CAUSE NO. DC-17-04087

TOMI LAHREN, § IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF

Plaintiff

§ 8

§

v. § DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

§ § §

GLENN BECK and THEBLAZE, INC., §

§

Defendants. § 68th JUDICIAL DISTRICT

<u>DEFENDANTS' ORIGINAL COUNTERCLAIM</u> <u>AND APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER</u> AND TEMPORARY INJUNCTION

Glenn Beck ("Beck") and TheBlaze, Inc. ("TheBlaze", and, together with Beck, "Defendants"), by and through counsel, hereby file this Original Counterclaim and Application for a Temporary Restraining Order and Temporary Injunction, and in support hereof, respectfully state as follows:

I. THEBLAZE'S VIEW

Plaintiff and Counter-Defendant Tomi Lahren ("Lahren") attempts to paint a picture for the Court where her employment with TheBlaze has been terminated and she has been locked out of her social media accounts by TheBlaze. In reality, her employment agreement with TheBlaze remains in full force and effect, she continues to be employed (and paid) by TheBlaze, and she has access to her social media accounts, as well as a Facebook page TheBlaze created and maintains.

In addition, Lahren attempts to portray her appearance on *The View* as the reason her relationship with TheBlaze is on the rocks. In reality, TheBlaze has had employment issues with Lahren for well over a year. That is the reason why TheBlaze decided that it would not extend

Lahren's employment agreement beyond its expiration in September 2017 even before her appearance on *The View*.

With respect to her appearance on *The View*, it is undeniable that the opinions Lahren expressed reflected a drastic departure from views she had previously expressed. Lahren went from calling those who are pro-choice "straight-up baby killers" (as late as December 2016)¹ to stating that she would be a hypocrite, as a conservative believer in small government, to not be pro-choice. Not surprisingly, the whiplash effect was profound.

When TheBlaze informed Lahren that her show was suspended for one week, it also advised her that it would continue to honor her contract (as it has and continues) and would invoke its rights to "pay or play" (i.e., to pay Lahren but not broadcast her show). Lahren responded by suing TheBlaze, and in the process, has committed additional breaches of her employment agreement. TheBlaze is now forced to respond and requests the Court hold that the employment agreement remains in force and enter the requested relief to require Lahren to abide by its terms.

II. SUMMARY OF KEY FACTS

- 1. Plaintiff and Counter-Defendant Tomi Lahren ("Lahren") filed this case asserting that she was fired from TheBlaze and has been blocked from her "social media" accounts in retaliation for statements she made on national television. Her claims are baseless.
- 2. Long before her appearance on *The View*, Lahren quickly made herself into one of the most divisive people in media both to the general public and within TheBlaze organization.

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¹ Kimberly Ross, *FLIP FLOP: Three Months Ago Tomi Lahren Said Abortion Is Murder*, RedState (Mar. 18, 2017), http://www.redstate.com/kimberly_ross/2017/03/18/three-months-lahren-abortion-murder/.

² This concept is expressly reflected and agreed upon in the employment agreement and is common throughout the industry.

Lahren engaged in conduct that raised serious concerns regarding her continued affiliation with TheBlaze, including the following:

- Lahren's treatment of the floor crew was inappropriate and unprofessional, constantly complaining about everything including but not limited to lighting, room temperature, editing, shooting, directing, etc.
- Lahren's word choices on air had to be addressed repeatedly for bordering on the profane.
- Lahren would not work with one of two full time make-up artists, which resulted in a report to TheBlaze's human resources department.
- Lahren has been overheard by many employees complaining about TheBlaze, stating that she will sue TheBlaze and that she could own TheBlaze when she is done.
- Lahren was divisive and created conflicts with other media personalities at TheBlaze.³
- Lahren turned down a number of advertisers on TheBlaze for unexplained reasons, limiting any chance for TheBlaze to recoup its investment into her and her show.
- Lahren publicly commented on and disclosed the dollar value of her wardrobe allowance without TheBlaze's prior approval, in violation of her employment agreement.
- Lahren embarrassed the company and many of its staff and other personalities because her statements were uninformed and inconsistent.
- 3. Her comments on *The View* (which demonstrated a apparent flip-flop from opinions she had previously expressed) were simply the latest in a series of events that led TheBlaze management to conclude that TheBlaze did not intend to extend her contract beyond the end of its term in September 2017.

³ See, e.g., Matt Walsh, *Pro-Lifers Aren't the Ones Being Hypocrites, Tomi*, TheBlaze (Mar. 20, 2017), http://www.theblaze.com/contributions/pro-lifers-arent-the-ones-being-hypocrites-tomi/.

4. Upon learning of that fact, Lahren surreptitiously filed suit against TheBlaze,

asserting that she had been fired for appearing on The View. Her Petition is riddled with false

statements:

a. TheBlaze never terminated Lahren. Rather, TheBlaze relied on the

industry standard "pay or play" provision in her contract that gave TheBlaze the ability to

not broadcast her show.

b. Lahren claims that TheBlaze terminated her email account. This is false.

Lahren continues to have access to her email provided she resets her password (like all

other employees) in accordance with TheBlaze's information technology policies.

c. TheBlaze never had access to Lahren's personal social media accounts and

has taken no action to block her from using them—as can be demonstrated by her

continuous Twitter stream and Instagram posts.

d. TheBlaze is the owner and administrator of the Facebook page where

content created and owned by TheBlaze was posted. TheBlaze created and maintained

that page for Lahren's use, and though Lahren claimed that her access was blocked, this

too is false. TheBlaze has NEVER removed Lahren's access to the Facebook page and

the only restriction of her use of it would be to abide by her contract and her

nondisclosure agreement.

5. Given those facts, it is apparent that Lahren brought this case an attempt to

strong-arm TheBlaze, in the press and in court, into agreeing to terminate Lahren's employment

agreement with TheBlaze before the date through which she freely agreed to be exclusive to

TheBlaze. TheBlaze, however, has abided by its contractual obligations and, in fact, is now

forced for bring these Counterclaims against Lahren to force her to do the same

III. PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

- 6. Counter-Plaintiff TheBlaze, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Irving, Texas.
- 7. Counter-Defendant Tomi Lahren is a Texas resident. Lahren has already appeared in this action.
- 8. This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction over this matter because the amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.
- 9. Venue is proper in this Court because TheBlaze is asserting compulsory counterclaims related to the underlying action.

IV. BACKGROUND

A. TheBlaze and Beck.

- 10. TheBlaze is an innovative digital network that delivers provocative news and entertainment to impassioned people who want to impact change. TheBlaze reaches millions of people each month through internet-based streaming services, and cable and satellite networks.
- 11. Beck is a prominent television and radio personality, author, and entrepreneur, among other things. Beck is the largest shareholder in TheBlaze.

B. Lahren's Employment Agreement with TheBlaze.

- 12. TheBlaze and Lahren entered into an Employment Agreement dated as of September 9, 2015 (the "Employment Agreement"). The term of the Employment Agreement began on September 1, 2015, and remains in effect through September 30, 2017. Empl. Agreement ¶ 3.
- 13. Under the Employment Agreement, Lahren agreed to "carry out the duties reasonably assigned to [her] by [TheBlaze] management consistent with employees of [her]

level." Empl. Agreement ¶ 3. Among other things, the duties that Lahren agreed to carry out include the following:

- a. Creating and hosting 230 one-hour episodes of a television program each year for broadcast on TheBlaze TV. Empl. Agreement ¶ 3.
- b. Contributing regular digital video commentaries to TheBlaze.com. Empl.
 Agreement ¶ 3.
- c. Otherwise contributing to TheBlaze.com in the form of video commentaries as well as written commentaries. Empl. Agreement ¶ 3.
- 14. Importantly, the foregoing duties are contained in a paragraph of the Employment Agreement entitled "Services" and reflect the services Lahren is obligated to perform.
- 15. The Employment Agreement also imposed other obligations on Lahren, including the following obligations:
 - a. *Exclusivity*. Lahren agreed that she would work only for TheBlaze and not provide services to any directly competing digital or television outlets for the Employment Agreement's term. Empl. Agreement \P 7(a).
 - b. Limitation on Public Appearances and Statements. Lahren agreed that, during the Employment Agreement's term, she would not make "any public appearances or issue any public statements or press releases relating to [Lahren], [Lahren's] employment by [TheBlaze], [TheBlaze], [TheBlaze's] officers and employees, [and] [TheBlaze's] business affiliates" without the prior approval of TheBlaze. Empl. Agreement ¶ 7(b).
- 16. In addition, Lahren entered into a Confidentiality, Non-Disclosure, and Assignment of Inventions Agreement (the "NDA"), incorporated by reference into and attached

to the Employment Agreement. Empl. Agreement ¶ 14 ("Employee agrees to comply with the

terms set forth in the Non- Disclosure [sic] Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit A and

incorporated herein by this reference."). Under the NDA, Lahren agreed that she would "not,

directly or indirectly, at any time during or after the end of [Lahren's] employment for whatever

reason" (a) "bring any publicity to any aspect of the business of [TheBlaze]" or (b) "[d]isparage,

criticize, ridicule or make any negative comments about [TheBlaze], Beck or any of his

employees or family members, or anyone else known by [Lahren] to be a friend or other

associate of Beck." NDA \P 6(b)–(c).

17. In exchange for Lahren's undertaking her obligations in the Employment

Agreement, TheBlaze agreed to pay Lahren a salary and certain other benefits. Empl.

Agreement ¶ 5. TheBlaze also agreed that it could "suspend or terminate ... [Lahren's]

employment and end" the Employment Agreement under certain specified conditions. Empl.

Agreement ¶ 11 (emphasis added).⁴

18. Importantly, TheBlaze did *not* promise or agree that it would air or otherwise use

any of the material Lahren created. To the contrary, the Employment Agreement explicitly states

that TheBlaze is not obligated to broadcast any material, and that all of TheBlaze's obligations

under the Employment Agreement shall be deemed discharged by the payment of the monetary

compensation TheBlaze was obligated to pay under the agreement:

[N]othing in this Agreement shall be deem to obligate [TheBlaze] or [TheBlaze's] business affiliates to use or broadcast or otherwise use any or all programs or materials provided by [Lahren] or in which [Lahren] appears, and TheBlaze shall

have fully discharged its obligations hereunder by paying the applicable monetary

compensation specified in Paragraph 5 of this Agreement.

Empl. Agreement ¶ 10(c) (emphasis added).

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⁴ TheBlaze never invoked this provision and never suspended or terminated Lahren's

employment.

C. Lahren's Employment History at TheBlaze.

19. Lahren started working at TheBlaze in September 2015.

20. From approximately September 2015 through January 2016, Lahren prepared an

online show for TheBlaze and contributed a regular digital video commentary titled "Final

Thoughts with Tomi Lahren."

21. From the beginning of her employment, TheBlaze worked with Lahren to refine

and promote her social media presence and, by extension, viewership of the material Lahren

created for TheBlaze. When Lahren joined the company, she had preexisting, personal accounts

on Twitter and Instagram, among other platforms. TheBlaze has never sought to have, nor has it

had, control over or access to those accounts.

22. Because Lahren did not have a Facebook page, TheBlaze created a page for

Lahren using its Facebook Business Manager account, as it was permitted to do under the

Employment Agreement. See Empl. Agreement ¶ 8. A screenshot of the Facebook page as it

appeared to the public as of the date hereof is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

23. Although TheBlaze owned and continues to own the Facebook page, TheBlaze

granted Lahren the rights to contribute to and edit the Facebook page. Many other employees of

TheBlaze also have the rights to contribute to and edit the Facebook page. At all times,

TheBlaze retained ownership of and ultimate administrative rights over the Facebook page.

Screenshots showing TheBlaze's ownership of and administrative control over the Facebook

page, as well as the listing of TheBlaze employees with the rights to contribute to and edit the

page (including Lahren), as of the date hereof are attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

24. TheBlaze owns all of the underlying intellectual property and content created and

posted to the Facebook page, which was created, marketed, and posted using TheBlaze staff,

equipment, and property (at significant expense). See Ex. A.

25. Beginning in February 2016, TheBlaze launched Lahren's self-titled one-hour

program, Tomi. Lahren served as the host of Tomi. TheBlaze broadcasted Tomi five days per

week on its internet and broadcast television network.

26. From the start, Lahren attracted both internal and external attention at TheBlaze—

not all of it positive. Lahren's firebrand persona extended to her interpersonal relationships with

other employees of TheBlaze, including lower-level support staff. And Lahren's incendiary,

emotion-driven approach to content creation often turned off Lahren's colleagues, advertisers,

and viewers.

27. Lahren often acted brashly when interacting with TheBlaze staff. In addition,

several advertisers reported that Lahren was difficult to work with and that their advertisements

performed poorly on her show, which resulted in lower than expected advertising support for

Lahren.

28. In addition, in an interview with *The Ringer* published in October 2016, Lahren

disclosed the amount of her wardrobe budget.⁵ Lahren did not have TheBlaze's permission to

make this disclosure, and the public disclosure violated paragraph 7(b) of the Employment

Agreement. Lahren's disclosure led to numerous complaints to TheBlaze's management.

Although TheBlaze's management determined not to seek legal recourse for Lahren's breach on

this occasion, members of TheBlaze's management team admonished Lahren to honor her

contractual obligations going forward.

D. Lahren's Appearance on *The View*.

29. On March 17, 2017, Lahren appeared on the television program *The View*.

During her appearance, Lahren made a statement that not only diverged dramatically from her

⁵ See Kyle Chaka, Tomi Lahren Has Some Thoughts, The Ringer (Oct. 12, 2016,

https://theringer.com/tomi-lahren-profile-499f9e1930f9.

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previous public positions but also effectively called many of TheBlaze's employees, viewers,

and readers hypocrites. Specifically, Lahren stated as follows:

I am a constitutional, y'know, someone that loves the Constitution. I'm someone that's for limited government. So I can't sit here and be a hypocrite and say I'm for limited government but I think the government should decide what women do with their bodies. I can sit here and say that, as a Republican, and I can say, you know what, I'm for limited government, so stay out of my guns, and you can stay out of my body as well.⁶

30. It is no secret that a substantial portion of TheBlaze's viewership and readership

consists of politically conservative people, the majority of whom are pro-life and also believe in

limited government.

31. Lahren's statements were offensive to many of TheBlaze's supporters and

followers because they imply that only a hypocrite would believe in the Constitution or

conservative values but not be pro-choice. Because Lahren is closely associated with TheBlaze,

her statements also reflected negatively on TheBlaze's reputation.

32. TheBlaze supports its employees' expression of their opinions and did not take

issue with Lahren's comments simply because they expressed a pro-choice viewpoint. Her

comments were shocking and disappointing because they demonstrated Lahren was uninformed

and unprepared to speak on those issues. In addition, her comments were inconsistent with

positions she had previously expressed.⁷

33. Due to the long-standing issues with Lahren's conduct, following her appearance

on The View, on March 20, 2017, TheBlaze's management met with Lahren and advised her that

⁶ Ruth Graham, Tomi Lahren Has Lost Pro-Life Conservatives. But at Least She Has the Alt-Right!, Slate (Mar. 21, 2017), http://www.slate.com/blogs/xx_factor/2017/03/21/

 $tomi_lahren_reveals_she_s_pro_choice_enjoys_alt_right_support.html.$

⁷ See, e.g., Nicole Russell, *Tomi Lahren's Incoherent Abortion Flip-Flop Smells of Opportunism*, The Federalist (Mar. 20, 2017), http://thefederalist.com/2017/03/20/tomi-lahrens-incoherent-abortion-flip-flop-smells-opportunism/.

TheBlaze was suspending production of *Tomi* for the week of March 20. TheBlaze's management asked Lahren to keep their discussion confidential, as required by the Employment Agreement.

34. On March 23, 2017, TheBlaze's management advised Lahren that it was suspending production of *Tomi* indefinitely. TheBlaze, contractually, was obligated to inform Lahren by April 1, 2017 of whether it intended to extend the Employment Agreement beyond its expiration in September 2017. TheBlaze decided to tell her at the same time that TheBlaze had no interest in extending the Employment Agreement.

Agreement, it did not suspend or terminate Lahren or the Employment Agreement. The Blaze continues to pay Lahren her salary and all benefits, as it is required to do under the Employment Agreement. Screenshots from The Blaze's employee tracking and payroll processing system reflecting Lahren's continued employment and receipt of payments are attached hereto as **Exhibit C**. Thus, the Employment Agreement remains in full force and effect, and The Blaze continues to honor its obligations under the Employment Agreement.

- 36. Likewise, Lahren's email account at TheBlaze remains active, and Lahren may continue to access it. A screenshot reflecting the administrator settings for Lahren's company email account is attached hereto as **Exhibit D**.
- 37. Lahren also continues to have the rights to edit the Facebook page TheBlaze created for her (provided that any use does not violate the Employment Agreement or NDA), as **Exhibit B** clearly reflects.

E. Lahren Breaches the Employment Agreement.

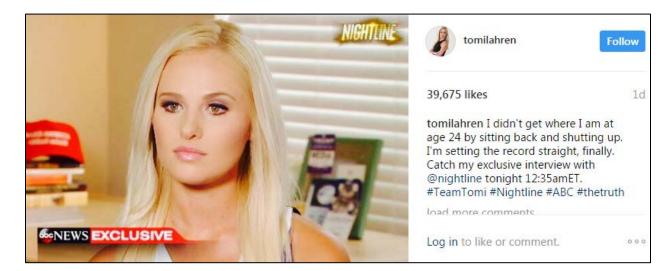
38. Lahren has repeatedly breached the Employment Agreement. Among other public statements, on April 12, 2017, Lahren sat for an interview with the television program

Nightline, during which she made numerous statements about TheBlaze, its employees, and her employment, including the false statements that she has been fired, that TheBlaze decided to fire her for expressing her pro-choice opinion, and that TheBlaze has wrongfully blocked her from accessing her personal Facebook page. All of these statements violated Lahren's obligations in the Employment Agreement. Thus, Lahren not only breached her Employment Agreement, she repeatedly misstated facts in order to increase coverage of her lawsuit.

39. Lahren has made clear that she has no intention of honoring her obligation to not make public statements relating to TheBlaze and her employment without prior approval from TheBlaze in the future. For instance, on April 7, 2017, the same date she that filed her Petition against TheBlaze and Beck, Lahren stated, via Twitter, that "[l]ay down and play dead really isn't [her] style," in an obvious reference to her Petition:



40. Likewise, on April 12, 2017, the date of her *Nightline* interview, Lahren stated, via Instagram, that she "didn't get where [she is] . . . by sitting back and shutting up":



- 41. Lahren also has made clear that she has no intention of honoring her obligation not to make public appearances without the prior approval of TheBlaze. For instance, Lahren is an announced speaker for an American Freedom Tour event on May 9, 2017,⁸ and a Young Women's Leadership Summit event on June 15–18, 2017.⁹ Lahren has neither sought nor received TheBlaze's approval for her appearances at these events.
- 42. Lahren's breach of her obligations in the Employment Agreement has injured TheBlaze by negatively impacting its reputation and goodwill among its current and prospective viewers and readers.

⁸ American Freedom Tour, *American Freedom Tour*, https://www.americanfreedomtour.com/ (last visited Apr. 13, 2017).

⁹ Young Women's Leadership Summit, Turning Point USA, https://tpusa.com/ywls/ (last visited Apr. 13, 2017).

F. Lahren Litigates in the Press.

- 43. Though Lahren's Employment Agreement has a binding arbitration clause, Lahren ignored that obligation and filed the present lawsuit in court. In the process of doing so, she shared confidential information and breached the Employment Agreement.
- 44. During negotiations to amicably end the parties' relationship, upon information or belief, Lahren or someone acting for her benefit made the following statements to the press:
 - a. *Tomi* was suspended.
 - b. Lahren was "banned permanently" from TheBlaze. 10
 - c. TheBlaze was trying to keep Lahren's Facebook page. 11
- 45. TheBlaze was informed of Lahren's lawsuit by members of the press who had already seen the complaint before it was processed through the court system. Thus, it is apparent that Lahren or someone acting on her behalf sent her Petition to members of the press before filing or providing TheBlaze with a copy in an effort to litigate her claims in the media.

V. CAUSES OF ACTION

- 46. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
 - 47. Based on the foregoing, TheBlaze asserts the following claims.

Count One: Declaratory Judgment

48. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

¹⁰ Richard Johnson, *Shake-Up Causes Drama at Glenn Beck's TheBlaze*, N.Y. Post (Mar. 26, 2017), http://pagesix.com/2017/03/26/shake-up-causes-drama-at-glenn-becks-theblaze/?_ga=1. 161500732.1287097033.1475462885.

¹¹ *Tomi Lahren: I Wanna Keep My Facebook Fans! But TheBlaze Ain't Budging*, TMZ (Mar. 29, 2017), http://www.tmz.com/2017/03/29/tomi-lahren-could-lose-facebook-followers-leaving-theblaze/

49. TheBlaze and Lahren entered into the Employment Agreement, which is a valid,

enforceable contract.

50. TheBlaze performed its obligations under the Employment Agreement.

51. TheBlaze never suspended or terminated Lahren or Lahren's employment.

Despite that fact, Lahren has publicly represented that her employment has been terminated.

52. In addition, TheBlaze created the Facebook page on which Lahren-related content

created and owned by TheBlaze was posted. TheBlaze has always served as the administrator

for the Facebook page, and TheBlaze's resources were used to create content posted on the

Facebook page.

53. TheBlaze is the rightful and lawful owner of the Facebook page. Despite that

fact, Lahren has stated that the Facebook page is hers and that she is entitled to control over it.

54. An actual and justiciable controversy exists as to whether the Employment

Agreement remains in full force and effect and whether Lahren continues to be employed by

TheBlaze.

55. In addition, an actual and justiciable controversy exists as to the ownership of the

Facebook page.

56. TheBlaze seeks a declaration from the Court that (a) the Employment Agreement

remains in full force and effect, (b) Lahren continues to be an employee of TheBlaze, and

(c) TheBlaze is the lawful owner of the Facebook page.

Count Two: Breach of Contract

57. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth

herein.

- 58. TheBlaze and Lahren entered into the Employment Agreement, which is a valid, enforceable contract.
 - 59. TheBlaze performed its obligations under the Employment Agreement.
- 60. Under the Employment Agreement, Lahren has a duty not to make public appearances or statements about, or otherwise bring publicity to, TheBlaze, its employees, or her employment without TheBlaze's prior approval. In so agreeing to that obligation, Lahren knowingly, voluntarily, and intelligently waived her First Amendment right to speak freely about these subjects.
- 61. Lahren has breached the Employment Agreement by making a public appearance and public statements about TheBlaze, its employees, and her employment, all without TheBlaze's prior approval.
- 62. On information and belief, Lahren has no intention of honoring her obligations in the Employment Agreement going forward.
- 63. Lahren has damaged and will continue to damage TheBlaze in an amount that is not presently ascertainable.
 - 64. TheBlaze is entitled to an injunction from this Court prohibiting Lahren from
 - a. making any public appearances without TheBlaze's prior approval,
 - b. issuing any public statements or press releases relating to Lahren, Lahren's employment by TheBlaze, TheBlaze, TheBlaze's officers and employees, and TheBlaze's business affiliates without TheBlaze's prior approval, and
 - c. disparaging, criticizing, ridiculing, or making any negative comments about TheBlaze, Beck, or any of its or his employees or family members, or anyone else known by Lahren to be a friend or other associate of Beck; provided, however, that

nothing in the injunction shall prevent Lahren from responding truthfully to any governmental inquiry or lawfully issued subpoena.

Count Three: Attorney's Fees and Costs

- 65. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 66. Pursuant to section 38.001(8) of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code, TheBlaze is entitled to recover the reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the prosecution of this action.

VI. APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER AND TEMPORARY INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- 67. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 68. TheBlaze hereby seeks a temporary restraining order and temporary injunctive relief prohibiting Lahren from
 - a. making any public appearances without TheBlaze's prior approval,
 - b. issuing any public statements or press releases relating to Lahren, Lahren's employment by TheBlaze, TheBlaze, TheBlaze's officers and employees, and TheBlaze's business affiliates without TheBlaze's prior approval, and
 - c. disparaging, criticizing, ridiculing, or making any negative comments about TheBlaze, Beck, or any of his or its employees or family members, or anyone else known by Lahren to be a friend or other associate of Beck; provided, however, that nothing in the injunction shall prevent Lahren from responding truthfully to any governmental inquiry or lawfully issued subpoena or from participating in this judicial proceeding.

69. "The purpose of a TRO is to preserve the status quo, which [the Supreme Court of Texas] ha[s] defined as 'the last, actual, peaceable, non-contested status which preceded the pending controversy." *In re Newton*, 146 S.W.3d 648, 651 (Tex. 2004) (quoting *Janus Films v*. *City of Fort Worth*, 358 S.W.2d 589, 589 (Tex. 1962) (per curiam)). Here, the last peaceable status before the parties' dispute arose involved Lahren fully performing her obligations under the Employment Agreement, including her obligation (a) to seek TheBlaze's prior approval before making (i) public appearances or (ii) statements about any aspect of TheBlaze's business, and (b) not to disparage, criticize, ridicule, or make any negative comments about TheBlaze or any of its employees.

70. "To obtain a temporary injunction, the applicant must plead and prove three specific elements: (1) a cause of action against the defendant; (2) a probable right to the relief sought; and (3) a probable, imminent, and irreparable injury in the interim." *Butnaru v. Ford Motor Co.*, 84 S.W.3d 198, 204 (Tex. 2002) (collecting cases).

71. Here, TheBlaze plainly satisfies the first two requirements for the issuance of injunctive relief. Breach of contract is a valid cause of action in Texas. Lahren's recent public appearance and statements clearly breach her obligations in the Employment Agreement.

72. TheBlaze also satisfies the third requirement for injunctive relief. Lahren's public statements to date have made clear that she has no intention of honoring her obligations under the Employment Agreement going forward. Further, Lahren already has scheduled future public appearances without seeking or receiving TheBlaze's approval.

73. Texas courts regularly recognize that injury to reputation and loss of goodwill, such as that suffered by TheBlaze because of Lahren's breach of the Employment Agreement, constitutes irreparable harm. *E.g.*, *Intercontinental Terminals Co.*, *LLC v. Vopak N. Am., Inc.*,

354 S.W.3d 887, 895 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 2011, no pet.) ("Threatened injury to a business's reputation and good will with customers is frequently the basis for temporary injunctive relief. While such injuries are not categorically irreparable, the irreparable injury requirement is satisfied when injuries of this nature are difficult to calculate or monetize." (collecting cases)); *Martin v. Linen Sys. for Hosps., Inc.*, 671 S.W.2d 706, 710 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, no writ) ("A dollar value cannot easily be assigned to a company's loss of clientele, goodwill, marketing techniques, office stability, etc." (citing *David v. Bache Halsey Stuart Shield, Inc.*, 630 S.W.2d 754 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1982, no writ))).

74. TheBlaze's requested temporary restraining order and temporary injunctive relief relating to Lahren's statements does not constitute a prior restraint in violation of the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution or Article I, Section 8 of the Texas Constitution. By signing the Employment Agreement, Lahren knowingly, voluntarily, and intelligently waived her right to speak freely regarding TheBlaze. See, e.g., Walls v. Klein, No. 04-12-00615-CV, 2013 WL 988179, at *3 (Tex. App.—San Antonio Mar. 13, 2013, no pet.) (upholding injunction enforcing a confidentiality and nondisparagement provision because the nonmoving party waived her First Amendment rights by signing the agreement); Taylor v. DeRosa, No. 03-08-00199-CV, 2010 WL 1170228, at *3 (Tex. App.—Austin Mar. 24, 2010, no pet.) (finding no First Amendment issue because "the injunction in the present case merely serves to enforce a bargained-for provision of the parties' settlement contract—the non-disparagement clause" (collecting cases)); see also Perricone v. Perricone, 972 A.2d 666, 682 (Conn. 2009) ("[A]n agreement that restricts speech, but that does not expressly refer to first amendment rights, constitutes a valid waiver of those rights, as long as the waiver was intelligent and voluntary."); Pierce v. St. Vrain Valley Sch. Dist. RE-1J, 981 P.2d 600, 604 (Colo. 1999) (en

banc) ("Here, the parties imposed their own restrictions on their ability to speak publicly about the circumstances surrounding Dr. Pierce's resignation. Enforcement of the settlement agreement does not violate the First Amendment"). Lahren is a sophisticated party, and the Employment Agreement's language is clear. Further, Lahren specifically agreed that TheBlaze would not have employed Lahren or allowed her to begin work had she not agreed to the terms of the NDA, the terms of which are almost entirely dedicated to Lahren's obligation not to disclose information regarding or bring publicity to the company. NDA ¶ 1. Lahren also agreed that TheBlaze could seek injunctive relief if she violated the NDA. NDA ¶ 10.

- 75. Lahren's conduct also confirms her knowing, voluntary, and intelligent waiver. Before March 17, 2017, Lahren regularly sought TheBlaze's approval before making public appearances (including her appearance on *The View*) or statements relating to the company, which demonstrates her understanding that she had waived her rights to speak freely.
- 76. Accordingly, the Court should grant a temporary restraining order and temporary injunctive relief in favor of TheBlaze.

VII. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

77. All conditions precedent to the bringing of this action have been performed or waived.

VIII. REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE

78. Under Texas Rule of Civil Procedure 194, Defendants request that Lahren disclose, within 50 days of service of this request, the information or material described in Rule 194.2(a)-(*l*).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, TheBlaze prays that the Court enter judgment against Lahren for the following relief:

- a. monetary damages, including actual and consequential damages;
- b. pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- c. attorney's fees and costs;
- d. injunctive relief as sought by TheBlaze herein; and
- e. such other and further relief to which TheBlaze may show itself to be justly entitled in law or equity.

Dated: April 17, 2017 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Eliot Burriss

Eliot T. Burriss
Texas State Bar No. 24040611
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ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANTS GLENN BECK AND THEBLAZE, INC.

VERIFICATION

My name is Misty Kawecki, my date of birth is June 29, 1973, and my current address is 8736 Havant Lane, PlanoTX 75624. I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read Defendants' Original Counterclaim and the factual statements therein are true and correct. Executed in Dallas County, Texas on the 17th day of April, 2017.

Misty Kaweck

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

	I	here	by	certi	ify	that,	on	April	17,	2017	, a	true	and	correc	t copy	of of	the	foreg	oing
docui	men	ıt was	s se	rved	upo	on th	e at	torney	(s) c	of reco	rd i	n this	s mat	tter in a	ccord	ance	with	n Rule	21a
of the	e Te	xas R	Rule	s of	Civ	il Pro	oced	lure.											

/s/ Eliot Burriss	
Eliot T. Burriss	

DM_US 81245187-11.T14775.0010

Exhibit A

Screenshot of "Tomi Lahren" Facebook Page as of April 17, 2017

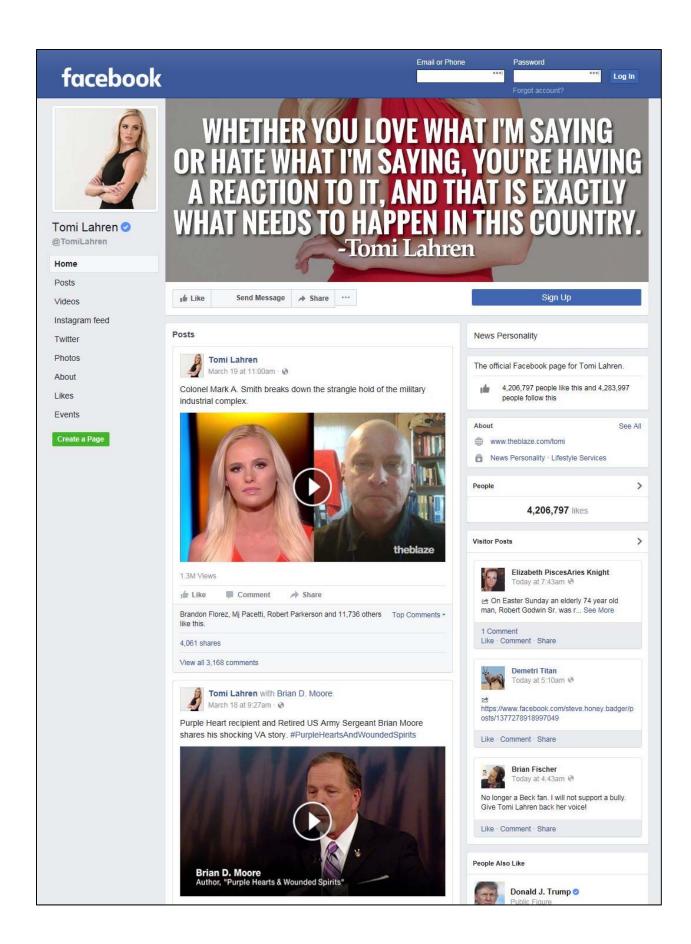
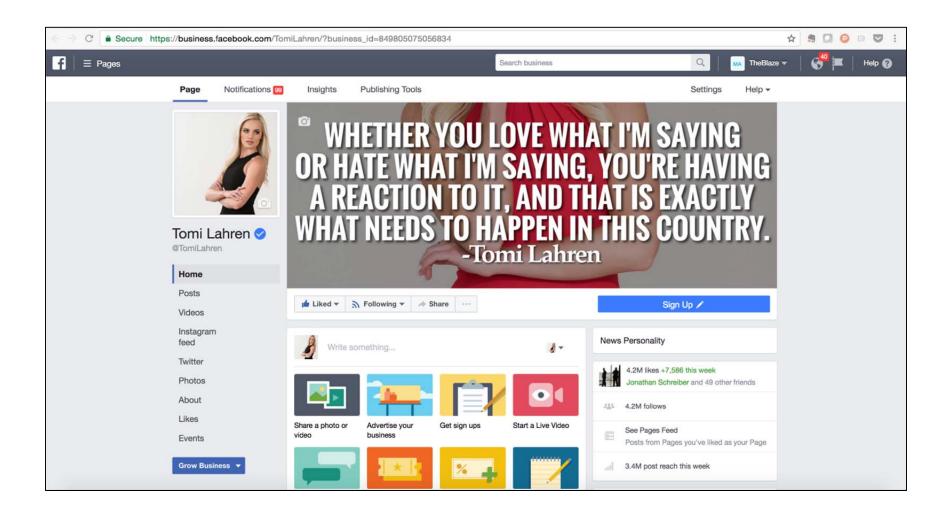
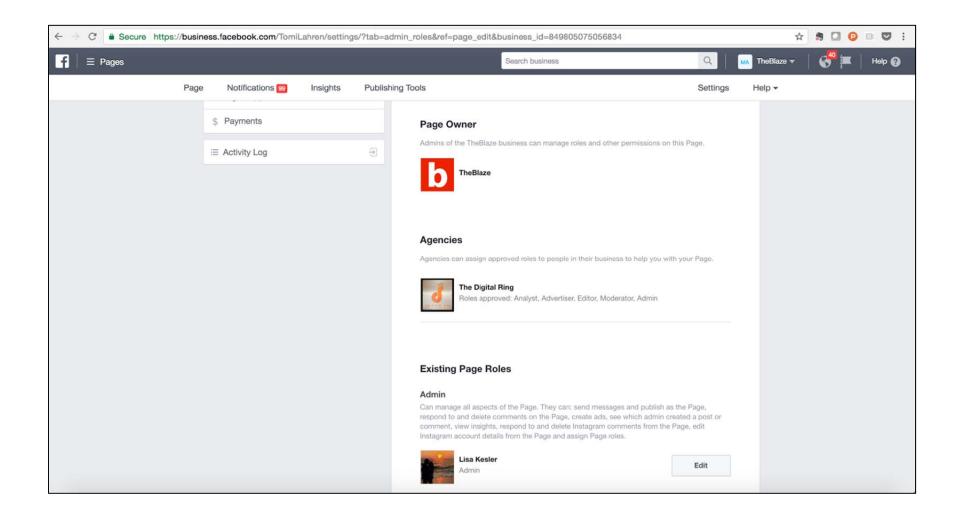
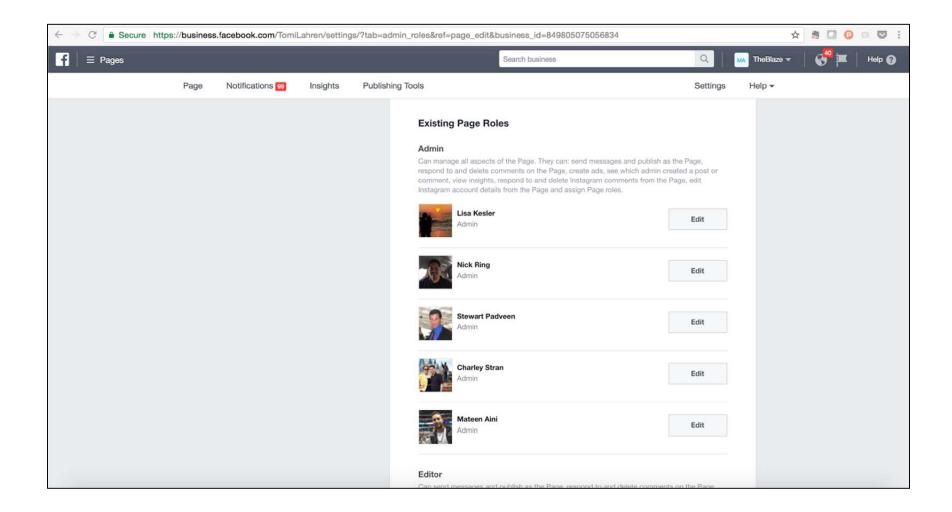


Exhibit B

Screenshots from TheBlaze's Facebook Business Manager Account Showing Ownership of and Administrator and Editor Rights to the Facebook Page as of April 17, 2017







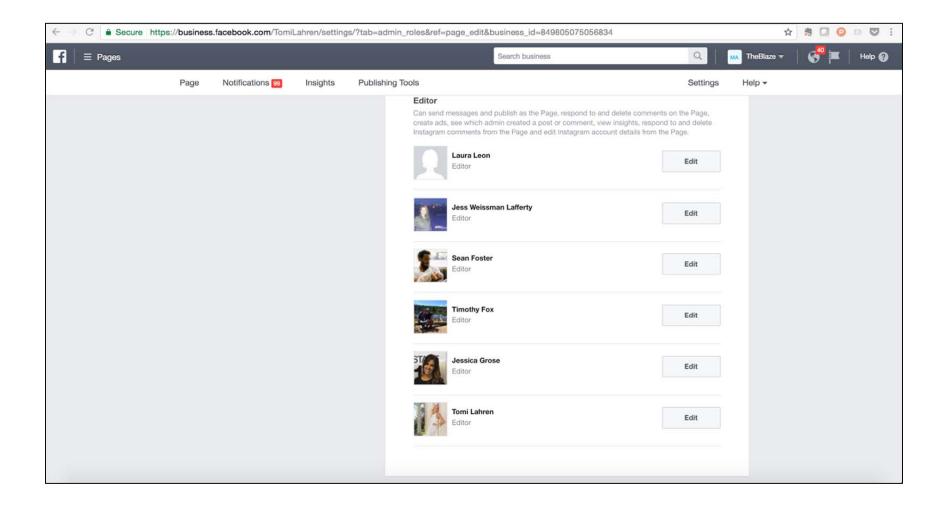
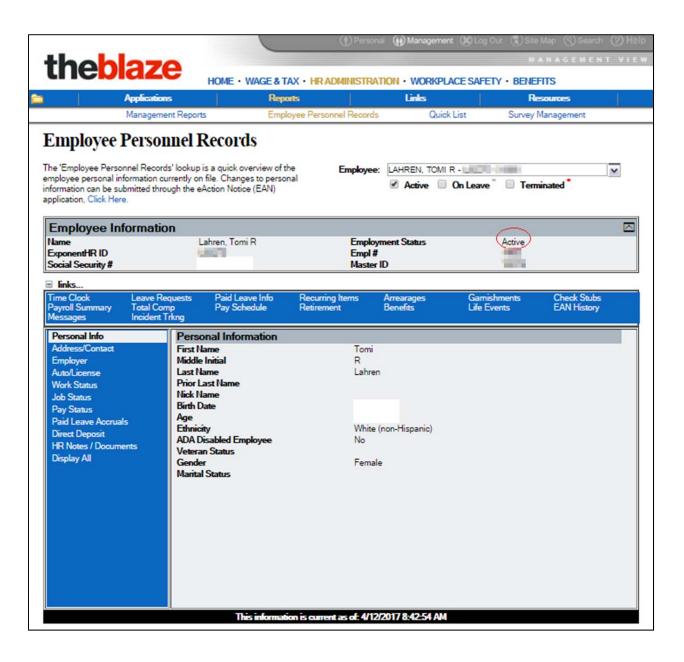


Exhibit C

Screenshots of TheBlaze's Employee and Payroll Tracking System



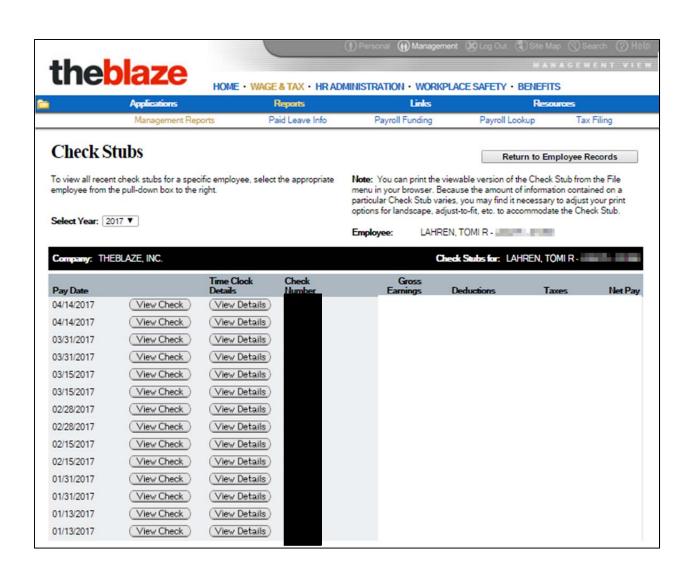


Exhibit D

Screenshot of Administrator Settings for Lahren's Company Email Account

