Description Mc CAIN & BURSH, PLC -- CASE# CV2017-050249 1 CIVIL NEW CONFLAINT Darius Bursh, Esq. [016869] Marc D. McCain Esq. [016646] TOTAL AMOUNT 7420 E. Pinnacle Peak Rd., #124 Receipt# 26055048 3 Scottsdale, AZ 85255 Telephone: (602) 604-2166 Facsimile: 1 (888) 898-5738 5 dbursh@mblawaz.com 6 BIGHORN LAW, LLC 7 Chad A. Schaub, Esq. [030226] Spenser W. Call, Esq. [024131] 8 500 W. Ray Road, Suite 10 9 Chandler, AZ 85225 Phone: (480) 744-6550 10 Fax: (480) 717-4041 11 Email: chad@bighornlaw.com Email: spenser@bighornlaw.com 12 Attorney for Plaintiff Calvin Hollins 13 IN THE MARICOPA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT 14 FOR THE STATE OF ARIZONA 15 CV2017-050249 CALVIN HOLLINS, a single man, on 16 behalf of himself as Father of Decedent No. 17 Dalvin Hollins, and on behalf of all statutory beneficiaries of Decedent Dalvin Hollins: 18 **COMPLAINT** 19 Plaintiffs, VS: 20 **Jury Trial Demanded** 21 TEMPE ARIZONA, a political subdivision of the State of Arizona; 22 SYLVIA MOIR, in her official capacity as 23 Chief of Police of Tempe City, Arizona; EDWARD OUIMETTE, in his individual 24 capacity as a Police Officer of Tempe City, Arizona: 25 JOHN DOES AND JANE DOES I 26 through X,

MICHAEL K. JEANES Clerk of the Superior Court By Martha Rios, Deputy Date 07/18/2017 Time 11:09:38

Amount

319.00

319.00

Complaint

Defendants.

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Plaintiff, by and through undersigned counsel, for his cause of action against the Defendants herein, allege as follows. Any allegations made herein as to liability are made by and on behalf of all Plaintiffs; any allegations made by individual Plaintiffs are made by and on behalf of that Plaintiff only.

PARTIES

- 1. At all times material hereto, Dalvin Hollins was a resident of Maricopa County, Arizona.
- 2. Dalvin Hollins died on July 27, 2016 in Maricopa County, Arizona in a fatal encounter with the Tempe City Police Department.
- 3. At all times material hereto, Plaintiff Calvin Hollins was a resident of Maricopa County, Arizona and surviving parent of decedent Dalvin Hollins.
- 4. Decedent Dalvin Hollins is also survived by his mother Sarah Coleman who is a statutory beneficiary under A.R.S. §12-611.
- 5. Defendant Tempe City is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona, existing in Maricopa County, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Arizona, and as such, is responsible for its own acts and omissions, and the acts and omissions of its employees acting in the scope and course of their employment under the doctrine of respondent superior. Plaintiffs do not assert respondent superior liability for purposes of their Civil Rights claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- 6. Defendant Sylvia Moir is the duly appointed Chief of Police of Defendant Tempe City, Arizona, and is named in her official capacity. Chief Moir is responsible for her own acts and omissions, and for the acts and omissions of her employees, including officers and other employees of the Tempe City Police Department, acting in the scope and course of their employment under the doctrine of respondeat superior. Plaintiffs do not assert respondeat superior liability for purposes of their Civil Rights claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

 7. Upon information and belief, at all times material hereto Defendant Edward Ouimette was a resident of Maricopa County, Arizona and was employed by Defendant Tempe City and Defendant Chief Moir as a Tempe City Police Officer. All of the actions, omissions, or other conduct of Defendant Edward Ouimette as described in this Complaint were undertaken within the scope and course of his employment with the Tempe City Police Department.

- 8. For purposes of Plaintiff's claims pursuant to the Civil Rights Act of 1871, 42 U.S.C. §1983 ("section 1983"), Edward Ouimette is named herein in his individual capacity. Edward Ouimette is a state actor for purposes of section 1983.
- 9. Defendants John and Jane Does I-X, on information and belief, are married and residing in the State of Arizona, and at all times relevant hereto were acting in furtherance of their marital communities. Upon information and belief, said Defendants have helped to cause the incidents alleged herein. The true names of John and Jane Does I-X are not known but will be provided to this Court as they are learned.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 10. This action arises under the Constitution of Arizona and the Constitution of the United States, particularly the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments, and under the laws of the United States, particularly the Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and under Arizona law.
- 11. The acts complained of herein occurred within Tempe City, Maricopa County, State of Arizona. All Defendants currently reside, or resided at relevant times, within the State of Arizona.
- 12. This court has jurisdiction over claims arising under state law and has concurrent jurisdiction over those claims arising under federal law.
- 13. As to Plaintiffs' claims under Arizona state law, Plaintiffs served a timely notice of claim upon Defendants pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-821.01, which

complied in all ways with the statute, was timely served, and deemed denied by operation of statute.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS

- 14. Defendant Tempe City, by and through the Tempe City Police Department, is charged with the management of law enforcement activities throughout Tempe City, Arizona.
- 15. Dalvin Hollins was a 19 year old who died on July 27, 2016, at the hands of Tempe City Police Officer and Defendant Edward Ouimette.
- 16. On July 27, 2016, around 9:25 a.m. Dalvin Hollins was approached by Tempe City Police Officers as a potential suspect in a robbery of a Walgreens in Tempe City, Arizona that had occurred earlier in the morning at approximately 9:05 a.m.
- 17. After observing Dalvin, Tempe Police Officer T. Spencer approached Dalvin to question him near a Jack in the Box restaurant located at 6350 South Rural Road in Tempe. This restaurant was approximately one and one-half miles from the Walgreens that had been robbed.
- 18. Dalvin started to walk away from Officer Spencer while Officer Ouimette drove his vehicle into the parking lot from another direction. Officer Ouimette's vehicle was using full lights and sirens at the time.
- 19. Dalvin ignored the requests of Tempe Police officers to stop and submit to questions, but instead began to run away from the officers northbound through the parking lot.
- 20. Officer T. Spencer dropped his radio and broke off the foot pursuit but officer Ouimette continued to pursue the suspect alone, first in his vehicle and then later on foot.
- 21. While still in his vehicle, Officer Ouimette saw Dalvin go into the property located at 6100 and 6150 South Rural Road in Tempe. These properties

comprise the Westchester Senior Living Center. Officer Ouimette drove into the south driveway of the property located at 6150 South Rural Road, exited his vehicle, and began to give chase on foot.

- 22. Dalvin continued to flee from the officers eventually entering a parking area between the properties located at 6100 and 6150 South Rural Road. This parking area was between the Care Center Building and Westchester Building #2 which contained some of the residential area of the complex. While in that parking just north of Westchester building #2 and South of the Care Center, Officer Ouimette got to a position where he could see Dalvin fleeing.
- 23. While in the parking lot just north of building 2 Officer Ouimette yelled "Stop or I'm gonna shoot you!"
- 24. Officer Ouimette then proceeded to shoot Dalvin in the back. The autopsy result showed that the bullet entered Dalvin's back moving from back to front, left to right and slightly downward.
- 25. Officer Ouimette reported that he believed Dalvin flinched a little but continued to run away from Officer Ouimette.
- 26. Dalvin then fled into a maintenance room where he hid in a closet and eventually bled to death from his wounds. The autopsy showed that Dalvin's lung had collapsed and noted that the wound would not have been immediately fatal.
- 27. At approximately 10:19 a.m., approximately 50 minutes after Dalvin entered the maintenance room, SWAT Officers of Tempe City entered the maintenance room after Dalvin failed to respond to commands and he was found deceased as a result of his gunshot wound.
- 28. No weapon was ever observed on Dalvin and no weapon was ever found on anywhere at the scene of the pursuit.
- 29. Officer Ouimette never turned his body camera on until after he shot Dalvin.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

Count One: Wrongful Death

- 30. The foregoing paragraphs are incorporated as though each were fully set forth herein.
- 31. Pursuant to A.R.S. §12-611, et seq, the surviving parents of Dalvin Hollins and/or the personal representatives of the estate of Dalvin Hollins are entitled to maintain an action for wrongful death against Defendants in this matter for losses and injuries stemming from the loss of their son.
- 32. The acts or omissions of Defendants as described herein were negligent, an assault and/or battery, and a violation of Article 2, Sections 4 and 8 of the Arizona Constitution, and the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution.
- 33. As a direct and proximate cause of Dalvin Hollins' death, Plaintiffs and all statutory beneficiaries of Dalvin Hollins sustained damages, including pain and suffering, grief, loss of love and affection, loss of enjoyment of life, and lost income, for which they are entitled to redress from Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for Judgment as follows:

- A. For general damages, including but not limited to the loss of love, affection, companionship and guidance resulting from the death of Dalvin Hollins, pain, grief, sorrow, anguish, stress, shock and mental suffering already experienced and reasonably probable to be experienced in the future, and economic losses and loss of income, hedonic damages, and Dalvin Hollins' pre-death pain and suffering;
- B. For special damages, including but not limited to the expenses of burial and funeral;

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- C. For taxable costs and pre- and post-judgment interest to the extent
 - D. Such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Count Two: 42 U.S.C. §1983

- 28. The foregoing paragraphs are incorporated as though each were set forth
- 29. The Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution prohibits a state actor from using unreasonable force. Defendant Ouimette, acting under color of law, violated the Fourth Amendment when he used excessive and deadly force against Dalvin Hollins.
- 30. Defendants Tempe City and Chief Sylvia Moir, contributed and/or caused the death of Dalvin Hollins through their own acts and omissions, and through their unconstitutional policies, practices, custom, and procedures, including but not limited to:
- (a) Their policy or practice (or failure to train or supervise) with respect to the use of firearms in a pursuit situation, where there were no hostages and the suspect was not known to be armed with any type of gun;
- (b) Their policy or practice (or failure to train and supervise) with respect to the proper use of force in a foot pursuit situation, where there were no hostages and the suspect was not known to be armed with any type of weapon.
- (c) Their policy or practice of tolerating, authorizing, condoning, and approving Defendant Ouimette's use of excessive force and his lack of truthfulness.
 - (d) Their policy or practice assuring whether this officer was fit for duty.
- (e) Their deliberate indifference to the obvious risk that Defendant Ouimette would violate civilians' rights.
- 30. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach of Dalvin's constitutional rights as described herein, Dalvin was killed.

1	31. As a direct and proximate cause of Dalvin Hollins' death, Plaintiffs
2	and all statutory beneficiaries of Dalvin Hollins sustained damages, including pain
3	and suffering, grief, loss of love and affection, loss of enjoyment of life, and lost
4	income, for which they are entitled to redress from Defendants.
5	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
6	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:
7	A. For general damages, including but not limited to the loss of love,
8	affection, companionship and guidance resulting from the death of Dalvin Hollins, pain,
9	grief, sorrow, anguish, stress, shock and mental suffering already experienced and
10	reasonably probable to be experienced in the future, and economic losses and loss of
11	income, hedonic damages, and Dalvin Hollins' pre-death pain and suffering;
12	B. For special damages, including but not limited to the expenses of
13	burial and funeral;
14	C. For taxable costs and pre- and post-judgment interest to the extent
15 16	permitted by law;
17	D. For exemplary damages to the extent permitted by law;
18	E. For attorney's fees and expenses pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1988; and
19	F. Such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.
20	DATED this / ? of July, 2017.
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22	McCAIN & BURSH, PLC
23	Dry /a/ Daring O. Dynah
24	By: <u>/s/ Darius O. Bursh</u> Darius Bursh, Esq.
25	7420 E. Pinnacle Peak Rd., #124 Scottsdale, AZ 85255
26	Attorneys for Plaintiff Calvin Hollins
27	
28	

Bighorn Law, LLC

Rv.

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