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7 *Attorneys For Plaintiff And The  
Proposed Classes*

8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

9 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

10 KATHLEEN BLISS, on behalf of herself,  
11 the Proposed Nationwide Rule 23 Class, and  
12 the Proposed Nevada Subclass,

13 Plaintiff,

14 v.

15 CORECIVIC, INC.,

16 Defendant.

Case No.:

Dept. No.:

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT**

***(DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL)***

17 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

18 1. This Court has original federal question jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 for  
19 the claims brought under Title III of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968,  
20 18 U.S.C. § 2510, *et. seq.* (“Federal Wiretap Act”).

21 2. This Court further has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 because the claim  
22 under Nevada Revised Statutes § 200.620, *et. seq.*, (“Nevada Wiretap Act”) is so related to the  
23 Federal Wiretap Act claim that it forms part of the same case or controversy.

24 3. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the causes of  
25 action set forth herein have arisen and occurred, in part, in this judicial district, and Defendant  
26 is subject to this Court’s personal jurisdiction.

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**PARTIES AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

1  
2 4. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the preceding paragraphs.

3 5. This case is about a for-profit prison company illegally recording confidential  
4 phone calls between attorneys and their clients who are detained in the company’s detention  
5 facilities. Plaintiff brings this lawsuit on behalf of herself, a Proposed Nationwide Rule 23 Class,  
6 and a Proposed Nevada Subclass against Defendant for violations the Federal Wiretap Act and  
7 Nevada Wiretap Act.

8 6. Plaintiff Kathleen Bliss is a licensed attorney, authorized to practice law in the  
9 State of Nevada and before The United District Court for Nevada. Plaintiff’s office is located in  
10 Henderson, Clark County, Nevada. At all times, Plaintiff has represented clients who have been  
11 or are currently detained by the United States Marshal Service at a private detention facility in  
12 Pahrump, Nevada, the Nevada Southern Detention Center.

13 7. Defendant CoreCivic, Inc. (formerly known as Corrections Corporation of  
14 America, Inc.) (“CoreCivic”) is a private corrections management company that manages prisons,  
15 jails and detention facilities across the United States, including the Nevada Southern Detention  
16 Center. Defendant is a Maryland, for-profit corporation.

17 8. When clients of criminal attorneys, such as Plaintiff, are detained through a  
18 Pretrial Order of Detention issued by a United States Magistrate Judge, the clients are remanded  
19 to the custody of the United States Marshal Service to be held pending resolution of the criminal  
20 case.  
21

22 9. The United States Marshal Service contracts with detention facilities, including  
23 those owned and operated by CoreCivic, to detain the clients.

24 10. The United States Marshal Service for the District of Nevada contracts with  
25 CoreCivic for operation of the Nevada Southern Detention Center.

26 11. Plaintiff, during the course of representing her clients, has had numerous  
27 conversations with her clients, both telephonically and in person while her clients were detained  
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1 at CoreCivic’s Pahrump facility.

2 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

3 12. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.

4 13. CoreCivic is a private, for-profit corporation that manages detention facilities,  
5 including Nevada Southern Detention Center.

6 14. The United States Marshal’s Service uses detention facilities operated and  
7 managed by CoreCivic, including the Nevada Southern Detention Center, to house federal  
8 inmates.

9 15. Attorneys, including Plaintiff, routinely contact their clients in CoreCivic facilities  
10 by phone, video conference, and/or in person to discuss confidential matters. Plaintiff has so  
11 contacted clients in the Nevada Southern Detention Center from locations within Nevada.  
12 Plaintiff and other similarly situated attorneys do so with the understanding that their  
13 conversations with their clients are private. Similarly, the clients/detainees understand that in-  
14 person and remote conversations with their attorneys are confidential and not recorded.

15 16. CoreCivic, however, records confidential attorney-client communications  
16 without the consent of attorneys at its facilities throughout the United States, including in Nevada.

17 17. CoreCivic also records confidential attorney-client communications without the  
18 consent of the clients/detainees at its facilities throughout the United States, including in Nevada.

19 18. There is no legitimate reason to record calls between detainees and their attorneys.

20 19. The recordings of conversations between detainees and their attorneys do nothing  
21 to further the facilities’ security or public safety.

22 20. At all relevant times, CoreCivic knew it was operating a telephone system in its  
23 facilities, including facilities in Nevada, that monitored, intercepted, captured and/or recorded  
24 confidential attorney-client communications.

25 21. CoreCivic is aware of virtually identical complaints from other parts of the  
26 country where it provides services, including in Kansas, Missouri, and other locations.  
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1           22.     The equipment CoreCivic used to intercept, record, and/or share detainees’ calls  
2 neither facilitated those telephone calls and in-person meetings, nor were the recordings of the  
3 calls and meetings a necessary incident of the calls and meetings.

4           23.     CoreCivic and its call service/phone provider (“vendor”) store recordings in a  
5 computer server, and, regularly give access to those recordings to law enforcement agencies.

6           24.     Detainees at CoreCivic owned and operated facilities are at substantial risk of  
7 having their attorney calls and meetings monitored, recorded and used against them to negatively  
8 prejudice their criminal cases.

9           25.     Similarly, both attorneys and their clients face substantial risk that CoreCivic will  
10 continue to violate their rights under the Federal and Nevada Wiretap Acts.

11           26.     Further, even if an attorney were suspected or were aware that his/her calls and in-  
12 person meetings were being monitored and recorded, the detainee’s Sixth Amendment rights would  
13 still be in serious jeopardy, because the attorney would have no choice and no way of avoiding  
14 surveillance and recording for meetings and conversations between the attorney and the client.  
15

16           27.     Criminal defense attorneys, including the Plaintiff, must frequently consult with  
17 their clients. As an investigation proceeds, they must confer about various case details to inform  
18 their defense of the case, including investigation, motion practice, and trial strategy.

19           28.     The same unlawful practices and procedures described above affect all attorneys  
20 representing clients in CoreCivic facilities across the country.

21    **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

22           29.     Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.

23           30.     Plaintiff brings her claim under the Federal Wiretap Act in her individual  
24 capacity and on behalf of the following proposed class (“Nationwide Federal Wiretap Class”)  
25 under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23:

26                     All attorneys who have or will represent clients/detainees who are detained at any  
27 CoreCivic facility—excluding CoreCivic locations in California and the  
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1 CoreCivic facility in Leavenworth, Kansas—from July 12, 2016, to the present,  
2 plus periods of tolling, whose communications have been intercepted, disclosed  
3 or used by Defendant and/or its affiliates.

4 31. Excluded from this class are Counsel for Plaintiffs, anyone employed by  
5 counsel for Plaintiffs, and any judge to whom this case is assigned, as well as his or her  
6 employees and immediate family.

7 32. Plaintiff brings her claim under the Nevada Wiretap Act in her individual  
8 capacity and on behalf of the following proposed subclass (“Nevada Wiretap Subclass”):  
9 All Nationwide Federal Wiretap Class Members who have or will represent  
10 clients/detainees at any CoreCivic facility in Nevada.

11 33. The classes should be certified under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3) for  
12 the reasons set forth below.

13 34. The members of the proposed classes are so numerous that joinder of all members  
14 is impracticable. The exact number of class member is unknown at this time, but it is reasonably  
15 believed that there would be thousands of class members and in excess of 500 subclass members.  
16

17 35. The questions of law and fact are common to every member of the classes. The  
18 questions include but are not limited to:

- 19 a. Whether Defendant recorded class members’ calls with clients/detainees;  
20 b. Whether Defendant’s practice of recording calls is illegal; and  
21 c. Whether class members are entitled to damages.

22 36. The claims of Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the classes. Plaintiff’s  
23 conversations with her clients were wiretapped in the same manner as class members’ claims  
24 were wiretapped by Defendant at CoreCivic facilities in Nevada and around the country.

25 37. Prior litigation indicates that Defendant has treated a large number of criminal  
26 defense attorneys in the same manner as Plaintiff. For example, in Johnson v. Corecivic, Case  
27 No. 16-CV-947-SRB, in the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri,  
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1 Plaintiffs have identified that, for the CCA-Leavenworth facility in Leavenworth, Kansas facility,  
2 at least 567 attorneys have been treated in this way (ECF Doc. No. 179).

3 38. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the classes. Plaintiff has  
4 retained counsel who are competent to pursue this case, and Plaintiff does not have any interests  
5 that are antagonistic to the interests of the classes.

6 39. Questions of law and fact common to the members of the classes predominate over  
7 any questions that affect any individual class member. The common questions identified above  
8 will be dispositive of this litigation.

9 40. A class action is a superior method of adjudicating this case because it is the most  
10 fair and efficient way of resolving this controversy. The illegal conduct is standardized; the class  
11 members do not have an interest in individually controlling the prosecution of the case; and there  
12 are no cases that have been brought by class members.

13 41. Proceeding as a class action would permit the large number of injured parties to  
14 prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently, and without  
15 unnecessary duplication of evidence, effort, and judicial resources. A class action is the only  
16 practical way to avoid the potentially inconsistent results that numerous individual trials are  
17 likely to generate. Numerous repetitive individual actions would also place an enormous burden  
18 on the courts, as they would be forced to take duplicative evidence and repeatedly decide the  
19 same issues concerning Defendant's conduct.

20 42. The classes should also be certified under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(1)  
21 and/or (b)(2) because:

- 22
- 23 a. The prosecution of separate actions by individual class members would create  
24 a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudication with respect to individual class  
25 members that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for  
26 Defendant;
  - 27 b. The prosecution of separate actions by individual class members would create  
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a risk of adjudications with respect to them which would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of other class members not parties to the adjudications, or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests; and/or

c. Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with respect to the class members as a whole.

43. Alternatively, this case can be maintained as a class action with respect to particular issues under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(c)(4), including but not limited to, the issue of whether Defendant improperly intercepted, disclosed or used, or procured another person to intercept, disclose or use confidential attorney-client communications.

**COUNT I**

**VIOLATION OF TITLE III OF THE OMNIBUS CRIME CONTROL AND SAFE STREETS ACT OF 1968 (18 U.S.C. § 2510, et. seq.)**

*(Federal Wiretap Claim on behalf of Nationwide Federal Wiretap Class)*

44. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.

45. Title III of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act (“Federal Wiretap Act”) broadly prohibits intercepting, disclosing, or using the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication.

46. Defendant has violated (and continue to violate) attorneys’ rights under the Federal Wiretap Act. Plaintiff and the class members are directly affected.

47. Defendant has acted and continues to act unlawfully to intercept communications between class members, like Plaintiff, and their clients/detainees, and disclose those confidential communications to third parties, in violation of the Federal Wiretap Act.

48. Defendant violates the Federal Wiretap Act when it intentionally intercepts,

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1 discloses, uses, or procures other persons to intercept, disclose or use wire oral or electronic  
2 communications (including, but not limited to phone calls and in-person meetings) between class  
3 members, like Plaintiff, and their detainees/clients.

4 49. Defendant further violates the Federal Wiretap Act when it intentionally discloses,  
5 or endeavors to disclose, to any other person the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic  
6 communication (including, but not limited to phone calls and in-person meetings) between class  
7 members, like Plaintiff, and their detainees/clients, knowing or having reason to know that the  
8 information was obtained through the interception of a wire, oral, or electronic communication  
9 in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2511.

10 50. The conversations that class members, including Plaintiff, had with their  
11 clients/detainees in Defendant’s facilities are communications protected under the Federal  
12 Wiretap Act.

13 51. Class members, including Plaintiff, have been and are entitled to the rights,  
14 protections, and benefits provided under the Federal Wiretap Act, and they are “aggrieved  
15 persons” within the meaning of the Act.

16 52. Defendant and its vendor are “persons” within the meaning of the Federal Wiretap  
17 Act.

18 53. As set forth herein, Defendant unlawfully recorded confidential communications  
19 between class members, including Plaintiff, and their clients/detainees.

20 54. Defendant then disclosed certain of those confidential communications to third  
21 parties, such as law enforcement, in further violation of the Federal Wiretap statute.

22 55. In engaging in the above described illegal conduct, Defendant acted intentionally.  
23 It has not relied in good faith upon a court warrant or order, a grand jury subpoena, a legislative  
24 authorization, or a statutory authorization; a request of an investigative or law enforcement officer  
25 described under the Act; or a good faith determination that its conduct is allowed.

26 56. Pursuant to the Federal Wiretap Act, Plaintiff and each class member is entitled to  
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1 damages of either (a) the sum of the actual damages suffered by the plaintiff and any profits made  
2 by the violator as a result of the violation; or (b) statutory damages of whichever is the greater of  
3 \$100 a day for each day of violation or \$10,000, to be paid by Defendant.

4 57. Plaintiff and each class member is further entitled to punitive damages to be paid  
5 by Defendant.

6 58. Defendant is further liable to Plaintiff and the class members for their attorneys'  
7 fees and the costs incurred in this action.

8 **COUNT II**

9 **Violation of Nevada Revised Statutes § 200.620, et. seq.**

10 *(Nevada Wiretap Claim on behalf of Nevada Wiretap Subclass)*

11 59. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.

12 60. The Nevada Wiretap Act broadly prohibits any attempt to and the actual act of  
13 intercepting, monitoring, recording, or disclosing of private communications, including those  
14 over the wires.

15 61. Defendant knowingly and willfully violated (and continue to violate) attorneys'  
16 rights under the Nevada Wiretap Act by intentionally recording such communications in Nevada.  
17 Plaintiff and the subclass members are directly affected. For example, the Named Plaintiff sought  
18 to dismiss charges against her client when she learned that her private phone calls with him were  
19 recorded, and subsequently provided to Law Enforcement..

20 62. Defendant has acted and continues to act unlawfully to intercept communications  
21 between subclass members, like Plaintiff, and their clients/detainees, and disclose those  
22 confidential communications to third parties, including prosecutors, in violation of the Nevada  
23 Wiretap Act.

24 63. Defendant violates the Nevada Wiretap Act when it attempts to or does intercept,  
25 monitor, record, or disclose the private communications (including, but not limited to phone calls  
26 and in-person meetings) between subclass members, like Plaintiff, and their detainees/clients.  
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1 64. The conversations that subclass members, including Plaintiff, had with their  
2 clients/detainees in Defendant's facilities are communications protected under the Nevada  
3 Wiretap Act.

4 65. Subclass members, including Plaintiff, have been and are entitled to the rights,  
5 protections, and benefits provided under the Nevada Wiretap Act.

6 66. Defendant and its vendor are obligated to abide by the Nevada Wiretap Act.

7 67. As set forth herein, Defendant unlawfully recorded confidential communications  
8 between class members, including Plaintiff, and their clients/detainees.

9 68. Defendant then disclosed certain of those confidential communications to third  
10 parties, such as law enforcement, in further violation of the Nevada Wiretap Act.

11 69. In engaging in the above described illegal conduct, Defendant has acted knowingly  
12 and willfully. Defendant agreed to and allowed the recording of attorney-client conversations.  
13 Defendant has not relied in good faith upon any public utility, a court warrant or order, a grand  
14 jury subpoena, a legislative authorization, or a statutory authorization; a request of an  
15 investigative or law enforcement officer described under the Act; or a good faith determination  
16 that its conduct is allowed.

17 70. Pursuant to the Nevada Wiretap Act, Plaintiff and each subclass members is  
18 entitled to damages of either (a) actual damages; or (b) liquidated damages of \$100 per day of  
19 violation but not less than \$1,000, whichever is greater, to be paid by Defendant.

20 71. Plaintiff and each subclass member is further entitled to punitive damages to be  
21 paid by Defendant.

22 72. Defendant is further liable to Plaintiff and the subclass members for their  
23 attorneys' fees and the costs incurred in this action.  
24

25 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

26 **WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court certify this action as a class  
27 action, appoint Plaintiff class representative, appoint Plaintiff's undersigned counsel as class  
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1 counsel, find that Defendant violated the Federal Wiretap Act and Nevada Wiretap Act, and grant  
2 judgment, awarding damages, including those actual or statutory, liquidated, and punitive  
3 damages allowed under each Act, as well as injunctive relief, costs, attorneys' fees, and any  
4 further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

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DATE: July 12, 2018

By: 

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\*Pursuant to LR IA 11-2(c), attorneys will comply with LR IA 11-2 within 10 days.

**ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF AND THE PROPOSED CLASSES**