Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Conference Committee Amendments ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1221

Introduced by

Representatives Rick C. Becker, Johnston, Kiefert, Louser, Schreiber-Beck

Senators Luick, Robinson

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 29-29.5 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to the use of confidential informants; to amend and reenact section 12-63-04 of the
- 3 North Dakota Century Code, relating to the powers and duties of the peace officer standards
- 4 and training board; and to provide a penalty.

## 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

6 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 12-63-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is

7 amended and reenacted as follows:

## 8 **12-63-04. Board - Powers - Duties - Authority.**

9 The board shall administer, coordinate, and enforce the provisions of this chapter, evaluate 10 the gualifications of applicants, and approve the examinations for licensing under this chapter.

- 11 1. The board shall:
- a. Prescribe the criteria for certification of basic, advanced, and specialized peace
  officer training curriculum, instructors, and schools;
- b. Certify curriculum, instructors, schools, and officers that have met the training
  certification criteria;
- 16 c. Establish the curriculum for basic and advanced peace officer training; and
- 17 d. Prescribe minimum standards of sidearm training and certification for peace
  18 officers before they may carry a sidearm.
- The board shall keep records and minutes necessary to carry out its functions. The
   board may:
- a. Issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, administer oaths, and investigate
  allegations of practices violating the provisions of this chapter or rules adopted by
  the board.
- b. Examine, under oath, any applicant for licensing.

1		C.	Examine, under oath, any licensed peace officer during a hearing to suspend,
2			revoke, or to not renew a license of a peace officer.
3		d.	Adopt rules relating to the professional conduct of peace officers and to
4			implement the requirements of this chapter, including rules relating to
5			professional licensure, continuing education, and ethical standards of practice,
6			for persons holding a license to practice peace officer duties.
7	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	board shall adopt rules relating to the professional conduct of licensed peace
8		offic	cers involved in confidential informant agreements under chapter 29-29.5, and shall
9		rece	eive complaints and make determinations if an officer's conduct violated the
10		prot	ections provided in chapter 29-29.5. Annually, the board shall conduct an audit
11		<u>eva</u>	luating the effectiveness of confidential informant training requirements.
12	<u>4.</u>	<u>The</u>	board shall establish penalties and enforce violations of protections provided in
13		<u>cha</u>	pter 29-29.5. The penalties established must be formulated based on the nature,
14		sev	erity, gravity, and recurrence of violations. The board may deny, suspend, or
15		revo	oke a license or may impose probationary conditions, including remedial training.
16	SEC		N 2. Chapter 29-29.5 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as
17	follows:		
18	<u>29-2</u>	<u>9.5-0</u>	01. Definitions.
19	<u>1.</u>	<u>"Be</u>	nefit" means any of the following conferred on a confidential informant or a third
20		part	<u>:y:</u>
21		<u>a.</u>	Leniency in a criminal case or probation or parole matter, including a decision
22			whether to arrest or charge an offense or to limit the number or severity of
23			charges:
24		<u>b.</u>	Sentence reduction of any kind or amount; or
25		<u>C.</u>	A favorable sentencing or bond recommendation.
26	<u>2.</u>	<u>"Co</u>	nfidential informant" means an individual who cooperates with a law enforcement
27		<u>age</u>	ncy and:
28		<u>a.</u>	Is willing to attempt a controlled buy or controlled sale or agrees to surreptitiously
29			record a target offender; and
30		b.	Seeks or is offered a benefit.

1	<u>3.</u>	"Co	ntrolle	ed buy" means the purchase or attempted purchase of contraband, controlled
2		<u>sub</u> :	stanc	es, or other items material to a criminal investigation while under supervision
3		<u>or d</u>	irectio	on of law enforcement.
4	<u>4.</u>	"Co	ntrolle	ed sale" means the sale or attempted sale of contraband, controlled
5		<u>sub</u> :	stanc	es, or other items material to a criminal investigation while under supervision
6		<u>or d</u>	irectio	on of enforcement.
7	<u>5.</u>	<u>"Info</u>	ormar	nt agreement" means a written agreement describing the rights and
8		<u>obliq</u>	gatior	ns of a confidential informant and law enforcement agency.
9	<u>6.</u>	<u>"La</u>	<u>v enfo</u>	prcement agency" means an agency authorized by law to enforce the law and
10		to c	onduc	ct or engage in investigations or prosecutions for violations of the law.
11	<u>7.</u>	<u>"Tar</u>	get of	ffender" means an individual suspected of a violation of the law, whose
12		ider	<u>ntity is</u>	known or unknown, and who is the focus of an informant agreement.
13	<u>29-2</u>	9.5-0	)2. Lii	mitation on use of juvenile confidential informants.
14	<u>1.</u>	<u>A la</u>	w enf	orcement agency may not use a juvenile fifteen years of age or younger as a
15		<u>con</u>	fident	ial informant.
16	<u>2.</u>	<u>A ju</u>	venile	e over the age of fifteen, but under the age of eighteen, may not be used as a
17		<u>con</u>	fident	ial informant unless:
18		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	juvenile is married;
19		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	juvenile is emancipated;
20		<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	juvenile is serving in the active duty armed forces; or
21		<u>d.</u>	<u>The</u>	juvenile is subject to criminal charges; and
22			<u>(1)</u>	There are no other reasonable avenues to obtain evidence of the crime
23				being investigated and the risk of harm to the juvenile is minimal;
24			<u>(2)</u>	The juvenile's custodial parent or guardian has signed the informant
25				agreement; and
26			<u>(3)</u>	The juvenile has consulted with legal counsel.
27	<u>29-2</u>	<u>9.5-0</u>	)3. Lii	mitation on use of campus police.
28	<u>A lav</u>	<u>v enf</u>	orcen	nent officer employed under section 15-10-17 may not enter an informant
29	agreeme	ent w	ith a s	student enrolled in an institution under the control of the state board of higher
30	educatio	<u>n.</u>		

1	<u>29-</u> 2	29.5-	04. Law enforcement confidential informant training and guidelines.	
2	<u>1.</u>	After July 1, 2018, a law enforcement agency may not use a confidential informant		
3		unle	ess the law enforcement agency is trained in the use of confidential informants in a	
4		<u>trai</u>	ning course approved by the attorney general.	
5		<u>a.</u>	Training must occur at least once every three years, and must establish that the	
6			law enforcement agency has trained all personnel who are involved in the use or	
7			recruitment of confidential informants in the law enforcement agency's policies	
8			and procedures in a manner consistent with the peace officer standards and	
9			training requirements.	
10		<u>b.</u>	The law enforcement agency shall document the date and scope of all training	
11			along with all law enforcement personnel trained.	
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	e peace officers standards and training board shall adopt rules for the use of	
13		<u>con</u>	fidential informants which at a minimum:	
14		<u>a.</u>	Assign the consideration of the preservation of the safety of a confidential	
15			informant.	
16		<u>b.</u>	Execute reasonable protective measures for a confidential informant.	
17		<u>C.</u>	Establish guidelines for the training and briefing of confidential informants.	
18		<u>d.</u>	Restrict off-duty association or social relationships by law enforcement agency	
19			personnel with confidential informants.	
20		<u>e.</u>	Establish procedures to deactivate confidential informants which maintain the	
21			safety and anonymity of confidential informants.	
22		<u>f.</u>	Establish a process to evaluate and report the criminal history and propensity for	
23			violence of any target offenders.	
24		<u>g.</u>	Establish written security procedures protecting the identity of a confidential	
25			informant.	
26		<u>h.</u>	Establish written procedures relating to the use of a paid confidential informant.	
27	<u>29-</u> 2	29.5-	05. Written agreement required.	
28	Except for court proceedings, a law enforcement agency may use a confidential informant			
29	<u>only wit</u>	only with a written agreement executed by the confidential informant and the law enforcement		
30	agency. An agreement for use of a confidential informant must be in writing, and include:			

1	<u>1.</u>	The confidential informant's right to remain silent, the right to speak with legal counsel	
2		at any time, and the right to cease working as a confidential informant;	
3	<u>2.</u>	A statement of the benefit, which will be recommended upon substantial compliance	
4		with the informant agreement;	
5	<u>3.</u>	A statement that an absolute guarantee or promise may not be made to the	
6		confidential informant other than law enforcement will truthfully report cooperation;	
7	<u>4.</u>	A statement of the inherent risk associated with acting as a confidential informant:	
8	<u>5.</u>	Confidential informant responsibilities, including testifying truthfully if called as a	
9		witness in a court proceeding:	
10	<u>6.</u>	A written waiver of right to counsel which must be executed separately and attached to	
11		the informant agreement, signed by the confidential informant and a law enforcement	
12		officer, and include language stating that consulting legal counsel at any time will not	
13		invalidate the agreement;	
14	<u>7.</u>	The parameters of the agreement, detailing the anticipated number of buys, sales,	
15		acts, or the duration of service;	
16	<u>8.</u>	A description of any penalty for violating the terms of the written agreement, including	
17		any additional criminal charges;	
18	<u>9.</u>	A warning that sexual relations with an intended target of a police investigation is a	
19		violation of the agreement and may be a violation of the law;	
20	<u>10.</u>	A statement that money or property loaned or entrusted to the confidential informant	
21		by law enforcement may not be used for personal use and must be accounted for at all	
22		times; and	
23	<u>11.</u>	Specification of any known crimes of violence committed by a target offender.	
24	<u>29-2</u>	9.5-06. Death of a confidential informant.	
25	<u>Upo</u>	n the death of a confidential informant, the supervising law enforcement agency shall	
26	withdraw from the investigation of the death of its confidential informant. The supervising law		
27	enforcement agency promptly shall notify the attorney general of its withdrawal from the		
28	investigation, and the attorney general shall authorize an independent law enforcement agency		
29	investigation.		

1	<u>29-</u> 2	29.5-07. Reporting violations of this chapter.
2	<u>1.</u>	An individual may report a suspected violation of this chapter to the appropriate law
3		enforcement agency administration. The law enforcement agency shall investigate any
4		reported violation within twenty days from receiving the complaint and, within forty-five
5		days from receiving the complaint, make a written determination on whether a violation
6		occurred. Upon completion, the law enforcement agency shall forward the written
7		report to the individual who filed the initial complaint and to the peace officer standards
8		and training board for review. An individual who filed a report for a suspected violation
9		may seek additional remedies from the peace officer standards and training board.
10	<u>2.</u>	A licensed peace officer or a prosecutor who reasonably believes a law enforcement
11		officer or a law enforcement agency has violated this chapter shall file a written report
12		with the peace officer standards and training board.
13	<u>29-</u> 2	29.5-08. Disposition of cases involving confidential informants.
14	<u>1.</u>	An informant agreement may be presented to the court at the time of sentencing. A
15		court shall give consideration at sentencing to a confidential informant who has
16		substantially complied with an informant agreement.
17	<u>2.</u>	After consideration of an informant agreement, notwithstanding section 19-03.1-23.2,
18		a court may defer imposition of sentence or suspend a portion of a minimum
19		mandatory sentence when a confidential informant has substantially complied with an
20		informant agreement.
21	<u>3.</u>	If necessary to protect a confidential informant or the integrity of an ongoing
22		investigation, a court may direct submission of sentencing memoranda in writing under
23		seal when sentencing or deferring imposition of sentence of a confidential informant.
24	<u>4.</u>	If necessary to protect a confidential informant or the integrity of an investigation, a
25		court may dispense with reporting departure from a mandatory sentence under
26		subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-03.
27	<u>5.</u>	This section does not prohibit disposition of cases by deferral of prosecution with or
28		without court approval.