)	students enrolled	
		in English language instruction educational programs designed for		
		EL students.		
Permitted Valu	ies	• Integer		

Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Include EL students enrolled in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include only EL students who are enrolled in English language instruction educational programs designed for EL students. This includes students served through <i>ESEA</i> Title III, as amended by <i>ESSA</i> , and students receiving EL services through other programs designed for EL students. Category set B does not include all students.		
CATEGORY SET Revised!	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Racial EthnicSex (Membe	-	

Group Name: Firearm	use		DG: 927
Definition	An indication of whether there been at least one incident at the		
	school that involved	a shooting (regardless of whet	her anyone was
	hurt).		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Include those incidents that occurred at school, regardless of whether		
	a student or non-student used the firearm.		

Group Name: Geometr	y course enrollment—grade 8	DG: 930
Definition	The unduplicated number of students in grade 8 enro	olled in
	Geometry (college-preparatory) course.	
Permitted Values	Integer	
Reporting Period	• For schools with regular scheduling – October 1	

	to be taken in one in the first block,	block scheduling that alloe semester – Sum of a cound March 1 in t	unt taken on October 1
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State \square
Education Unit Total	\square		
Comment	school age students, course. Geometry is a course of plane and solid fig of logic; geometry as postulates, theorems, similarity, parallelism angle measurement in	e that typically includes to gures; deductive methods an axiomatic system inc. and formal proofs; conc. n, perpendicularity, and p n triangles.	preparatory Geometry ppics such as properties of reasoning and use luding the study of epts of congruence, proportion; and rules of

Group Name: Gifted/talented program enrollment table DG: 93		
Definition	The unduplicated number of students enrolled in gifted/talented	
	programs.	
Permitted Values	• Integer	
Reporting Period	October 1	

Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Include students enrolled in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable		
	ungraded levels. Report only for schools with one or more		
	gifted/talented programs. Category sets B and C do not include all		d C do not include all
	students.		
	1 0	rams – Programs during r	C
		educational opportunities	•
	promotion through grades and classes and an enriched curriculum for		
	students who are endowed with a high degree of mental ability or		
	who demonstrate unusual physical coordination, creativity, interest,		
	or talent.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	 Racial Ethnic 	2	
	• Sex (Member	rship)	
Category Set B	Disability Status (IDEA)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	• EL Status (Only)		
	• Sex (Member	rship)	

Group Name:	Harassm	ent or bullying—policy table	DG: 988
Definition		An indication of whether the LEA has a written por prohibiting discriminatory harassment or bullying basis of sex, race/color/national origin, and disabil	of students on the
Permitted Valu	ies	• Yes	•

	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School	LEA ☑	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Harassment or bully	ing on the basis of sex – I	Harassment or bullying
Revised!	on the basis of sex ir	ncludes sexual harassmen	t and harassment or
	bullyingbased on sex stereotyping. Sexual harassment is unwelcome		rassment is unwelcome
		nature, such as unwelcom	· ·
	-	avors, and other verbal, n	* *
	conduct of a sexual nature. Harassment or bullying based on sex		
	stereotyping includes acts of verbal, nonverbal, or physical		
	aggression, intimidation, or hostility based on sex or sex stereotyping, but not involving conduct of a sexual nature.		
		-	
	_	nay take many forms, incl l as non-verbal behavior,	-
	_	or conduct that is physical	-
		conduct can be carried ou	-
	_	on-employee third parties	* * *
		be victims of harassment	
	of sex, and the harasser or bully and the victim can be of the same sex. Bullying on the basis of sex constitutes sexual harassment.		
	Harassment or bullying on the basis of race, color, or national origin – Racial harassment or bullying refers to intimidation or		
	_	• •	
		vard a student based on a	
	_	gin. Harassing conduct m	•
	including verbal acts and name-calling, as well as non-verbal behavior, such as graphic and written statements, or conduct that is		
	physically threatening, harmful or humiliating. The conduct can be carried out by school employees, other students, and non-employee		
		g on the basis of race, co	
	constitutes racial har	_	101, 01 11111011111 0118111
	Harassment or bully	ing on the basis of disabil	ity – Disability
	•	ng refers to intimidation of	
		ed on actual or perceived	•
	_	any forms, including verb	
	•	on-verbal behavior, such a	<u> </u>
	statements, or conduct that is physically threatening, harmful or		
	humiliating. The conduct can be carried out by school employee other students, and non-employee third parties. Bullying on the		• • •
	or disability collected	tes disability harassment.	

Group Name: Harassm	ent or bullying—web lin	k indicator	DG: 1021
Definition	An indication of whether	r the LEA has a web li	ink to its written
	policy or policies prohib	•	•
	of students on the basis of	of sex, race/color/nation	onal origin, and
	disability.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School □	LEA ☑	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Harassment or bullying of	on the basis of sex – H	larassment or bullying
	on the basis of sex include	des sexual harassment	or bullying and
	gender-based harassment	t or bullying. Sexual l	harassment or bullying
	is unwelcome conduct of	f a sexual nature, such	as unwelcome sexual
	advances, requests for se	exual favors, and other	verbal, nonverbal, or
	physical conduct of a sex	kual nature. Gender-b	ased harassment or
	bullying is nonsexual int	imidation or abusive b	behavior toward a
	student based on the stud	dent's actual or perceiv	ved sex, including
	harassment based on gen	der identity, gender ex	xpression, and
	nonconformity with gend	der stereotypes. Haras	ssing conduct may take
	many forms, including ve	erbal acts and name-ca	alling, as well as non-
	verbal behavior, such as	graphic and written st	atements, or conduct
	that is physically threater	ning, harmful or humi	liating. The conduct
	can be carried out by sch	nool employees, other	students, and non-
	employee third parties. I	Both male and female	students can be
	victims of harassment or	bullying on the basis	of sex, and the
	harasser or bully and the	victim can be of the s	ame sex. Bullying on
	the basis of sex constitute	es sexual harassment.	
	Harassment or bullying of		
	origin – Racial harassme	ent or bullying refers to	o intimidation or
	abusive behavior toward	a student based on ac	tual or perceived race,
	color or national origin.	Harassing conduct ma	ay take many forms,
	including verbal acts and	l name-calling, as well	l as non-verbal
	behavior, such as graphic	c and written statemen	its, or conduct that is
	physically threatening, h	armful or humiliating.	The conduct can be
	carried out by school em	ployees, other student	s, and non-employee
	third parties. Bullying on	the basis of race, colo	or, or national origin
	constitutes racial harassn		
	Harassment or bullying of		•
	harassment or bullying re	eters to intimidation o	r abusive behavior

toward a student based on actual or perceived disability. Harassing
conduct may take many forms, including verbal acts and name-
calling, as well as non-verbal behavior, such as graphic and written
statements, or conduct that is physically threatening, harmful or
humiliating. The conduct can be carried out by school employees,
other students, and non-employee third parties. Bullying on the basis
of disability constitutes disability harassment.

Group Name: Harassm	ent or bullying—web	link table	DG: 1022
Definition		LEA's written policy or p	1 0
	1	sment or bullying of stud	
D 400 177 1		nal origin, and disability.	
Permitted Values	Text for comment	nts	
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School	LEA ☑	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Include web link to p	policy or policies.	
Revised!			
		ng on the basis of $sex - l$	
		cludes sexual harassmen	
		x stereotyping. Sexual ha	
		of a sexual nature, such a	
		or sexual favors, and othe	
	1 * *	a sexual nature. Harassme	
		udes acts of verbal, nonv	± •
		ion, or hostility based on	
		involving conduct of a se	
	_	ay take many forms, incl	0
	_	l as non-verbal behavior,	<u> </u>
		r conduct that is physical	•
	_	conduct can be carried or	• •
		on-employee third parties	
		be victims of harassment	, <u> </u>
		ser or bully and the victir	
	sex. Bullying on the	basis of sex constitutes s	exual harassment.
	TT 4 1 11 1	41 1 ' C	1 4 1
	_	ng on the basis of race, c	
		sment or bullying refers t	
		vard a student based on a	
	_	gin. Harassing conduct m	•
	_	and name-calling, as we	
	_	phic and written stateme	
	pnysicany threatenin	g, harmful or humiliating	g. The conduct can be

carried out by school employees, other students, and non-employee
third parties. Bullying on the basis of race, color, or national origin
constitutes racial harassment.
Harassment or bullying on the basis of disability – Disability
harassment or bullying refers to intimidation or abusive behavior
toward a student based on actual or perceived disability. Harassing
conduct may take many forms, including verbal acts and name-
calling, as well as non-verbal behavior, such as graphic and written
statements, or conduct that is physically threatening, harmful or
humiliating. The conduct can be carried out by school employees,
other students, and non-employee third parties. Bullying on the basis
of disability constitutes disability harassment.

Group Name: Harassm	ent or bullying—rep	orted allegations table		DG: 933
Definition	The number of reported allegations of harassment or bullying on the basis of a civil rights category.			
Permitted Values	 Integer 			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	Sta	ate 🗆
Education Unit Total				
Comment	comparable ungraded the likely motives of the alleged victim. An allegation that in counted in each apply allegation that involve both the sex count and the sex count and the sex count are set of the likely motives of the sex count are set of the sex count are sex count are set of the sex count are set of the sex count are sex count are set of the sex count are set of the sex count are sex co	or students enrolled in grad levels. In classifying the alleged harasser, and Alleged victims must be sevolves multiple civil right icable civil rights categories both sex and disability and the disability count.	e allegation not the actudents. ts categories y. For exact y should be	es should be emple, an
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Civil Rights	Category (Allegations)		

Group Name: Harassment or bullying—allegations by religion table DG: 10			
Definition	The number of reported allegations of harassment or bullying on the	ne	
	basis of perceived religion for a religion category.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		

Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Harassment or bully harassment or bully student based on act may take many form well as non-verbal be or conduct that is ph	ing on the basis of religiong is intimidation or abusual or perceived religion. is, including verbal acts a chavior, such as graphic aysically threatening, harm	on – Religious sive behavior toward a Harassing conduct and name-calling, as and written statements, anful or humiliating.
	The conduct can be carried out by school employees, other students, and non-employee third parties. Bullying on the basis of religion constitutes religious harassment.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Religion Cate	egory	

Group Name: Harassm	ame: Harassment or bullying—students disciplined table DG: 93			
Definition	The number of students disciplined for engaging in harassment or			
	bullying on the basis of a civil rights category.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include disciplined students enrolled in grades K-12, and comparable			
	ungraded levels. In classifying the disciplined students, look to their			

	likely motives, and not the actual status of the alleged victims. Alleged victims are students. A student disciplined for engaging in harassment or bullying on the basis of multiple civil rights categories should be counted in each applicable civil rights category. For example, a student disciplined for engaging in harassment or bullying on the basis of both sex and disability should be reported in both the sex count and the disability count. Within each civil rights category, the count should be unduplicated. Category sets B, C, and D do not include all students.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Civil Rights Category (Student Counts)		
	Racial Ethnic		
	• Sex (Membership)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	 Sex (Membership) Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) 		
Category Set B	†		
Category Set B	Civil Rights Category (Student Counts)		
Category Set B Category Set C	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (IDEA) 		
	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>) Sex (Membership) 		
Category Set C	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>) Sex (Membership) Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) 		
	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (IDEA) Sex (Membership) Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (Section 504 Only) Sex (Membership) Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) 		
Category Set C	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>) Sex (Membership) Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (Section 504 Only) Sex (Membership) 		

Group Name: Harassment or bullying—students reported as harassed or bullied table DG: 93:				
Definition	The number of students reported as harassed or bullied on the basis of a civil rights category.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include students enrolled in grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. In classifying the students reported as harassed or bullied,			

	look to the likely motives of the alleged harasser/bully, and not the actual status of the alleged victim. A student reported as harassed or bullied on the basis of multiple civil rights categories should be counted in each applicable civil rights category. For example, a student reported as harassed or bullied on the basis of both sex and disability should be reported in both the sex count and the disability count. Within each civil rights category, the count should be unduplicated.		
	Category sets B, C, and D do not include all students.		
CATEGORY SET	DEGCRIPTION		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Civil Rights Category (Student Counts)		
	Racial Ethnic		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set B	Civil Rights Category (Student Counts)		
	Disability Status (IDEA)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
	• Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	Sex (Membership) Civil Rights Category (Student Counts)		
Category Set C	1		
Category Set C	Civil Rights Category (Student Counts)		
Category Set C Category Set D	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (Section 504 Only) Sex (Membership) 		
	 Civil Rights Category (Student Counts) Disability Status (Section 504 Only) Sex (Membership) 		

Group Name: High school equivalency exam preparation program participation table DG: 9				
Definition	The unduplicated number of students ages 16 through 19 who participated in a high school equivalency exam preparation program provided by the LEA.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for LEAs that provide a high school equivalency exam preparation program. Category sets B and C do not include all			

	High school equivalency exam preparation programs – Programs (e.g., courses) designed to prepare students to be successful on state-authorized high school equivalency exams. High school equivalency exams are used to certify the high school-level academic achievement of individuals who have not received a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent. Upon review of exam results, an education or government agency may award a high school equivalency credential. High school equivalency exams may include (but are not limited to) the following: the General Educational Development (GED) Test,		
	the High School Equivalency Test (HiSet) and the Test Assessing Secondary Completion (TASC).		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	Racial EthnicSex (Membership)		
Category Set B	 Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>) Sex (Membership) 		
Category Set C	EL Status (Only)Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Interna	Group Name: International Baccalaureate Programme enrollment table DG: 936				
Definition	The unduplicated number of students enrolled in the International				
	Baccalaureate (IB) Diploma Programme.				
Permitted Values	Integer				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools that offer an IB program. Category sets B				
	and C do not include all students.				

	The International Baccalaureate (IB) Diploma Programme – The IB Diploma Programme, sponsored by the International Baccalaureate Organization, is designed as an academically challenging and balanced program of education with final examinations that prepares students, usually aged 16 to 19, for success at university and life beyond. The Programme is typically taught over two years. IB Diploma Programme students study six courses at higher level or standard level. Students must choose one subject from each of groups 1 to 5, thus ensuring breadth of experience in languages, social studies, the experimental sciences and mathematics. The sixth subject may be an arts subject chosen from group 6, or the student may choose another subject from groups 1 to 5. Additionally, IB Diploma Programme students must meet three core requirements: the extended essay, the theory of knowledge course, and a creativity/action/service experience.	
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION	
Category Set A	Racial EthnicSex (Membership)	
Category Set B	 Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>) Sex (Membership) 	
Category Set C Revised!	Disability Status (Section 504 Only)Sex (Membership)	
Category Set D	EL Status (Only)Sex (Membership)	

Group Name: Interscho	oup Name: Interscholastic athletics single-sex sports DG: 937			
Definition	The unduplicated number of high school-level interscholastic athletics sports in which only male or only female students			
	participate.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	School year up to one day prior to the beginning of the following school year			
Reporting Levels	School ✓ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded			

	with high school age students. Report only for schools that have students who participate in single-sex interscholastic athletics.
	Single-sex interscholastic athletics refers to sports activities in which only male or only female students participate.
	Interscholastic athletics – Team-based organized sports activities that offer competition between schools.
	Interscholastic athletics sports – Distinct sports, such as football, basketball, soccer, swimming, and tennis. Intramural sports and sideline cheerleading are not considered interscholastic athletics sports.
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	• Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Interscholastic athletics single-sex teams DG: 93				
Definition	The unduplicated number of high school-level interscholastic			
	athletics teams in wh	nich only male or only fer	nale students	
	participate.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	School year up to one day prior to the beginning of the following			
	school year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded			

	with high school age students. Report only for schools that have students who participate in single-sex interscholastic athletics.
	Single-sex interscholastic athletics refers to sports activities in which only male or only female students participate.
	Interscholastic athletics – Team-based organized sports activities that offer competition between schools.
	Interscholastic athletics sports – Distinct sports, such as football, basketball, soccer, swimming, and tennis. Intramural sports and sideline cheerleading are not considered interscholastic athletics sports.
	Interscholastic athletics sports teams – The competitive-level teams of each interscholastic athletics sport, such as freshman team, junior varsity team, and varsity team.
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	• Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Intersch	Froup Name: Interscholastic athletics single-sex team participants DG: 93				
Definition	The number of participants on high school-level interscholastic				
	athletics sports teams in which only male or only female students participate.				
Permitted Values	• Integer				
Reporting Period	School year up to one day prior to the beginning of the following school year				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students. Report only for schools that have				

	students who participate in single-sex interscholastic athletics.
	Single-sex interscholastic athletics refers to sports activities in which only male or only female students participate. A student should be counted once for each team he or she is on.
	Interscholastic athletics – Team-based organized sports activities that offer competition between schools.
	Interscholastic athletics sports – Distinct sports, such as football, basketball, soccer, swimming, and tennis. Intramural sports and sideline cheerleading are not considered interscholastic athletics sports.
	Interscholastic athletics sports teams – The competitive-level teams of each interscholastic athletics sport, such as freshman team, junior varsity team, and varsity team.
	Interscholastic athletics sports team participant – A student who participates in an interscholastic athletics sports team (e.g., a student who participates in a freshman soccer team).
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	• Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Justice facility days in regular school year table DG: 940				
Definition	The number of days that make up the justice facility's regular school			
	year.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total	\square			
Comment	Report only for justice facilities. Report the number of days per year			
	that the regular credit-granting educational program operates.			
	A justice facility is a public or private facility that confines pre- adjudicated/pre-convicted individuals, post-adjudicated/post-			

convicted individuals, or both. Justice facilities include short-term (90 calendar days or less) and long-term (more than 90 calendar days) facilities, such as correctional facilities, detention centers, jails, and prisons. These facilities may confine juveniles (individuals typically under 18 years of age), adults (individuals typically 18 years of age and older), or both. Some states and jurisdictions include individuals younger than age 18 as adults due to statute/legislation and/or justice procedures. For the purposes of the CRDC, only individuals up to 21 years of age who are confined in justice facilities are of interest.

Educational program – An educational program for children and youth (not beyond grade 12) served at a justice facility that consists of credit-granting courses and classroom instruction in at minimum, basic school subjects, such as reading, English language arts, and mathematics. Classroom instruction in vocationally-oriented subjects may also be considered part of the program. Neither the manufacture of goods within the facility nor activities related to facility maintenance are considered classroom instruction. Credit-granting refers to any course that results in a letter grade or a pass/fail designation and is required of a student to move to the next grade level or complete a program of study and receive a high school diploma.

A regular educational program usually begins in the late summer or early fall and ends in late spring or early summer. On average, a regular educational program operates for 180 days. A year-round educational program usually operates for a 12-month period.

Group Name: Justice facility educational program participants table DG: 941				
Definition	The unduplicated number of students who participated in the credit- granting educational program during the regular school year at the justice facility for the length of time specified.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for justice facilities.			
	This is a cumulative count based on the school's entire regular school year. The count is an unduplicated count of elementary,			

middle, and high school age students who participated in the educational program. Length of time refers to the cumulative number of calendar days that the student participated in the educational program. A justice facility is a public or private facility that confines preadjudicated/pre-convicted individuals, post-adjudicated/postconvicted individuals, or both. Justice facilities include short-term (90 calendar days or less) and long-term (more than 90 calendar days) facilities, such as correctional facilities, detention centers, jails, and prisons. These facilities may confine juveniles (individuals typically under 18 years of age), adults (individuals typically 18 years of age and older), or both. Some states and jurisdictions include individuals younger than age 18 as adults due to statute/legislation and/or justice procedures. For the purposes of the CRDC, only individuals up to 21 years of age who are confined in justice facilities are of interest. Educational program – An educational program for children and youth (not beyond grade 12) served at a justice facility that consists of credit-granting courses and classroom instruction in at minimum, basic school subjects, such as reading, English language arts, and

youth (not beyond grade 12) served at a justice facility that consists of credit-granting courses and classroom instruction in at minimum, basic school subjects, such as reading, English language arts, and mathematics. Classroom instruction in vocationally-oriented subjects may also be considered part of the program. Neither the manufacture of goods within the facility nor activities related to facility maintenance are considered classroom instruction. Credit-granting refers to any course that results in a letter grade or a pass/fail designation and is required of a student to move to the next grade level or complete a program of study and receive a high school diploma.

A regular educational program usually begins in the late summer or early fall and ends in late spring or early summer. On average, a regular educational program operates for 180 days. A year-round educational program usually operates for a 12-month period.

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Justice Facility Duration

Group Name:	Justice facility educational program hours per week table		
Definition	The number of hours per week that the	credit-granting educational	

	program is offered to students during the regular school year at the		
	justice facility.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total	\checkmark		
Comment	Report only for justic	ce facilities.	
	A justice facility is a adjudicated/pre-convected individuals (90 calendar days or days) facilities, such jails, and prisons. The (individuals typically typically 18 years of jurisdictions include to statute/legislation the CRDC, only indiction in justice facilities are Educational program youth (not beyond group of credit-granting cominimum, basic scholarts, and mathematic oriented subjects man Neither the manufacturelated to facility man instruction. Credit-gletter grade or a pass	a public or private facility victed individuals, post-as, or both. Justice facilities has correctional facilities has facilities may configured 18 years of age), age and older), or both. individuals younger that and/or justice procedure viduals up to 21 years of the office interest. In — An educational prograde 12) served at a justification and classroom instruction y also be considered parture of goods within the aintenance are considered granting refers to any confail designation and is rede level or complete a private of the procedure of the procedure of the procedure of the procedure of goods within the procedure of goods w	ram for children and ce facility that consists truction in at ding, English language in in vocationally-t of the program. facility nor activities d classroom arse that results in a required of a student to
	early fall and ends in regular educational p	al program usually beging late spring or early sum program operates for 180 usually operates for a 1	nmer. On average, a days. A year-round

Group Name: Justice	DG: 943	
Definition	An indication of the type of justice facility.	
Permitted Values	Pre-adjudication/Pre-conviction facility	
	Post-adjudication/Post-conviction facility	

	Pre- and post-adjudication/conviction facility			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for justic	ce facilities.		
	A justice facility is a public or private facility that confines preadjudicated/pre-convicted individuals, post-adjudicated/post-convicted individuals, or both. Justice facilities include short-term (90 calendar days or less) and long-term (more than 90 calendar days) facilities, such as correctional facilities, detention centers, jails, and prisons. These facilities may confine juveniles (individuals typically under 18 years of age), adults (individuals typically 18 years of age and older), or both. Some states and jurisdictions include individuals younger than age 18 as adults due to statute/legislation and/or justice procedures. For the purposes of the CRDC, only individuals up to 21 years of age who are confined in justice facilities are of interest.			
	A pre-adjudication facility confines pre-adjudicated juveniles. A pre-adjudicated juvenile is an individual (typically under 18 years of age) who has been charged, but who has not participated in the court process that determines whether he/she has committed the crime. Adjudication is the court process that determines (judges) if the juvenile committed the act for which he/she is charged.			
	A pre-conviction facility confines pre-convicted adults. A pre-convicted adult is an individual (typically 18 years of age or older) who has been charged, but who has not participated in the court process that determines (judges) if he/she committed the act for which he/she is charged. A post-adjudication facility confines post-adjudicated juveniles. A post-adjudicated juvenile is an individual (typically under 18 years of age) who has been charged and determined to have committed the crime. Adjudication is the court process that determines (judges) if the juvenile committed the act for which he/she is charged. A post-conviction facility confines post-convicted adults. A post-convicted adult is an individual (typically 18 years of age or older) who has been charged and determined to have committed the crime.			

Group Name: Kindergarten daily length and cost DG: 944				
Definition	An indication of who	ether the LEA provides a	kindergarten program	
	of a specific length to	o students and cost to par	ents/guardians	
Permitted Values	Full-day kinderg	arten (free; no charge to p	parent(s)/guardian)	
	 Full-day kindergarten (partial or full charge to parent(s)/guardian) 			
	• Part-day kindergarten (free; no charge to parent(s)/guardian)			
	 Part-day kindergarten (partial or full charge to parent(s)/guardian) 			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	A full-day kindergarten program is a program in which a child			
	attends school each weekday for approximately six hours or more.			

Group Name: Magnet program detail DG: 948				DG: 948
Definition	An indication of whether the entire school population participates in			
	the school magne	t program.		
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
	Not applicable	e		
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools operating a magnet program.			
	Magnet program – A program within a public school that offers a			
	special curriculum capable of attracting substantial numbers of			
	students of differen	ent racial/ethnic backgr	rounds, which	may also

reduce, prevent, or eliminate minority group isolation. The program
may be designed to provide an academic or social focus on a
particular theme (e.g., science/math, performing arts, gifted/talented,
or foreign language). A public school is considered a magnet school
if it operates a magnet program for all students or some students
within the school.

Group Name: Magnet s	tatus			DG: 949
Definition		whether the school is a within the school.	magnet schoo	ol or has a
Permitted Values	YesNo			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	Sta	te 🗆
Education Unit Total				
Comment	special curriculur students of difference, prevent, of may be designed particular theme of foreign langua if it operates a may within the school. For the CRDC, on	m is a program within a m capable of attracting ent racial/ethnic backgror eliminate minority growto provide an academic (e.g., science/math, per ge). A public school is agnet program for all story and magnet schools or a tatement with the expli	substantial nurounds, which roup isolation. cor social focution forming arts, go considered a udents or som	mbers of may also The program us on a gifted/talented, magnet school te students ams that have a
		olation, are counted.		Citting

Group Name: Mathematics classes—high school DG: 950				
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in mathematics (college-			
	preparatory) courses	at the high school level.		
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	• For schools with	regular scheduling - Octo	ober 1	
	 For schools with 	block scheduling that allo	ows a full-year course	
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1			
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded			
	with high school age students.			

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Mathematics (High School Classes)

Group Name: Mathema	atics classes—high school teacher certification DG: 1005		
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in mathematics (college-		
	preparatory) courses at the high school level taught by teachers with		
	a mathematics certification.		
Permitted Values	Integer		
Reporting Period	• For schools with regular scheduling – October 1		
	For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course		
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1		
D	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block		
Reporting Levels Education Unit Total	School ✓ LEA □ State □		
Comment	Depart only for schools with any analy 0 through 12 and/on		
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students.		
	diigraded with high school age students.		
	Teachers are considered certified in mathematics if they have		
	received a teaching certificate/license/endorsement in mathematics		
	or computer science (general or subject-specific) from the state.		
	Teachers may be funded with federal, state, and/or local funds.		
	Justice facilities should consider only teachers who serve students in		
	the educational program offered at the justice facility during the		
	regular school year.		
	Defer to the following guide to determine which teachers may be		
	Refer to the following guide to determine which teachers may be included and which teachers should be excluded.		
	meraded and which eachers should be excluded.		
	Teachers certified in mathematics may include:		
	Regular Classroom Teachers		
	Special Education Teachers		
	- Teach special education classes to students with		
	disabilities.		
	Vocational/Technical Education Teachers		
	Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching		
	librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching		
	administrators		
	- Include any staff members who teach at least one		
	regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian		
	teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a		
	week).		

	 Teachers of Ungraded Students Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school. Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks. Other teachers who teach students in any of grades 9–12
	Teachers to exclude:
	General Elementary Teachers
	 Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool—8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day). Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students). Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers. Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12. Short-term Substitute Teachers Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks. Student Teachers Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Mathematics (High School Classes)

Group Name: Mathema	Group Name: Mathematics course enrollment—high school DG: 951				
Definition	The number of high school level students enrolled in mathematics				
	(college-preparatory) courses, except Algebra	I.		
Permitted Values	• Integer				
Reporting Period	• For schools with	regular scheduling – Oct	ober 1		
	For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course				
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1				
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded				
	with high school age	students, and that provid	le college-preparatory		

	mathematics courses. Exclude students enrolled in Algebra I.		
	For each mathematics course, the data should be unduplicated. Category sets B and C do not include all students.		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	 Mathematics (High School Course Enrollment) Racial Ethnic Sex (Membership) 		
Category Set B	 Mathematics (High School Course Enrollment) Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>) Sex (Membership) 		
Category Set C	 Mathematics (High School Course Enrollment) EL Status (Only) Sex (Membership) 		

Group Name: Membership—non-LEA DG: 989				
Definition	The unduplicated nu	mber of students enrolled in t	he LEA, who are	
	served in non-LEA f	facilities only.		
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Each student is counted individually, no full-time equivalency.			
	Include students who are the responsibility of the LEA, who are			
	served in non-LEA facilities only (public or private). Do not include			
	students who are served in LEA facilities.			
	Non-LEA facilities are non-district facilities, such as intermediate			
	units, residential facilities outside the LEA, social service agencies,			
	hospitals, and private	e schools.		

Group Name: Offenses table DG: 952

Definition	The unduplicated number of incidents that occurred at the school by			
	type of offense.	type of offense.		
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Incidents may occur before, during, or after normal school hours. Incidents should be counted regardless of whether any disciplinary action was taken, and regardless of whether students or non-students were involved. An incident refers to a specific criminal act involving one or more victims and offenders. For example, if two students are robbed without a weapon, at the same time and place, this is classified as two robbery victimizations but only one robbery without a weapon incident.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Offense Type	2		

Group Name: Offenses incidents—students DG: 1024				
The unduplicated nu	The unduplicated number of incidents committed by a student that			
occurred at the school	occurred at the school by type of offense.			
 Integer 				
Regular School Year	r			
School 🗹	LEA □	State □		
Incidents should be action was taken, and involved. An incident refers to victims and offender Students include tho	counted regardless of wheel regardless of whether no a specific criminal act in res.	ether any disciplinary on-students were volving one or more		
	The unduplicated nu occurred at the school Integer Regular School Year School Incidents may occur Incidents should be action was taken, an involved. An incident refers to victims and offender Students include tho	The unduplicated number of incidents commit occurred at the school by type of offense. Integer Regular School Year School ✓ LEA □ Incidents may occur before, during, or after not Incidents should be counted regardless of whet action was taken, and regardless of whether not state of the school of the schoo		

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Offense Type (Students and School Staff)

Group Name: Offenses	Group Name: Offenses incidents—school staff DG: 1025				
Definition	The unduplicated number of incidents of rape or attempted rape committed by a school staff member that occurred at the school.				
Permitted Values	 Integer 				
Reporting Period	Regular School Yea	r			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Incidents may occur before, during, or after normal school hours. Incidents should be counted regardless of whether any disciplinary action was taken, and regardless of whether students were involved.				
	An incident refers to a specific criminal act involving one or more victims and offenders.				
	School staff refers to instructional staff, support services staff, school administration staff, and security staff involved in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels.				

Group Name: Offenses	Group Name: Offenses allegations—school staff resignation DG: 1026				
Definition	The unduplicated nu	The unduplicated number of allegations against a school staff			
	member that were followed by a resignation or retirement prior to				
	final discipline or termination, by type of offense.				
Permitted Values	 Integer 				
Reporting Period	Regular School Yea	r			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include allegations involving students enrolled in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include allegations against school staff involved in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include allegations for offenses that occurred at the school. School staff refers to instructional staff, support services staff, school administration staff, and security staff.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Offense Typ	e (Students and School S	Staff)		

Group Name: Offenses	Group Name: Offenses allegations—school staff determination DG: 1027				
Definition	The unduplicated number of allegations against a school staff member that were followed by a determination that the staff				
	member was responsible or not responsible, by type of offense.				
Permitted Values	 Integer 				
Reporting Period	Regular School Yea	r			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include allegations against school staff involved in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include allegations for offenses that occurred at the school. School staff refers to instructional staff, support services staff, school administration staff, and security staff.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	 Offense Typ 	e (Students and School S	taff)		

Group Name: Offenses	allegations—school	staff determination per	nding DG: 1028	
Definition	The unduplicated nu	ımber of allegations agai	nst a school staff	
	member that had a determination that remained pending, by type of			
	offense.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Yea	r		
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include allegations against school staff involved in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include allegations for offenses that occurred at the school. Include allegations that had determinations that remained pending during the regular school year. School staff refers to instructional staff, support services staff, school administration staff, and security staff.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Offense Typ	e (Students and School S	Staff)	

Group Name: Offenses	allegations—school	staff duty reassignmen	it	DG: 1029	
Definition	The unduplicated number of allegations against a school staff member that were followed by a duty reassignment, prior to final discipline or termination, by type of offense.				
Permitted Values	 Integer 				
Reporting Period	Regular School Yea	r			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include allegations against school staff involved in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Include allegations for offenses that occurred at the school. School staff refers to instructional staff, support services staff, school administration staff, and security staff.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	 Offense Typ 	e (Students and School S	Staff)		

Group Name: Preschoo	Group Name: Preschool ages for non-IDEA children DG: 953				
Definition	An indication of whether the school's preschool program serves non-				
	IDEA children of a specific age range.				
Permitted Values	• Children age 3 y	Children age 3 years			
	• Children age 4 ye	ears			
	• Children age 5 y	ears			
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools that provide preschool program(s).				
	Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children				
	ages 3 through 5.				
	Children who are not served under the <i>Individuals with Disabilities</i>				
	Education Act (IDEA	A) are considered "non-IDEA	children."		

Group Name: Preschool ages for non-IDEA children		DG: 953	
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA's preschool program serves no		
		IDEA children of a specific age range.	

Permitted Values	Children age 3 years			
	Children age 4 years			
	• Children age 5 years			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for LEAs that provide preschool program(s). Preschool			
	refers to preschool programs and services for children ages 3 through			
	5.			
	Children who are not served under the <i>Individuals with Disabilities</i>			
	Education Act (IDEA	A) are considered "non-IL	DEA children."	

Retired!

Reureu:					
Group Name: Preschool daily length and cost DG: 954					
Definition	An indication of whether the LEA provides a preschool program of a				
	specific length to children and cost to parents/guardians.				
Permitted Values	Full-day preschool (free; no charge to parent(s)/guardian)				
	Full-day prescho	ol (partial or full charge t	o parent(s)/guardian)		
	Part-day preschool (free; no charge to parent(s)/guardian)				
	Part-day preschool (partial or full charge to parent(s)/guardian)				
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children				
	ages 3 through 5. A full-day preschool program is a program that a				
	child attends each we	eekday for approximately	six hours or more.		

Group Name: Preschool eligible children		DG: 955	
Definition		An indication of whether the LEA's preschool program is prov	
		to specific groups of children.	

Permitted Values	Children with dis	sabilities (<i>IDEA</i>)		
	Children in Title I schools			
	Children from low income families			
	All children			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School	LEA ☑	State	
Education Unit Total				
Comment				

Revised!

Te vibed.					
Group Name: Preschoo	Group Name: Preschool enrollment table DG: 956				
Definition	The unduplicated nu	The unduplicated number of children enrolled in the school's			
	preschool program.				
Permitted Values	• Integer	Integer			
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School ✓ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools that provide preschool program(s).				
	Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children				
	ages 3 through 5. Ca	ategory sets B and C do n	ot include all children.		

Group Name: Preschool grade		DG: 913
Definition	The preschool grade level offered by the school.	
Permitted Values	Preschool	

Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children		
	ages 3 through 5. T	he preschool grade level	should be reported if
	offered.		

Group Name: Preschoo	l children served tab	children served table DG: 957				
Definition	The unduplicated number of children of a specific age served in preschool in LEA and non-LEA facilities.					
Permitted Values	 Integer 					
Reporting Period	October 1					
Reporting Levels	School □	LEA ☑	State □			
Education Unit Total						
Comment	Preschool refers to preschool programs and services for children ages 3 through 5. Include all children served in preschool that are under the responsibility of the LEA. Include preschool children in district facilities and preschool children in non-district facilities such as intermediate units, residential facilities outside the LEA, and social service agencies.					
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION					
Category Set A	Age (Prescho	ool)				

Group Name:	p Name: Public schools total		DG: 958
Definition		The unduplicated number of public schools un	nder the governance of

	the LEA, including all facilities where students attend.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School □ LEA ☑ State □			
Education Unit Total	\square			
Comment	Include charter scho	Include charter schools that are under the governance of the LEA.		

Group Name: Restrain	t or seclusion for <i>IDEA</i> students table DG: 959				
Definition	The number of students with disabilities (served under <i>IDEA</i>) who				
	were subjected to restraint or seclusion.				
Permitted Values	 Integer 				
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	:			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment		olled in grades K-12, and	_		
	levels. For each acti	on type, the data should b	be unduplicated.		
	Category set B does	not include all students.			
	Students with disabilities (served under <i>IDEA</i>) are students with				
	disabilities who are receiving services under the <i>Individuals with</i>				
	Disabilities Education Act.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Action (Restraint or Seclusion)				
	Racial Ethnic				
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set B	Action (Restraint or Seclusion)				
	EL Status (O	nly)			

• Sex (Membership)	

Group Name: Restrain	t or seclusion for non-IDEA students table DG: 960				
Definition	The number of students (who are not served under <i>IDEA</i>) who were				
	subjected to restraint	subjected to restraint or seclusion.			
Permitted Values	• Integer	• Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	ŗ			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	Ç	State \square	
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include students enro	olled in grades K-12, and	compara	ble ungraded	
	levels. For each acti	on type, the data should b	e undup	licated.	
	Category sets B and C do not include all students.				
	Students (who are not served under <i>IDEA</i>) include students without				
	disabilities and stude	ents with disabilities serve	ed solely	under Section	
	504 of the Rehabilita	ation Act.	•		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Action (Restraint or Seclusion)				
	Racial Ethnic				
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set B	Action (Restraint or Seclusion)				
	 Disability Status (Section 504 Only) 				
	Sex (Member	•			
	1 3 (2 3	- I'/			

Category Set C	Action (Restraint or Seclusion)
	EL Status (Only)
	• Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Restraint	nt or seclusion instances table DG: 961				
Definition	The number of instances that students were subjected to restraint or seclusion.				
Permitted Values	• Integer				
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	9	State \square	
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with one or more students subjected to restraint or seclusion. Include the number of instances, not the number of students subjected to restraint or seclusion. Include instances for students enrolled in grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. A student may have been subjected to each action type more than once.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Action (Restraint or Seclusion)				
	 Disability Sta 	atus (Specific)			

Group Name: Retention	DG: 963					
Definition	The unduplicated number of students who were not promoted to the					
	subsequent grade pri	or to the beginning of the	e followii	ng school year.		
Permitted Values	 Integer 					
Reporting Period	School year up to one day prior to the beginning of the following					
	school year					
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □		State □		
Education Unit Total						
Comment	Category sets B, C, and D do not include all students.					
	Retained – A student is retained if he or she is not promoted to the					
	next grade prior to the beginning of the following school year.					
	Students are not considered retained if they can proceed to the next					
	grade because they successfully completed a summer school					
	program or for a similar reason. At the high school level, a student					
	who has not accumulated enough credits to be classified as being in					
	the next grade is considered retained.					
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION					
Category Set A	Grade Level	(K-12)				

	Racial Ethnic			
	• Sex (Membership)			
Category Set B	• Grade Level (K-12)			
	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)			
	• Sex (Membership)			
Category Set C	Grade Level (K-12)			
	 Disability Status (Section 504 Only) 			
	• Sex (Membership)			
Category Set D	Grade Level (K-12)			
	• EL Status (Only)			
	• Sex (Membership)			

Group Name: SAT or ACT test participation table DG:						
Definition	The unduplicated number of students who participated in (i.e., took) the SAT Reasoning Test (SAT), the ACT Test (ACT), or both.					
Permitted Values	Integer					
Reporting Period	School year up to one day prior to the beginning of the following school year					
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	S	State \square		
Education Unit Total						
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students. Include students who participated, regardless of whether they received valid scores on the tests. Category sets B and C do not include all students. SAT Reasoning Test (SAT) – The SAT is a nationally recognized assessment used to indicate college readiness. The SAT (formerly the Scholastic Aptitude Test) is sponsored by the College Board. ACT Test (ACT) – The ACT is a nationally recognized assessment used to indicate college readiness. The ACT is sponsored by ACT, Inc.					

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic
	Sex (Membership)
Category Set B	Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)
	Sex (Membership)
Category Set C	EL Status (Only)
	Sex (Membership)

Group Name: School fiber-optic connection			DG: 1016
Definition	An indication of whether the school is connected to the internet through fiber-optic connection.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment			

Group Name: School-is	Group Name: School-issued devices DG: 101			
Definition	An indication of whether students are allowed to take home schoolissued devices for learning use.			
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment				

Group Name: School Wi-Fi access in classrooms DG: 1018				
Definition	An indication of whether the school has Wi-Fi access in every			
	classroom.	classroom.		
Permitted Values	• Yes			
	• No			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment				

Group Name: School W	/i-Fi enabled devices		DG: 1019
Definition	Number of Wi-Fi enabled devices provided exclusively for student learning use.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State
Education Unit Total			
Comment			

Group Name: Student-	owned devices		DG: 1020
Definition	An indication of whether student-owned devices are allowed for student learning use.		
Permitted Values	• Yes		
	• No		
Reporting Period	October 1		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment			

Group Name: School counselors (FTE) DG: 965				
Definition	The number of full-t	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) school counselors.		
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two	decimal places)		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	comparable ungraded (i.e., federal, state, and Full-time equivalent workload of an employment comparable across volumetr's service in a hours the person is enumber of compensation of the person is enumber of compensation. The following state of the person is enumber of compensation. School counselor — Association of the person is enumber of compensation.	selors for preschool, graded levels, regardless of how had/or local funds). (FTE) – FTE is a unit that loyed person in a way that arious contexts. FTE is used place (e.g., school). FTI expected to work divided bable hours in a full-time separate to a full that the worker is only the for any of the following the serior of the serior of the following the serior of	at indicates the t makes workloads used to measure a E is the number of total by the maximum chedule. An FTE of full-time worker, while thalf-time.	

learning problems, evaluating student abilities, assisting students in
making education and career choices, assisting students in personal
and social development, providing referral assistance, and/or
working with other staff members in planning and conducting
guidance programs for students.

Group Name: School da	ays missed due to ou	t-of-school suspensions t	able D	G: 966
Definition	The unduplicated number of school days missed by students who			vho
	received one or more	e out-of-school suspensio	ns.	
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	<u>r</u>		
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include school days missed by students enrolled in grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Days when school staff were required to be present at school but students were not, should not be counted. Days when students were dismissed early from school, but school staff were not, should be counted as full days. Each day missed from a part-day program (e.g., part-day kindergarten) should be counted as one full day.		quired unted. nool ed from inted as	
	suspension is an inst from his/her regular purposes to another school suspensions i Family Service Plan	sabilities served under <i>ID</i> , ance in which a child is to school for at least half a desetting (e.g., home, behave nclude both removals in (IFSP) or Individualized ovided because the removals	emporarily remo lay for disciplina ior center). Out which no Individ Education Progr	oved ary -of- lualized ram

	well as removals in which the child continues to receive services according to his/her IFSP or IEP. For students without disabilities and students with disabilities served solely under Section 504: Out-of-school suspension is an instance in which a child is temporarily removed from his/her regular school for at least half a day (but less than the remainder of the school year) for disciplinary purposes to another setting (e.g., home, behavior center). Out-of-school suspensions include removals in which no educational services are provided, and removals in which educational services are provided (e.g., school-provided at home instruction or tutoring).
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Racial Ethnic
	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set B	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)
	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set C	Disability Status (Section 504 Only)
	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set D	EL Status (Only)
	• Sex (Membership)

Group Name: School f	inance—FTE person	nel (state and local)	DG: 967
Definition	The number of unduplicated full-time equivalent (FTE) personnel (K-12) funded with state and local funds.		
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two	decimal places)	
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)		
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □
Education Unit Total			
Comment	who were funded wi Full-time equivalent workload of an empl comparable across v worker's service in a hours the person is e number of compensa 1.00 means that the p	r grades K-12, and compath state and local funds. (FTE) – FTE is a unit that loyed person in a way that arious contexts. FTE is unit place (e.g., school). FTI expected to work divided that hours in a full-time seperson is equivalent to a fals that the worker is only	at indicates the t makes workloads used to measure a E is the number of total by the maximum chedule. An FTE of full-time worker, while

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Personnel Type (School Finance FTE)

Reureu:					
Group Name: School f	Name: School finance—FTE personnel (federal, state, and local) DG: 998				
Definition	The number of undu	plicated full-time equival	ent (FTE) personnel		
	(preschool-12) funde	ed with federal, state, and	local funds.		
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two	decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)				
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include personnel for grades preschool-12, and comparable ungraded levels who were funded with federal, state, and local funds. Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of 1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Personnel Ty	pe (School Finance FTE)			

	Retireu:				
Group Name: School fi	Group Name: School finance—FTE teachers DG: 968				
Definition	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) teachers (K-12) funded				
	with state and local f	funds.			
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two	decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)	<u>, </u>			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include teachers for grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels who were funded with state and local funds. Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum				
	number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of 1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time.				
	For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:				
	Teachers provide ins	truction, learning experie	ences, and care to		

students during a particular time period or in a given discipline. Teachers are defined as staff whose activities are dealing directly with the interaction with students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, computer, the Internet, multimedia, telephone, and correspondence that is delivered inside or outside the classroom or in other teacher-student settings.

Teachers to include:

- Regular Classroom Teachers
 - Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc.
- General Elementary Teachers
 - Teach self-contained classes in any of grades K–8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
 - Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
 - Include kindergarten teachers.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
 - Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades K-12

Teachers to exclude:

- Special Education Teachers
 - Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.

 Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
- Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
 Short-term Substitute Teachers
- Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for
less than four continuous weeks.
• Student Teachers
 Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
 Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
 Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the
library

Retifeu:					
Group Name: School finance—instructional aide salaries (state and local) DG: 996					
Definition	The amount of salary expenditures for instructional aides (K-12)				
	funded with state and	d local funds.			
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two	decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)				
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Instructional aides as	re staff who are involved	in regular K-12		
	instructional function	ns. Instructional aid expe	enditures are associated		
		ng directly with the interac			
	and students.	ig directly with the interes	etion between teachers		
	and students.				
	When determining of	alami avnandituras for ins	tructional aidea was the		
	When determining salary expenditures for instructional aides, use the				
	following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should				
	be included and excluded:				
	Expenditures to include:				
	-				
	Expenditures paid from federal Impact Aid funds and State Fig. 1 St. 1 S				
	Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority				
	Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses				
	Supplemental pay for additional roles				
	Expenditures to exclude:				
	Expenditures paid from federal funds other than Impact Aid				
	and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact				
	Aid authority	<u>'</u>			

	Expanditures for preschool programs
	Expenditures for preschool programs
•	Expenditures for school nutrition programs
•	Expenditures for adult education
•	Expenditures for special education
•	Expenditures for programs that serve students from more
	than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g.,
	summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the
	district's schools but serve students from throughout the
	school district)
•	Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on
	behalf of schools
•	Expenditures for employee benefits

Retifeu.				
Group Name: School finance—instructional aide salaries (federal, state,			DG: 997	
and loca	al)			
Definition	The amount of salary	y expenditures for instruc	tional aide	s (preschool-
	12) funded with federal, state, and local funds.			
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	St	ate 🗆
Education Unit Total	\square		•	

Comment	Instructional aides are staff who are involved in preschool-12 instructional functions. Instructional aid expenditures are associated with activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. When determining salary expenditures for instructional aides, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:
	 Expenditures to include: Expenditures paid from all federal funds (including Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund) Expenditures for preschool programs Expenditures for special education Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district) Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses Supplemental pay for additional roles Expenditures to exclude: Expenditures for school nutrition programs Expenditures for adult education Expenditures for employee benefits

110011001				
Group Name: School finance—non-personnel expenditures (state and local) DG: 970				
Definition	The amount of non-personnel expenditures associated with regular			th regular
	K-12 instruction, pupil support, instructional support, and school			
	administration, funded with state and local funds.			
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	Sta	te 🗆
Education Unit Total	\square			

Comment

Include non-personnel expenditures from state and local funds. Non-personnel expenditures may include (but is not limited to) the following types of expenditures: Professional development for teachers and other staff; instructional materials and supplies; computers, software, and other technology; contracted services such as distance learning services; and library books and media center learning materials.

When determining non-personnel expenditures, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:

Expenditures to include:

- Expenditures paid from federal Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority
- Expenditures for professional development for teachers and other staff
- Expenditures for instructional materials and supplies
- Expenditures for computers, software, and other technology
- Expenditures for contracted services such as distance learning services
- Expenditures for library books and media center learning materials
- Other non-personnel expenditures (associated with regular K-12 instruction, pupil support, instructional support, and school administration)

Expenditures to exclude:

- Expenditures paid from federal funds other than Impact Aid and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority
- Expenditures for preschool programs
- Expenditures for school nutrition programs
- Expenditures for adult education
- Expenditures for special education
- Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district)
- Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on

behalf of schools	
-------------------	--

Retired!					
	and local)				
Definition	The amount of non-personnel expenditures associated with				
	preschool-12 instruction, pupil support, instructional support, and				
	school administration, funded with federal, state, and local funds.				
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)				
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Education Unit Total Comment	Include non-personnel expenditures from federal, state, and local funds. Non-personnel expenditures may include (but is not limited to) the following types of expenditures: Professional development for teachers and other staff; instructional materials and supplies; computers, software, and other technology; contracted services such as distance learning services; and library books and media center learning materials. When determining non-personnel expenditures, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded: Expenditures to include: Expenditures to include: Expenditures for preschool programs Expenditures for preschool programs Expenditures for special education Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the				
	school district) • Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools				
	 Expenditures for professional development for teachers and other staff 				
	 Expenditures for instructional materials and supplies Expenditures for computers, software, and other technology Expenditures for contracted services such as distance 				
	learning services				

 Expenditures for library books and media center learning materials Other non-personnel expenditures (associated with preschool-12 instruction, pupil support, instructional support, and school administration)
Expenditures to exclude:
 Expenditures for school nutrition programs
 Expenditures for adult education

Reurea:			
Group Name: School fi	nance—support perso	onnel salaries (state and	d local) DG: 971
Definition	The amount of salary expenditures for support personnel (K-12) funded with state and local funds.		
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two or	decimal places)	
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)	<u>.</u>	
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Personnel salaries include salaries for K-12 regular support staff funded with state and local funds that are associated with the following types of activities:		
	 Support services for pupils – Activities designed to assess and improve the well-being of students and to supplement the teaching process. Support services for instructional staff – Activities associated with assisting the instructional staff with the content and process of providing learning experiences for students. School administration – Activities concerned with overall administrative responsibility for a school. 		
	Exclude salary expenditures for instructional staff (teachers and aides).		
	When determining salary expenditures for personnel, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:		
	·	de: paid from federal Impac zation Fund if used under	

	 Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses 			
	 Supplemental pay for additional roles 			
	Expenditures to exclude:			
	 Expenditures paid from federal funds other than Impact Aid 			
	and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact			
	Aid authority			
	Expenditures for preschool programs			
	Expenditures for school nutrition programs			
	Expenditures for adult education			
	Expenditures for special education			
	 Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district) Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools Expenditures for employee benefits 			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Personnel Type (Salary Expenditures)			

Group Name: School finance—support personnel salaries (federal, state, DG: 999					
and loca	and local)				
Definition	The amount of salar	y expenditures for suppor	t personn	el (preschool-	
	12) funded with fede	eral, state, and local funds	S.		
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two	decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Personnel salaries include salaries for preschool-12 support staff				
	funded with federal, state, and local funds that are associated with				
	the following types of activities:				
	 Support services for pupils – Activities designed to assess 				
	and improve the well-being of students and to supplement the				
	teaching process.				
	• Support services for instructional staff – Activities associated				
	with assisting the instructional staff with the content and				
	process of providing learning experiences for students.				
	School administration – Activities concerned with overall				

	administrative responsibility for a school.			
	When determining salary expenditures for personnel, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:			
	Expenditures to include:			
	 Expenditures paid from all federal funds (including Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund) 			
	Expenditures for preschool programs			
	Expenditures for special education			
	 Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district) 			
	Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools			
	Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses			
	Supplemental pay for additional roles			
	Expenditures to exclude:			
	 Expenditures for school nutrition programs 			
	Expenditures for adult education			
	Expenditures for employee benefits			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Personnel Type (Salary Expenditures)			

Group Name: School finance—teacher salaries (state and local) DG: 972				
Definition	The amount of salary expenditures for teachers (K-12) funded with			
	state and local funds.			
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with regular K-12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only,			

refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:

Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences, and care to students during a particular time period or in a given discipline. Teachers are defined as staff whose activities are dealing directly with the interaction with students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, computer, the Internet, multimedia, telephone, and correspondence that is delivered inside or outside the classroom or in other teacher-student settings.

Teachers to include:

- Regular Classroom Teachers
 - Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc.
- General Elementary Teachers
 - Teach self-contained classes in any of grades K–8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
 - Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
 - Include kindergarten teachers.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
 - Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades K–12

Teachers to exclude:

- Special Education Teachers
 - Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.
- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.
- Student Teachers
- Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the library

When determining salary expenditures for teachers, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:

Expenditures to include:

- Expenditures paid from federal Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority
- Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses
- Supplemental pay for additional roles

Expenditures to exclude:

- Expenditures paid from federal funds other than Impact Aid and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority
- Expenditures for preschool programs
- Expenditures for school nutrition programs
- Expenditures for adult education
- Expenditures for special education
- Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district)
- Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools
- Expenditures for employee benefits

Group Name: School finance—teacher salaries (federal, state, and local) DG: 99 Definition The amount of salary expenditures for teachers (preschool-12) funded with federal, state, and local funds. Permitted Values • Decimal (to two decimal places) Reporting Period School Year (Fiscal) Reporting Levels School ☑ LEA □ State □ Education Unit Total ☑ Comment Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with preschool-12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:	95				
funded with federal, state, and local funds. Permitted Values Decimal (to two decimal places) School Year (Fiscal) Reporting Levels School ✓ LEA □ State □ Education Unit Total Comment Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with preschool-12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
Reporting Period Reporting Levels School ☑ LEA □ State □ Education Unit Total ☑ Comment Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with preschool-12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:	funded with federal, state, and local funds.				
Reporting Period School Year (Fiscal) Reporting Levels School ☑ LEA □ State □ Education Unit Total ☑ Comment Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with preschool-12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
Reporting Levels School ☑ LEA □ State □ Education Unit Total ☑ Comment Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with preschool-12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
Education Unit Total Comment Include salary expenditures for teachers associated with preschool- 12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
12 instruction. For the purposes of reporting school finance data for teachers only, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:					
which teachers should be included and excluded:					
The attendance and the first of the state of					
Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences, and care to					
students during a particular time period or in a given discipline.					
Teachers are defined as staff whose activities are dealing directly					
with the interaction with students. Teaching may be provided for					
	students in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or				
	hospital, and in other learning situations such as those involving co-				
	curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other				
approved medium, such as television, radio, computer, the Internet,	multimedia, telephone, and correspondence that is delivered inside or				
	outside the classroom or in other teacher-student settings.				
outside the classroom of in other teacher-student settings.	outside the classroom of in other teacher-student settings.				
Teachers to include:	Teachers to include:				
Regular Classroom Teachers					
- Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical					
education, history, etc.					
Special Education Teachers					
- Teach special education classes to students with					
disabilities.					
General Elementary Teachers					
- Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool-	-8				
(i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).					
- Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to					
teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).					
- Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.					
Vocational/Technical Education Teachers					
- Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home					

- economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool–12

Teachers to exclude:

- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.
- Student Teachers
- Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the library

When determining salary expenditures for teachers, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:

Expenditures to include:

- Expenditures paid from all federal funds (including Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund)
- Expenditures for preschool programs
- Expenditures for special education
- Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the

•	district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district) Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on
	behalf of schools
•	Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses
•	Supplemental pay for additional roles
Expen	ditures to exclude:
•	Expenditures for school nutrition programs
•	Expenditures for adult education
•	Expenditures for employee benefits

Group Name: School fi	nance—total personnel salaries (state and local) DG: 1001				
Definition	The total amount of salary expenditures for instructional and support				
	personnel (K-12) funded with state and local funds.				
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two decimal places)				
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	K-12 regular instructional and support personnel funded with state				
	and local funds are defined as follows:				
	 Instructional staff – Includes teachers and instructional aides 				
	 Support services staff for pupils – Includes guidance 				
	counselors, nurses, attendance officers, speech pathologists,				
	and other staff who provide support services for students				
	• Support services staff for instructional staff – Includes staff				
	involved in curriculum development, staff training, operating				
	the library, media and computer centers				
	 School administration staff – Includes principals and other 				
	staff involved in school administration				
	Personnel salaries include salaries for K-12 regular instructional and				
	support staff that are associated with the following types of				
	activities:				
	• Instructional functions – Activities dealing directly with the				
	interaction between teachers and students.				
	 Support services for pupils – Activities designed to assess 				
	and improve the well-being of students and to supplement the				
	teaching process.				
	• Support services for instructional staff – Activities associated				

with assisting the instructional staff with the content and process of providing learning experiences for students. School administration – Activities concerned with overall administrative responsibility for a school. When determining salary expenditures for personnel, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded: Expenditures to include: Expenditures paid from federal Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority Base salary, incentive pay, and bonuses Supplemental pay for additional roles Expenditures to exclude: Expenditures paid from federal funds other than Impact Aid and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund if used under the Impact Aid authority Expenditures for preschool programs Expenditures for school nutrition programs Expenditures for adult education Expenditures for special education Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district) Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools

Retired!

Group Name: School finance—total personnel salaries (federal, state, and DG: 100				
local)				
Definition	The total amount of salary expenditures for instructional and support			al and support
	personnel (preschool-12) funded with federal, state, and local funds.			
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)			
Reporting Period	School Year (Fiscal)			
Reporting Levels	School ✓ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total			•	

Expenditures for employee benefits

Comment

Preschool-12 instructional and support personnel funded with federal, state, and local funds are defined as follows:

- Instructional staff Includes teachers and instructional aides
- Support services staff for pupils Includes guidance counselors, nurses, attendance officers, speech pathologists, and other staff who provide support services for students
- Support services staff for instructional staff Includes staff involved in curriculum development, staff training, operating the library, media and computer centers
- School administration staff Includes principals and other staff involved in school administration

Personnel salaries include salaries for preschool-12 instructional and support staff that are associated with the following types of activities:

- Instructional functions Activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students.
- Support services for pupils Activities designed to assess and improve the well-being of students and to supplement the teaching process.
- Support services for instructional staff Activities associated with assisting the instructional staff with the content and process of providing learning experiences for students.
- School administration Activities concerned with overall administrative responsibility for a school.

When determining salary expenditures for personnel, use the following list of school-level expenditures to determine what should be included and excluded:

Expenditures to include:

- Expenditures paid from all federal funds (including Impact Aid funds and State Fiscal Stabilization Fund)
- Expenditures for preschool programs
- Expenditures for special education
- Expenditures for programs that serve students from more than one school attendance area at a single school site (e.g., summer school programs that are housed in a subset of the district's schools but serve students from throughout the school district)
- Expenditures made by regional educational agencies on behalf of schools

Base salary, incentive pay, and bonusesSupplemental pay for additional roles
 Expenditures to exclude: Expenditures for school nutrition programs Expenditures for adult education Expenditures for employee benefits

Group Name: Science c	lasses—high school		DG: 973	
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in science (college-preparatory)			
	courses at the high school level.			
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling – October 1			
	For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course			
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1			
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded			
	with high school age students.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Science (Class	sses and Course Enrollme	ent)	

Group Name: Science classes—high school teacher certification DG: 1006			
Definition	The unduplicated number of classes in science (college-preparatory) courses at the high school level taught by teachers with a science certification.		
Permitted Values	Integer		
Reporting Period	For schools with regular scheduling – October 1		
	• For schools with block scheduling that allows a full-year course		

	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count taken on October 1				
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the second block				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students. Teachers are considered certified in science if they have received a teaching certificate/license/endorsement in science (general or subject-specific) from the state. Teachers may be funded with federal, state, and/or local funds. Justice facilities should consider only teachers who serve students in the educational program offered at the justice facility during the regular school year. Refer to the following guide to determine which teachers may be included and which teachers should be excluded. Teachers certified in science may include: Regular Classroom Teachers Regular Classroom Teachers Teach special education classes to students with disabilities. Vocational/Technical Education Teachers Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian				
	 Itinerant, Co- Teach at r supervised Current Long Currently more cont 	Ingraded Students op, Traveling, and Satell more than one school and d by someone at your scl -Term Substitute Teache filling the role of regula tinuous weeks. s who teach students in a	I may or may not be nool. ers r teachers for four or		

	- Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool–8
	(i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the
	day).
	- Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to
	teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
	 Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.
	 Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
	- Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
	Short-term Substitute Teachers
	- Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for
	less than four continuous weeks.
	Student Teachers
	 Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
	Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Science (Classes and Course Enrollment)

Group Name: Science c	ourse enrollment—h	nigh school		DG: 974
Definition	The number of high school level students enrolled in science			
	(college-preparatory) courses.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	• For schools with	regular scheduling – Oct	tober 1	
	 For schools with 	block scheduling that all	lows a f	ull-year course
	to be taken in on	e semester – Sum of a co	unt take	en on October 1
	in the first block	, and around March 1 in t	the seco	nd block
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □		State □
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Report only for schools with any grade 9 through 12 and/or ungraded with high school age students, and that provide college-preparatory science courses. For each science course, the data should be unduplicated. Category sets B and C do not include all students.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Science (Classes and Course Enrollment)			
	Racial Ethnic			
	• Sex (Membership)			
Category Set B	• Science (Class	sses and Course Enrollme	ent)	
	 Disability Sta 	atus (<i>IDEA</i>)		

	Sex (Membership)		
Category Set C	Science (Classes and Course Enrollment)		
	• EL Status (Only)		
	• Sex (Membership)		

Group Name: Security:	staff (FTE) table			DG: 975	
Definition	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) school security staff.				
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two	Decimal (to two decimal places)			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □		State \square	
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include staff for pres	school, grades K-12, and	comparal	ole ungraded	
	levels, regardless of how staff were funded (i.e., federal, state, and/or local funds).				
	Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of 1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Security Staff	f Type			

Definition	The unduplicated number of academic classes in a school where only male or female students are per	co-educational		
	class.	rmitted to take the		
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	• For schools with regular scheduling – October	: 1		
	For schools with block scheduling that allows	a full-year course		
	to be taken in one semester – Sum of a count	aken on October 1		
	in the first block, and around March 1 in the s			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total				
Comment	For co-educational schools only. Independent study is not considered a single-sex class. Include academic classes for grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels. Single-sex academic class – A single-sex academic class refers to an academic class in a co-educational school where only male or only female students are permitted to take the class. If both male and female students are permitted to take the class, then it is not a single-sex class. A physical education class is not considered an academic class.			
	A class should be counted as a single-sex class only if it excludes students of one sex from enrolling or otherwise participating in that class because of their sex. A class is not considered single-sex so long as it is open to members of both sexes, even if students of only one sex, or a disproportionate number of students of one sex, enroll.			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			

Category Set A	•	Academic Subject (Single-Sex Classes)
	•	Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Special education school DG: 1015					
Definition	An indication of who	An indication of whether the school is a special education school.			
Permitted Values	• Yes	• Yes			
	• No	• No			
Reporting Period	October 1				
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	A special education school is a public elementary/secondary school				
	that focuses primarily on serving the educational needs of students				
	with disabilities.				

Group Name: Students	with disabilities serv	ved under <i>IDEA</i>	DG: 980		
Definition	The unduplicated number of students served under the <i>Individuals</i>				
	with Disabilities Edi	with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).			
Permitted Values	 Integer 				
Reporting Period	October 1 or IDEA C	Child Count Date			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include students enrolled in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable				
	ungraded levels. Category set C does not include all students.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set B	Racial Ethnic				
	• Sex (Membership)				
Category Set C	EL Status (Only)				
	• Sex (Member	rship)			

Group Name: Students	with disabilities serv	ved under Section 504 only	DG: 981		
Definition	The unduplicated number of students who have been identified as				
	having a disability and are receiving regular or special education and				
	related aids and serv	ices solely under Section 504 of	f the		
	Rehabilitation Act of	Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and not under the Individuals with			
	Disabilities Education	Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).			
Permitted Values	• Integer				
Reporting Period	October 1	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □				
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include students enrolled in preschool, grades K-12, and comparable				
	ungraded levels. Category set C does not include all students.				

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Sex (Membership)
Category Set B	Racial Ethnic
	• Sex (Membership)
Category Set C	EL Status (Only)
	Sex (Membership)

Group Name: Support services staff (FTE) DG: 982					
Definition	The number of full-ti	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) support services staff.			
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two	decimal places)			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	•			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	State □		
Education Unit Total					
Comment	Include staff for pres	chool, grades K-12, and	comparable ungraded		
	levels, regardless of	how staff were funded (i.	e., federal, state, and/or		
	local funds). Exclud	local funds). Exclude school counselors.			
	Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the				
	workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads				
	comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a				
	worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total				
	hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum				
	number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of				
	1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while				
	an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time.				
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION				
Category Set A	Support Servi	ices Staff Type			

Group Name: Suspens	ion instances			DG: 1007		
Definition	The number of instances of out-of-school suspension that K-12					
	students received.					
Permitted Values	• Integer					
Reporting Period	Regular School Year	Regular School Year				
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA \square	Stat	te 🗆		
Education Unit Total	\checkmark					
Comment	grades K-12, and coro of instances, not the suspensions. Out-of-school suspensions. Out-of-school suspension is an instance from his/her regular purposes to another suspensions in Family Service Plan (IEP) services are provided as removals in vaccording to his/her. For students without solely under Section which a child is tempatal least half a day (but disciplinary purposes Out-of-school suspensions).	sabilities served under <i>ID</i> , ance in which a child is to school for at least half a coetting (e.g., home, behavenclude both removals in valued (IFSP) or Individualized ovided because the removals the child continues	EA: Out-of-semporarily relay for disciplination of the school home, behave a ducational	e number -of-school school emoved plinary Out-of- dividualized Program es or less as ervices ities served instance in eschool for ol year) for vior center). educational services		
	I (8., 5-	r - r				

CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION	
Category Set A	Disability Status (Specific)	

Group Name: Suspens	ion instances—pr	eschool	DG: 1008	
Definition		stances of out-of-school sus	pension that preschool	
	children received	•		
Permitted Values	 Integer 			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment	preschool. Include children who rece to preschool programmer of the preschool sustantial programmer. The preschool suspension is an infrom his/her regular purposes to anoth school suspension Family Service P (IEP) services are well as removals according to his/her regular purposes to anoth school suspension of the preschool suspension o	disabilities served under IE nstance in which a child is the lar school for at least half a ter setting (e.g., home, behaves include both removals in lan (IFSP) or Individualized a provided because the removals in which the child continues	DEA: Out-of-school refers ten ages 3 through 5. DEA: Out-of-school remporarily removed day for disciplinary vior center). Out-of-which no Individualized Education Program val is 10 days or less as a to receive services with disabilities served resion is an instance in is/her regular school for r of the school year) for home, behavior center). in which no educational educational services	
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			

Category Set A	•	Preschool (Corporal Punishment and Suspension)
----------------	---	--

Group Name: Teache	r absenteeism table	DG: 983				
Definition	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) teachers who were absent					
	more than 10 school days during the school year.					
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)					
Reporting Period	Regular School Year					
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ Stat	te 🗆				
Education Unit Total	\square					
Comment	Include teachers for preschool, grades K-12, and compa	rable				
	ungraded levels, regardless of how teachers were funded	d (i.e.,				
	federal, state, and/or local funds).					
	A teacher was absent if he or she was not in attendance	•				
	the regular school year when the teacher would otherwise					
	expected to be teaching students in an assigned class. T					
	both days taken for sick leave and days taken for person					
	Personal leave includes absences for reasons other than sick leave.					
	Do not include administratively approved leave for professional					
	development, field trips or other off-campus activities with students.					
	Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the					
	workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads					
	comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a					
	worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total					
	hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum					
	number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of					
	1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while					
	an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time.					
	For the purposes of reporting teacher absenteeism, refer to the					
	following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers					
	should be included and excluded:					
	Transferrence in the control of the					
	Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences, and					
	students during a particular time period or in a given dis	scipine.				

Teachers to include:

- Regular Classroom Teachers
 - Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc.
- Special Education Teachers
 - Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.
- General Elementary Teachers
 - Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool–8

 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
 - Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
 - Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
 - Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Teachers of Ungraded Students
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool–12

Teachers to exclude:

- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.
- Student Teachers
- Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals

•	Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
•	Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the
	library

Group Name: Teacher	credentials (FTE)	DG: 990		
Definition	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) teachers who met all state			
	licensing/certification requirements.			
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)			
Reporting Period	Regular School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □	State		
Education Unit Total	\square			
Comment	Include teachers for preschool, grades K-12, and comparable			
	ungraded levels, regardless of how teachers were funded (i.e.,			
	federal, state, and/or local funds).			
	A teacher has met all applicable state teacher certification			
	requirements for a standard certificate if the teacher has a			
	regular/standard certificate/license/endorsement issued by the state.			
	A beginning teacher who has met the standard teacher education			
	requirements is considered to have met state requirements even if he			
	or she has not completed a state-required probationary period. A			
	teacher working towards certification by way of alternative routes, or			
	a teacher with an emergency, temporary, or provisional credential is			
	not considered to have met state requirements. State requirements			
	are determined by the state.			
	Evil time againstant (ETE). ETE is a unit that indicates the			
	Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the			
	workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads			
	comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a			
	worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total			
	hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of			
	1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time			
	an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half			
	For the purposes of reporting teacher certification, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:			
	Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences	s, and care to		

students during a particular time period or in a given discipline.

Teachers to include:

- Regular Classroom Teachers
 - Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc.
- Special Education Teachers
 - Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.
- General Elementary Teachers
 - Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool–8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
 - Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
 - Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
 - Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Teachers of Ungraded Students
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool–12

Teachers to exclude:

- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.

•	Student Teachers
•	Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
	Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
	Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the
	library

Group Name: Teacher	credentials (FTE)—not certified	DG: 1009	
Definition	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) teachers	s who have not met	
	all state licensing/certification requirements.		
Permitted Values	• Decimal (to two decimal places)		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □	State □	
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Include teachers for preschool, grades K-12, and comparable		
	ungraded levels, regardless of how teachers were funded (i.e.,		
	federal, state, and/or local funds).		
	A teacher has not met all applicable state teacher of	certification	
	requirements for a standard certificate if the teacher		
	regular/standard certificate/license/endorsement is	sued by the state.	
	A beginning teacher who has not met the standard	teacher education	
	requirements is not considered to have met state re	equirements even if	
	he or she has completed a state-required probationary period. A		
	teacher working towards certification by way of alternative routes, or		
	a teacher with an emergency, temporary, or provisional credential is		
	not considered to have met state requirements. State requirements		
	are determined by the state.		
	Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the		
	workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads		
	comparable across various contexts. FTE is used	to measure a	
	worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is t	the number of total	
	hours the person is expected to work divided by the	e maximum	
	number of compensable hours in a full-time sched		
	1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while		
	an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time.		
	For the purposes of reporting teacher certification,	refer to the	
	following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers		
	should be included and excluded:		
	Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences	s, and care to	
		Dogg A2 110	

students during a particular time period or in a given discipline.

Teachers to include:

- Regular Classroom Teachers
 - Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc.
- Special Education Teachers
 - Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.
- General Elementary Teachers
 - Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool–8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
 - Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
 - Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
 - Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Teachers of Ungraded Students
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool–12

Teachers to exclude:

- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.

• Student Teachers
 Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
• Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
• Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the
library

- General Elementary Teachers
 - Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool–8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day).
 - Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students).
 - Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers.
- Vocational/Technical Education Teachers
 - Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes.
- Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators
 - Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week).
- Teachers of Ungraded Students
- Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers
 - Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school.
- Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers
 - Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks.
- Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool–12

Teachers to exclude:

- Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
 - Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
- Short-term Substitute Teachers
 - Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.
- Student Teachers
- Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
- Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the library

Group Name: Teache	ers (counts) DG: 1003		
Definition	The unduplicated number of teachers.		
Permitted Values	• Integer		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □		
Education Unit Total			
Comment	Include teachers for preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels, regardless of how teachers were funded (i.e., federal, state, and/or local funds). Justice facilities should include only teachers who serve students in the educational program offered at the justice facility during the regular school year.		
	Report counts, not full-time equivalencies. For the purposes of reporting teacher count, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded:		
	Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences, and care to students during a particular time period or in a given discipline.		
	 Regular Classroom Teachers Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc. Special Education Teachers Teach special education classes to students with disabilities. General Elementary Teachers Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool–8 (i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day). Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students). Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers. Vocational/Technical Education Teachers Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes. Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators 		

	 Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week). Teachers of Ungraded Students Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school. Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks. Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool–12
	Teachers to exclude:Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers
	- Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12.
	Short-term Substitute Teachers
	 Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks.
	• Student Teachers
	 Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals
	Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals
	Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the
	library
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION
Category Set A	Teacher (Year Employed)

Retired!

Group Name: Teach	er experience DG: 985		
Definition	The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) teachers with the specified		
	length of experience.		
Permitted Values	Decimal (to two decimal places)		
Reporting Period	Regular School Year		
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □		
Education Unit Total			
Education Unit Total Comment	Include teachers for preschool, grades K-12, and comparable ungraded levels, regardless of how teachers were funded (i.e., federal, state, and/or local funds). Experience includes teaching in any school, subject, or grade; it does not have to be in the school, subject, or grade that the teacher is presently teaching. Justice facilities should include only teachers who serve students in the educational program offered at the justice facility during the regular school year. Full-time equivalent (FTE) – FTE is a unit that indicates the workload of an employed person in a way that makes workloads comparable across various contexts. FTE is used to measure a worker's service in a place (e.g., school). FTE is the number of total hours the person is expected to work divided by the maximum number of compensable hours in a full-time schedule. An FTE of 1.00 means that the person is equivalent to a full-time worker, while an FTE of 0.50 signals that the worker is only half-time. For the purposes of reporting teacher experience, refer to the following teachers definition and guide to determine which teachers should be included and excluded: Teachers provide instruction, learning experiences, and care to students during a particular time period or in a given discipline. Teachers to include: Regular Classroom Teachers Teach Chemistry, English, mathematics, physical education, history, etc. Special Education Teachers Teach special education classes to students with disabilities.		

Teach self-contained classes in any of grades Preschool-8

(i.e., teach the same class of students all or most of the day). Team-teach (i.e., two or more teachers collaborate to teach multiple subjects to the same class of students). Include preschool teachers and kindergarten teachers. Vocational/Technical Education Teachers Teach typing, business, agriculture, life skills, home economics as well as any other vocational or technical classes. Teaching principals, teaching school counselors, teaching librarians, teaching school nurses, or other teaching administrators Include any staff members who teach at least one regularly scheduled class per week (e.g., a librarian teaches a regularly scheduled class in mathematics once a week). Teachers of Ungraded Students Itinerant, Co-op, Traveling, and Satellite Teachers Teach at more than one school and may or may not be supervised by someone at your school. **Current Long-Term Substitute Teachers** Currently filling the role of regular teachers for four or more continuous weeks. Other teachers who teach students in any of grades Preschool-12 Teachers to exclude: Adult Education and Postsecondary Teachers Teach only adult education or students beyond grade 12. Short-term Substitute Teachers Fill the role of regular or special education teachers for less than four continuous weeks. **Student Teachers** Day Care Aides/Paraprofessionals Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals Librarians who teach only library skills or how to use the library **CATEGORY SET DESCRIPTION Category Set A** Teaching Experience

Group Name: Ungraded detail DG			DG: 986	
Definition	An indication of whether the ungraded school has mainly elementary,			
	middle, and/or high	n school students.		
Permitted Values	• School has mai	School has mainly elementary school age students		
	• School has mai	nly middle school age stu	dents	
	• School has mai	nly high school age stude	nts	
	School has mainly elementary and middle school age students			
	School has mainly middle and high school age students			
	School has elementary, middle, and high school age students			
Reporting Period	October 1			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA □ State □			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	For schools that are wholly ungraded (i.e., schools that do not			
	classify students by grade).			

C: DATA GROUPS COLLECTED THROUGH ESS ONLY

Group Name: Children	with disabilities (IDEA) school age table DG: 74			
Definition	The unduplicated number of children with disabilities (<i>IDEA</i>) who			
	were ages 6 through 21.			
Permitted Values	• Integer			
Reporting Period	Child Count Date			
Reporting Levels	School ☑ LEA ☑ State ☑			
Education Unit Total				
Comment	Category sets A, D, and E are reported at all levels. Category sets B			
	and C, as well as subtotals 2 and 7, are reported at the LEA and state			
	levels only. OCR is the data steward for data reported at the school			
	level. OSERS/OSEP is the data steward for data reported at the LEA			
T393 C	and state levels.			
File Specification #	002			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Disability Category (<i>IDEA</i>)			
	Racial Ethnic			
	Sex (Membership)			
Category Set B	• Disability Category (<i>IDEA</i>)			
	Educational Environment (<i>IDEA</i>) SA			
	Age (School Age)			
Category Set C	• Educational Environment (<i>IDEA</i>) SA			
	Racial Ethnic			
Category Set D	• Disability Category (<i>IDEA</i>)			
	• Educational Environment (<i>IDEA</i>) SA			
	Sex (Membership)			
Category Set E	Disability Category (<i>IDEA</i>)			
	• Educational Environment (<i>IDEA</i>) SA			
	• English Learner Status (Both)			
	• Sex (Membership)			
SUBTOTALS	DESCRIPTION			
Subtotals 1	Sex (Membership)			
Subtotals 2	Age (School Age)			
Subtotals 3	Disability Category (IDEA)			
Subtotals 4	Racial Ethnic			
Subtotals 5	English Learner Status (Both)			
Subtotals 6	Educational Environment (<i>IDEA</i>) SA			
Subtotals 7	Age (School Age)			
	• Educational Environment (<i>IDEA</i>) SA			
STEWARD: OSERS/OS				

Group Name: Chronic absenteeism table DG: 814				
Definition	The unduplicated number of students absent 10% or more school			
	days during the school year.			
Permitted Values	 Integer 			
Reporting Period	School Year			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹	LEA \square	State □	
Education Unit Total				
Comment				
File Specification #	195	195		
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION		
Category Set A	• Sex (Membership)			
	• Racial Ethnic			
Category Set B	• Sex (Membership)			
	• Disability Status (Only)			
Category Set C	• Sex (Membership)			
	• Disability Status (504)			
Category Set D	• Sex (Membership)			
	English Learner Status (Only)			
Category Set E	• Sex (Membership)			
	Homeless Enrolled Status			
STEWARD: OESE and O	OCR			

Group Name: Graduate	es/completers table			DG: 306
Definition	The unduplicated number of students who graduated from high			
	school or completed	some other education pro	gram tha	t is approved
	by the state or local	educational agency (SEA	or LEA)	during the
	school year and the s	subsequent summer schoo	l.	
Permitted Values	Integer			
Reporting Period	School Year (CCD)			
Reporting Levels	School 🗹 LEA 🗹 State 🗹			
Education Unit Total	\square			
Comment	Each student is counted individually, no full-time equivalency.			
	Category sets C, D, E, and F do not include all students.			
File Specification #	040			
CATEGORY SET	DESCRIPTION			
Category Set A	Diploma/Credential			
	• Sex (Membership)			
	 Racial Ethnic 	C		

Category Set B	Diploma/Credential	
	• Sex (Membership)	
	• Disability Status (<i>IDEA</i>)	
Category Set C	Diploma/Credential	
	• Sex (Membership)	
	• English Learner Status (Only)	
Category Set D	Diploma/Credential	
	Economically Disadvantaged Status	
Category Set E	Diploma/Credential	
	Migratory Status	
Category Set F	Diploma/Credential	
	Homeless Enrolled Status	
SUBTOTALS	DESCRIPTION	
Subtotals 1	Diploma/Credential	
STEWARD: NCES		

Group Name: Title I school status				DG: 22
Definition	An indication that a school is designated under state and federal			
	regulations as being eligible for participation in programs authorized			
	by Title I of <i>ESEA</i> , as amended by <i>ESSA</i> , and whether it has a Title I			
	program.			
Permitted Values	Title I Targeted Assistance Eligible School- No Program			
	Title I Targeted Assistance School			
	Title I Schoolwide Eligible-Title I Targeted Assistance Program			
	Title I Schoolwide Eligible School- No Program			
	Title I Schoolwide School			
	Not a Title I School			
Reporting Period	Beginning of School Year			
Reporting Levels	School ☑	LEA □	Sta	te 🗆
Education Unit Total				
Comment				
File Specification #	129		•	
STEWARD: OESE/OSS/Title I				